

SUMMIT SECURITIES LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT 2024-25

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

MR. RAMESH CHANDAK	Chairman, Non-Executive, Independent Director
MR. ABHAY VASANT NERURKAR	Non-Executive, Independent Director
MR. HARI NARAIN SINGH RAJPOOT	Non-Executive Director
MR. MANISH JAIN	Non-Executive Director
MR. ROHIN FEROZE BOMANJI	Non-Executive, Independent Director
MS. SHWETA RATNAKAR MUSALE	Non-Executive, Independent Director
MR. SUNIL KAMALAKAR TAMHANE	Non-Executive, Independent Director

COMPANY SECRETARY AND COMPLIANCE OFFICER:

MS. JIYA GANGWANI

REGISTERED OFFICE:

213, Bezzola Complex,
B Wing, 71, Sion-Trombay Road,
Chembur, Mumbai 400 071.
Phone: +91- 22 - 46098668 / 69
CIN: L65921MH1997PLC194571
E-mail: investors@summitsecurities.net;
compliance@summitsecurities.net
Website: www.summitsecurities.net

AUDITORS:

M/s D M K H & Co
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

REGISTRAR AND SHARE TRANSFER AGENTS:

MUFG Intime India Private Limited
(formerly Link Intime India Private Limited)
C-101, 1st Floor, 247 Park,
Lal Bahadur Shastri Marg, Vikhroli West,
Mumbai 400 083.
Phone: +91 - 8108118484
Fax: +91- 22 - 49186060
E-mail: csg-unit@in.mpms.mufg.com

BANKERS:

HDFC BANK LIMITED
ICICI BANK LIMITED
KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK LIMITED

CONTENTS:	PAGE NO.
Notice	3
Board's Report and Management Discussion and Analysis Report	13
Corporate Governance Report.....	31
Auditors' Report on the Financial Statements	51
Balance Sheet	60
Statement of Profit and Loss	61
Statement of Changes in Equity	62
Cash Flow Statement	63
Notes to Financial Statements	64
Auditors' Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements	103
Consolidated Balance Sheet	110
Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss	111
Statement of Consolidated Changes in Equity ...	112
Consolidated Cash Flow Statement	113
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	114
Form AOC-1	151

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Twenty-Eighth Annual General Meeting of the members of Summit Securities Limited will be held on **Thursday, August 07, 2025** at **11.30 a.m.** Indian Standard Time (I.S.T.) through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM"), to transact the following business. The venue of the meeting shall be deemed to be the Registered Office of the Company at 213, Bezzola Complex, B Wing, 71, Sion-Trombay Road, Chembur, Mumbai 400 071:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements (including audited consolidated financial statements) of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, together with the Reports of the Auditors and the Board of Directors thereon.
2. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Manish Jain, Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director (DIN: 05307900), who retires by rotation in terms of Section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and being eligible, has offered himself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

3. To consider and if deemed fit, to pass the following as **Ordinary Resolution:**

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the Rules made thereunder and Regulation 24A and other relevant provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('the Listing Regulations') as amended from time to time, upon recommendation of the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors, M/s. Parikh Parekh & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries (Firm Registration No. P1987MH010000) be and are hereby appointed as Secretarial Auditors to conduct the Secretarial Audit for a term of five consecutive financial years commencing from the financial year 2025-2026 until financial year 2029-2030.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT M/s. Parikh Parekh & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries (Firm Registration No. P1987MH010000) be paid a remuneration of Rs. 1,00,000/- (Rupees One lakh only) per annum plus applicable taxes towards secretarial audit for FY 2025-26 and thereafter at a remuneration as may be mutually agreed, annually between the Board of Directors and the Secretarial Auditors with power to Board to alter and vary the terms and conditions of appointments, etc as per statutory requirements in such manner and to such extent as mutually agreed with the Secretarial auditors.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT any of the Director or Manager or Chief Financial Officer or Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby severally authorised to take all such actions and to do

all such acts, deeds, matters, and things as may be deemed necessary, proper, desirable, and expedient for giving effect to this Resolution."

NOTES:

1. In accordance with the Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 14, 2020 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs followed by Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, Circular No. 02/2021 dated January 13, 2021, Circular No. 21/2021 dated December 14, 2021, Circular No. 2/2022 dated May 05, 2022, Circular No. 10/2022 dated December 28, 2022, Circular No. 09/2023 dated September 25, 2023 and Circular No. 09/2024 dated September 19, 2024 (collectively referred to as 'MCA Circulars') and Circulars dated May 12, 2020, January 15, 2021, May 13, 2022, January 05, 2023, October 07, 2023 and October 03, 2024 issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') and in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'), Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('Listing Regulations'), the Twenty-Eighth Annual General Meeting of the members of the Company ('AGM') is being held through Video Conferencing (VC)/Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM), without the physical presence of the members at a common venue. National Securities and Depository Limited (NSDL) shall be providing facility for voting through remote e-voting, for participation in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and e-voting during the AGM. The procedure for participating in the meeting through VC/OAVM is annexed herewith and is also available at the Company's website at www.summitsecurities.net.
2. In accordance with the Secretarial Standard-2 on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India ('ICSI') alongwith the amendments in SS-2 applicable from April 1, 2024 read with Clarification/Guidance on applicability of Secretarial Standards 1 and 2 dated April 15, 2020 issued by the ICSI, the proceedings of the AGM shall be deemed to be conducted at the Registered Office of the Company located at 213, Bezzola Complex, B Wing, 71, Sion-Trombay Road, Chembur, Mumbai – 400071.
3. The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Act, SS-2 and the Listing Regulations setting out material facts concerning the business under Item No. 3 of the Notice, is annexed hereto.
4. Brief details of the Directors who are seeking reappointment, pursuant to Regulations 36(3) of the Listing Regulations and Clause 1.2.5 of SS-2 issued by ICSI is annexed hereto
5. Since AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA circulars through VC/OAVM, physical attendance

of members has been dispensed with, Attendance of the members through VC/OAVM facility only will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act. Further, As per SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Third Amendment) Regulations, 2024 which came into effect from 13th December, 2024, the requirement to send proxy forms is not applicable to general meetings held only through electronic mode. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the members will not be available for this AGM and hence the proxy form, attendance slip and route map of AGM are not annexed to this notice.

6. In case of joint holders, the member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote.

7. Consolidation of Folios:

Members holding shares in the same name or in the same order of names, under different folios, are requested to notify the relevant details of their said holdings to MUFG Intime India Private Limited (Formerly known as Link Intime India Private Limited) at C-101, 1st Floor, 247 Park, Lal Bahadur Shastri Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - 400083 for consolidation of their shareholdings into a single folio.

8. Change in address/ email address/contact numbers etc.:

Members are requested to notify immediately any change in their address:

- a) If the shares are held in physical form to:

(i) The Company at its Registered Office at:
Summit Securities Limited
213, Bezzola Complex, B Wing,
71, Sion-Trombay Road,
Chembur, Mumbai - 400 071
E-mail: investors@summitsecurities.net

OR

(ii) The Registrar and Share Transfer Agents ("RTA") of the Company at the following address:
MUFG Intime India Private Limited
(Formerly Link Intime India Private Limited)
C-101, 1st Floor, 247 Park,
Lal Bahadur Shastri Marg, Vikhroli (West),
Mumbai - 400083
E-mail: csg-unit@in.mpms.mufg.com
Link for Investor queries:
https://web.in.mpms.mufg.com/helpdesk/Service_Request.html

- b) If the shares are held in demat form: to the respective Depository Participant(s) ('DP').

9. (i) SEBI has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in the securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are therefore

requested to submit their valid PAN to their DP with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN details to the Company's RTA.

- (ii) SEBI vide its Master Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/POD-1/P/CIR/2024/37 dated May 07, 2024 has mandated all listed Companies to record/update the KYC details i.e. PAN, Nomination and Bank Account details of the first holder for shares held in physical mode before processing any identified service requests. The Company has periodically sent letters to all the shareholders holding shares in physical mode whose details are yet to be updated, seeking the requisite information.

10. The Members may further note that through SEBI Notification dated January 24, 2022, read with SEBI Circular dated January 25, 2022, the listed companies are required to issue the securities in dematerialized form only while processing the requests for Issue of duplicate securities certificate, Claim from Unclaimed Suspense Account, Renewal / Exchange of securities certificate, Endorsement, Sub-division / Splitting of securities certificate, Consolidation of securities certificate/ folios, Transmission, Transposition. Also, in view of Regulation 40 of the Listing Regulations, as amended with effect from April 25, 2022, securities of listed companies can now be transferred only in the demat mode. Members holding shares in physical form are therefore requested to convert their holdings into the demat mode to avoid loss of shares or fraudulent transactions and avail better investor servicing.

11. The Company after compliance with the due procedure laid down under Clause 5A of the erstwhile Listing Agreement entered into with the Stock Exchanges, now Regulation 39 of the Listing Regulations, had transferred the shares covered under the share certificates, which remained unclaimed by members, to a "Suspense Demat Account" opened with Keynote Capitals Limited, DP. Members who wish to claim their equity shares are therefore, requested to write to the Company or to the Registrar and Share Transfer Agents., viz., MUFG Intime India Private Limited (Formerly Link Intime India Private Limited) alongwith requisite documentary proof to claim their shares.

12. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Act and the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the Directors are interested maintained under Section 189 of the Act will be available electronically for inspection by the members during the AGM. All other documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and Explanatory Statements will be available for inspection through electronic mode by the Members, in accordance with applicable statutory requirements. Members seeking

to inspect such documents can send an e-mail to summitsecurities.agm@gmail.com.

13. Subject to the receipt of requisite number of votes, the Resolutions forming part of the AGM Notice shall be deemed to be passed on the date of the AGM i.e. **Thursday, August 07, 2025.**
14. SEBI vide circular nos. SEBI/HO/OIAE/OIAE_IAD-1/P/CIR/2023/131 dated July 31, 2023, and SEBI/HO/OIAE/OIAE_IAD-1/P/CIR/2023/135 dated August 4, 2023, read with Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/OIAE/OIAE_IAD-1/P/CIR/2023/145 dated July 31, 2023 (as updated until date), has established a common Online Dispute Resolution Portal ("ODR Portal") for resolution of disputes arising in the Indian Securities Market. Pursuant to above-mentioned circulars, post exhausting the option to resolve their grievance with the RTA/Company directly and through existing SCORES platform, the investors can initiate dispute resolution through the ODR Portal <https://smartodr.in/login> and the same can also be accessed through the Company's website www.summitsecurities.net

15. REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT ("RTA")

During the year under review, the name of LINK INTIME INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent of the Company (RTA) was changed to MUFG INTIME INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED with effect from December 31, 2024.

16. ELECTRONIC DISPATCH OF ANNUAL REPORT:

In compliance with the applicable MCA Circulars and SEBI Circulars, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report of FY 2024-25 is being sent only through electronic mode to those members whose email IDs are registered with the Company / Depositories. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report of FY 2024-25 will also be available on the Company's website www.summitsecurities.net, websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively and also on the website of National Securities Depository Limited ('NSDL') i.e. www.evoting.nsdl.com. In accordance with Regulation 36(1)(b) of the Listing Regulations, the Company is also sending a letter to Members whose e-mail ids are not registered with Company/ RTA/DP providing the weblink of Company's website from where the Annual Report for financial year 2024-25 can be accessed.

17. REGISTRATION OF EMAIL ID:

i. FOR MEMBERS HOLDING PHYSICAL SHARES:

The Members of the Company holding equity shares of the Company in physical form and who have not registered their email ID may get their email IDs registered with Company's

RTA by submitting Investor Service Request Form (Form ISR1) duly filled and signed as per the specimen signature registered with the Company. The Investor Service Request Form can be downloaded from website of the RTA <https://in.mpms.mufg.com/> → Resources → Downloads → KYC → Formats for KYC or from Companies Website → Shareholders Information → Advice → Shareholder's holding shares in physical mode. Further the Company had periodically sent letters to shareholders for furnishing the requisite details as per SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/POD-1/P/ CIR/2024/37 dated May 07, 2024 as amended from time to time.

ii. FOR MEMBERS HOLDING SHARES IN DEMAT MODE:

The members holding shares in demat form may get their email address permanently registered with their respective Depository Participant(s).

For receiving soft copy of Annual Report of FY 2024-25 and Notice of 28th AGM, such members may send an email to investors@summitsecurities.net alongwith their details such as Name of shareholder, DPID / Client ID, PAN and mobile number.

18. PARTICIPATION AT THE AGM AND VOTING:

A. The details of the process and manner for participating in the Annual General Meeting ('AGM') through VC / OAVM are explained herein below:

- i. Member will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned below for "**Access to NSDL e-Voting system**". After successful login, you can see link of "VC/OAVM link" placed under "Join Meeting" menu against company name. You are requested to click on VC/OAVM link placed under "**Join Meeting**" menu.

The link for VC/OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the **EVEN of Company – 134003** will be displayed.

- ii. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the Notice to avoid last minute rush.
- iii. The Members can join the AGM in the VC / OAVM mode 30 (thirty) minutes before the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting and window for joining the Meeting shall be kept open throughout the proceedings of the AGM.

- iv. Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- v. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads connected through broadband for a better experience. Please note that Participants connecting from mobile devices or tablets or through Laptop via mobile hotspot may experience Audio / Video loss due to fluctuation in their respective network connections. It is therefore recommended to use stable Wi-Fi or LAN connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- vi. Members who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker and send their request mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID / folio number, email id, PAN, mobile number at summitsecurities.agm@gmail.com from 9.00 a.m. (IST) on Friday August 01, 2025 till 5.00 p.m. (IST) on Sunday, August 03, 2025. Those Members who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the AGM. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time at the AGM.
- vii. Members who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries on accounts or any matter to be placed at the AGM may send the same latest by Monday, August 04, 2025, mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID/ folio number, PAN, mobile number at summitsecurities.agm@gmail.com. These queries will be replied suitably either at the AGM or by an e-mail.
- viii. Corporate/ Institutional Members intending to appoint their authorised representatives to attend and vote at the AGM through VC/OAVM or through remote e-Voting are requested to send a scanned copy (PDF/JPG format) of their Board/ Corporate Resolution authorizing its representative(s) to attend and vote at AGM on their behalf, pursuant to Section 113 of the Act, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail at summitsecurities.scrutinizer@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.com.
- ix. Members attending the AGM through VC/ OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.

B. Remote e-Voting and Voting at AGM:

- i. Pursuant to Section 108 of the Act read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, Regulation 44 of the Listing Regulations and SS-2 on "General Meetings" issued by the ICSI and in terms of SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020, in relation to e-voting facility provided by Listed Entities, the Company is pleased to provide its members, facility to exercise their right to vote on resolutions proposed to be considered at the AGM by electronic means and the business may be transacted through e-voting facility. The facility of casting the votes by the members using an electronic voting system before the meeting as well as during the AGM will be provided by NSDL.
- ii. The voting rights of members shall be in proportion to their shares of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on **Thursday, July 31, 2025 ("the cut-off date")**. Any person whose name is recorded in the Register of Members or in the Register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the Depositories as on the cut-off date only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting before the AGM and during the AGM.

Any person holding shares in physical form and non-individual shareholders, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes member of the Company after the notice is sent through e-mail and holding shares as on the **cut-off date i.e on Thursday, July 31, 2025**, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.com or Issuer/ RTA. However, if you are already registered with NSDL for remote e-voting, then you can use your existing user ID and password for casting your vote. If you forgot your password, you can reset your password by using "Forgot User Details/Password" or "Physical User Reset Password" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no. 022 - 4886 7000. In case of Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after sending of the Notice and holding shares as on the cut-off date may follow steps mentioned in the Notice of the AGM under **"Access to NSDL e-Voting system"**.

- iii. The members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may also attend the AGM by way of VC / OAVM facility only but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again at the AGM.
- iv. Mr. P. N. Parikh (Membership No. FCS 327) or failing him Mr. Mitesh Dhaliwala (Membership No. FCS 8331) or failing him Ms. Sarvari Shah (Membership No. FCS 9697) of Parikh Parekh & Associates, Company Secretaries, has been appointed to act as the Scrutinizer, to scrutinize the remote e-voting process before and e-voting process during the AGM in a fair and transparent manner.
- v. The Scrutinizer shall, immediately after the conclusion of the e-voting at the AGM, unblock the votes cast through e-voting (votes cast during the AGM and votes cast through remote e-Voting before the AGM) and make, not later than two working days of conclusion of the AGM, a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorised by him in writing, who shall countersign the same.
- vi. The Results declared along with the Report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the Company's website (www.summitsecurities.net) and also be displayed on the website of NSDL (www.evoting.nsdl.com) immediately after the results are declared and simultaneously communicated to the Stock Exchanges.

The instructions for members for voting electronically are as under:-

The remote e-voting period will commence at 09:00 a.m. (I.S.T.) on **Monday, August 04, 2025** and will end at 5:00 p.m. (I.S.T.) on **Wednesday, August 06, 2025**. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. The members, whose names appear in the Register of Members / Beneficial Owners as on the record date (cut-off date) i.e. on **Thursday, July 31, 2025**, may cast their vote electronically. The voting right of shareholders shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the

cut-off date, being **Thursday, July 31, 2025**. Once vote on a resolution is cast by the Member, the Member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.

The details of the process and manner for remote e-voting and joining the AGM are explained herein below:-

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of "Two Steps" which are mentioned below:

Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode:

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.	1. For OTP based login you can click on https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/evoting/evotinglogin.jsp . You will have to enter your 8-digit DP ID, 8-digit Client Id, PAN No., Verification code and generate OTP. Enter the OTP received on registered email id/mobile number and click on login. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Type of shareholders	Login Method
	2. Existing IDeAS user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the “Beneficial Owner” icon under “Login” which is available under ‘IDeAS’ section, this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on “Access to e-Voting” under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. 3. If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select “Register Online for IDeAS Portal” or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp 4. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon ‘Login’ which is available under ‘Shareholder/Member’ section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Type of shareholders	Login Method
	5. Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile App “NSDL Speede” facility by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience. NSDL Mobile App is available on  App Store  Google Play  
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	1. Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login Easi /Easiest are requested to visit CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab and then use your existing my easi username & password. 2. After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers’ website directly. 3. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option. 4. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page.

Type of shareholders	Login Method
	The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. upon logging in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
Securities held with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.com or call at toll free no.: 022 - 4886 7000
Securities held with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800-21-09911

B) Login Method for e-voting and joining the AGM for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

1. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.

2. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under "Shareholder/Member section".
3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.

Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at <https://eservices.nsdl.com/> with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.

4. Your User ID details are given below:

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:
a) For members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.
b) For members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12***** then your user ID is 12*****.
c) For members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number of the company - 134003 followed by Folio Number registered with the company. For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 134003 then user ID is 134003001***

5. Your password details are given below:

- i) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can use your existing password to login and cast your vote.
- ii) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.
- iii) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
 - i. If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. You will be required to trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your

mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8-digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.

- ii. If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below for procuring the User ID and password and registration of email IDs for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

Member may send an email request to evoting@nsdl.com or to summitsecurities.agm@gmail.com for obtaining User ID and Password by proving the details mentioned in Point (a) or (b) as the case may be:

- a) In case shares are held in physical mode please provide folio number, Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card);
 - b) In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit Beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account Statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card).
6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:
 - i. Click on **"Forgot User Details/Password?"** (If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
 - ii. **Physical User Reset Password?"** (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
 - iii. If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.com mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.
 - iv. Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.
 7. After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.
 8. Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.

9. After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon 5 (five) unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the **'Forgot User Details / Password'** or **'Physical User Reset Password'** option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.

Step 2: Cast your vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

How to cast your vote electronically and join AGM on NSDL e-Voting system?

1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies "EVEN" in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.
2. Select **'EVEN'** of **Summit Securities Limited** which is **134003** to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on "VC/OAVM" link placed under "Join Meeting".
3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted.
5. Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed.
6. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
7. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

E-VOTING AT THE AGM:-

- i. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
- ii. Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present at the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not cast their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system at the AGM.
- iii. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the AGM shall be the same person mentioned for remote e-voting.

GUIDELINES AND ASSISTANCE TO MEMBERS

In case of any queries relating to e-voting, with respect to remote e-voting or e-voting at the AGM the members may contact NSDL on evoting@nsdl.com or call on.: 022 - 4886 7000 or contact Ms. Pallavi Mhatre, Senior Manager, NSDL at evoting@nsdl.com or Ms. Veena Suvarna, Manager, NSDL at evoting@nsdl.com refer to the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) section / e-voting user manual for shareholders available at the Downloads section on <https://www.evoting.nsdl.com>.

By Order of the Board of Directors

Date: May 05, 2025

Place: Mumbai

Jiya Gangwani
Company Secretary
M. No. FCS 5870

Summit Securities Limited

CIN: L65921MH1997PLC194571

Registered Office:

213, Bezzola Complex, B Wing, 71, Sion-Trombay Road, Chembur, Mumbai 400071

Tel No.: +91-22-46098668/69 | **Website:** www.summitsecurities.net

Email: investors@summitsecurities.net
compliance@summitsecurities.net

ANNEXURE TO NOTICE

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ('THE ACT'), SEBI (LISTING OBLIGATION AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATION, 2015 AND SECRETARIAL STANDARD 2 (SS-2), ISSUED BY ICSI TO THE ACCOMPANYING NOTICE DATED MAY 05, 2025

The following Explanatory Statement sets out all material facts relating to the business mentioned under Item No. 3 of the accompanying Notice:

Item No 3 of the Notice:

In terms of the amended Regulation 24A of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('the Listing Regulations') vide SEBI Notification dated December 12, 2024, Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with applicable rules made thereunder and based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee ('the Committee'), the Board of Directors of the Company ('the Board'), at its meeting held on May 05, 2025, have approved the appointment of M/s. Parikh Parekh & Associates, Peer Reviewed Firm of Company Secretaries in Practice ('Secretarial Audit Firm') having ICSI Firm Registration Number: P1987MH010000 as the Secretarial Auditors of the Company subject to approval of members at this AGM as per the details given below:

- a) **Tenure of appointment:** 5 (Five) consecutive years commencing from Financial Year 2025-26 until Financial Year 2029-2030.
- b) **Proposed Fees:** Rs. 1,00,000/- (Rupees One Lakh Only) per annum plus applicable taxes towards secretarial audit for FY 2025-26 and thereafter at a remuneration as may be mutually agreed, annually between the Board of directors to alter and vary the terms and conditions of appointments, etc. as per statutory requirements in such manner and to such extent as mutually agreed with the Secretarial auditors.

The fees for other permissible services in the nature of certifications and/or other professional work will be in addition to the secretarial audit fee as above and will be determined by the Board in consultation with the Secretarial Auditors.

c) Profile of Secretarial Audit Firm, Consent and Eligibility:

M/s. Parikh Parekh & Associates, Peer Reviewed Firm of Company Secretaries in Practice ('the Firm') having ICSI Firm Registration Number: P1987MH010000 has been in professional practice since May 2004. The Firm is having specialization in various areas of corporate law, SEBI regulations, FEMA compliance, and allied fields, delivering strategic solutions to ensure regulatory adherence etc. The firm holds a valid Peer Review Certificate issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

The Firm has consented to their appointment and have provided a detailed confirmation of their eligibility for appointment as the Secretarial Auditors of the Company under the Act and the Listing Regulations.

None of the Directors nor Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives, are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Ordinary Resolution set out at Item No. 3.

Accordingly, the Board of Directors of Company recommends the resolution as set forth in Item No. 3 of the Notice of this AGM, for approval of the members as an Ordinary Resolution.

Details of Directors' seeking Appointment/Re-appointment at the Twenty- Eight Annual General Meeting [Pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of the Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard-2 (SS-2) on General Meetings]

Particulars	Description
Name of the Director	Mr. Manish Jain
Date of First Appointment on the Board	June 30, 2022
Age	51 years
Qualification	• B. Tech • Master of Science (in Mining Engineering) • Master of Business Administration.
Expertise	Mr. Manish Jain aged 51 years, B. Tech from Indian School of Mines, Dhanbad, India, M.S (Master of Science) in Mining Engineering from University of Kentucky, USA and an MBA – PGPX from IIM- Ahmedabad, has over 26 years of diverse experience across multiple sectors such as Mining, steel, Infrastructure and Real Estate. He has worked in both Public Sector and Private sector in areas of Operations, Project Management, Business Development, equity investment and divestment, joint venture management and strategy.
Other Directorships	• Janpragati Electoral Trust • Mantle Advisors Private Limited • Doon Dooars Plantations Limited • Indent Investments Private Limited • Grand Royale Enterprises Limited
Membership/ Chairmanship of Committees of the Board in other public Companies	Nil
Number of shares held in the Company	Nil
Listed entities from which resigned in the past three years	Nil
Relationship with other Directors and KMPs	None of the Directors are related to any other Director or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.

Note: For other details such as number of the Board Meetings during the year, remuneration drawn, skills, expertise, competence and other relevant information as required under the Listing Regulation, Secretarial Standards and the Act, read with Rules made thereunder please refer to the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of this Annual Report.

BOARD'S REPORT AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

Dear Members,

Your directors are pleased to present their Twenty-Eighth Report together with Audited Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

The summary of financial performance of the Company for the year under review is as given below:

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Standalone		Consolidated	
	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
Total Income	4,619.45	4,747.96	11,902.94	10,223.92
Profit before Depreciation & Tax	4,342.14	4,496.78	10,048.59	9,838.90
(-) Depreciation	1.69	2.16	2.09	2.28
Profit/(Loss) before Tax	4,340.45	4,494.62	10,046.50	9,836.62
(-) Tax Expenses	1,270.32	982.51	3,186.93	2,263.60
Profit/(Loss) after Tax	3,070.13	3,512.11	6,859.57	7,573.02
(+) Other Comprehensive Income	35,557.25	1,46,961.62	75,581.78	3,84,453.97
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	38,627.38	1,50,473.73	82,441.35	3,92,026.99

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE:

The equity market in India witnessed a period of high volatility in the second half of the year. There was a dramatic fall in valuation triggered by developments across the globe. Towards the start of the second half the US Treasury announced changes to their interest rate policy which led to largescale selling by Foreign Portfolio Investors. This was followed by an escalation of hostilities in middle east that increased the fears of a widespread war. In addition to these global factors, fears of a deceleration in domestic growth coupled with high valuations in domestic markets led to a broad-based fall in the Indian equity markets resulting in Nifty 50 falling by nearly 9% during this period. For the full year FY 2024-25 Nifty 50 returns were only around 5% vis-a-vis around 28% for FY 2023-24.

Total Income:

On a standalone basis, the total income for FY 2024-25 was Rs. 4,619.45 lakhs, which was marginally lower than Rs. 4,747.96 lakhs in the previous year. While the dividend income increased, lower gain on fair value changes of mutual funds, and other investments of Rs. 784.64 lakhs as compared to Rs. 2,288.84 lakhs in the previous year resulted in decline in total income.

On a consolidated basis, the total income for FY 2024-25 was Rs. 11,902.94 lakhs as compared to Rs. 10,223.92 lakhs in the previous year, mainly due to higher dividend income of Rs. 9,900.45 lakhs for the current year as compared to Rs. 5,512.20 lakhs in the previous year. However, the gain on fair value changes of mutual funds and other investments of Rs. 1,685.21 lakhs for the current year was lower than Rs. 4,455.22 lakhs in the previous year.

Expenses:

On a standalone basis, the total expenses for FY 2024- 25 at Rs. 279.00 lakhs were marginally higher as compared to Rs. 253.34 lakhs for the previous year. The increase was mainly due to increase in employee costs and other operating costs which were largely along expected lines. On consolidated basis, the total expenses for FY 2024-25 were Rs. 473.61 lakhs as compared to Rs. 387.30 lakhs for the previous year mainly due to increase in employee benefit expenses costs and other operating costs.

Profit After Tax:

Standalone Profit after Tax for FY 2024-25 was Rs. 3070.13 lakhs as compared to Rs. 3,512.11 lakhs during the previous year, mainly due to lower income.

Consolidated Profit after Tax for FY 2024-25 was Rs. 6859.57 lakhs as compared to Rs. 7,573.02 lakhs during the previous year, mainly due to lower income.

Amounts proposed to be carried to reserves:

An amount of Rs. 614.03 lakhs has been transferred to Special Reserve in standalone financial statements as per the statutory requirements. The Company has not transferred any amount to General Reserves during the year.

DIVIDEND:

With a view to conserve resources in the current volatile environment and to maintain sufficient funds for investment and working capital requirements, your directors consider it prudent not to recommend any dividend for the year under review.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS:**a. Industry Structure & Developments, Opportunities and Future Outlook:**

Global economy grew by 3.3% in calendar year 2024, lower than 3.5% for calendar year 2023. Global growth is expected to slow down further to 2.8% in 2025 led by various factors like continuing geopolitical conflicts, US trade tariffs and higher interest rates.

India on the other hand has benefitted from stable macroeconomic environment and declining inflation, with the real GDP expanding by 6.5% in FY 2024-25. The RBI has projected inflation of 4.2% and GDP growth of 6.5% for FY 2025-26 considering strong infrastructure push by the Government, expected reduction in interest rates, expectation of a good monsoon, stable crude prices, pick up in consumption, favourable balance of payment and buoyancy in tax collections.

The Company is a Non-Banking Financial Company ('NBFC') registered with the Reserve Bank of India as a Non-Deposit Accepting NBF and derives most of its revenue from investments. Also, the value of the stocks, shares and bonds depends on the prevailing capital markets scenario. The future success of the Company continues to depend on its ability to anticipate the volatility of the financial markets, minimizing risks and increasing returns through prudent investment decisions.

The investments of the Company are typically long-term in nature and predominantly in the equity markets. The Company also invests in companies where it is a part of the promoter group from a long term perspective. All investments decisions are reviewed by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors, respectively, on a periodic basis.

b. Risks, Threats and Concerns:

Risk management comprises of identification, assessment and prioritization of risks followed by coordinated and economical application of resources to minimize, monitor and control the probability and/or impact of loss events or to maximize the value realization of opportunities in any other uncertain events or to maximize the realization of opportunities.

The Risk Management Committee ('RMC') of the Board of Directors manages and monitors the Company's risks, as detailed herein below under the heading "Risk Management Process".

c. Internal control systems and their adequacy:

The Company has an adequate internal audit and control system that commensurate with its size and nature of business to ensure operational efficiency, accuracy and promptness in financial reporting and compliance of various laws and regulations. The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors reviews the Internal Audit Report and the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls periodically.

d. Human Resources:

Employee relations continued to remain cordial during the year under review. As on March 31, 2025, there were 6 (Six) employees including Key Managerial Personnel ('KMP') of the Company.

e. Significant Changes in Key Financial Ratios (i.e., change of 25% or more as compared to immediately previous financial year) and Change in Return on Net Worth as compared to the immediately previous financial year, along with a detailed explanation thereof:

Return on Net Worth for FY 2024-25: 0.72%

Return on Net Worth for FY 2023-24: 0.90%

Change in return on Net Worth as compared to immediately preceding financial year: -20.46%

As compared to the previous year, the Company's Net Profit and hence the Return on Net Worth has decreased mainly due to lower gain on fair value changes of mutual funds and other investments. Except for this, there is no significant change (i.e. change of more than 25%) in any other key financial ratios during the current financial year as compared to immediately preceding financial year.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT:

Statements in the Management Discussion and Analysis describing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates and expectations may constitute "forward looking statements" within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results might differ materially from those either expressed or implied.

SHARE CAPITAL:

During the year under review, there was no change in the Share Capital of the Company.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS:

There are no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year on March 31, 2025, to which the financial statements relate and the date of this report.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

In accordance with Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and Regulation 34 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, ('the Listing Regulations') the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and its subsidiaries, including the statement containing salient features of the financial statements of all the subsidiary companies of the Company as set out in prescribed Form No. AOC-1, forms part of this Annual Report.

The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the applicable Indian

Accounting Standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES:

During the year under review, pursuant to the Share Purchase Agreement entered by Instant Holdings Limited (Instant), the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, sold its entire shareholding in Sudarshan Electronics and TV Limited (Sudarshan) on May 7, 2024. Consequently, Sudarshan ceased to be a subsidiary of Instant and step down subsidiary of the Company with effect from that date.

As on March 31, 2025, the Company had one wholly owned subsidiary namely Instant.

Further, the Financial Statements of the subsidiary for the year ended March 31, 2025 are uploaded on the website of the Company in accordance with Section 136 of the Act. The Financial Statements of the subsidiary and the other related information will be made available to any Member of the Company seeking such information and also available for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company.

As required under Regulation 16(1)(c) of the Listing Regulations, the Company has formulated the Policy on Materiality of Subsidiaries and the same is published on the Company's website at https://www.summitsecurities.net/files/corporate_governance/PolicyonMaterialSubsidiary.pdf

DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION POLICY:

Pursuant to Regulation 43A of the Listing Regulations as amended upto date, the Company has adopted a Dividend Distribution Policy. The same is published on the Company's website at <https://summitsecurities.net/files/DividendDistributionPolicy.pdf>

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY/ PROCESS:

The Company had constituted the Risk Management Committee ("RMC") in accordance with Regulation 21 of the Listing Regulations and the Guidelines on Corporate Governance ("Guidelines") issued by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") as applicable to the Company. The terms of reference of the RMC are in accordance with the aforesaid Guidelines, the Act and the Listing Regulations.

The RMC had formulated a Risk Management Policy. This policy defines a process to ensure that a structured, disciplined and consistent risk strategy, providing guidance for risk activity within the Company by embedding Enterprise Risk Management within the culture of the business is in place.

One of the elements in the Risk Management Process as defined in the Risk Management Policy, is identification and assessment of risks. The identified risks pertaining to the nature of business carried out by the Company comprise of Strategic Risk, Operational Risk, Sectoral Risk, ESG related risks, Capital Market Fluctuations Risk,

Regulatory and Compliance Risk, Human Resource Risk, Information Technology Risk, Liquidity Risk, etc. Risk mitigation measures are also reviewed alongside the identified risks. A report on risk evaluation and mitigation covering the elements of risks, impact and likelihood, mitigation measures and risk assessment is periodically presented before the RMC for review and placed before the Board of Directors for information.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

The Company has in place a Policy on Related Party Transactions for purpose of identification and monitoring of Related Party Transactions. The policy was last revised and approved by the Board of Directors on January 31, 2025, and is published on the Company's website at https://summitsecurities.net/files/corporate_governance/RelatedPartyTransactionPolicy.pdf

The Company had not entered into any transaction with related parties during the year under review which requires reporting in Form No. AOC-2 in terms of the Section 134(3) and 188(1) of the Act read with Rule 8(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

There are no relationships between the Directors inter-se nor any relationship between the Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) inter-se.

None of the Directors/KMP had any pecuniary relationships or transactions vis-a-vis the Company except the sitting fees paid to Directors and remuneration paid to KMP's.

ANNUAL RETURN:

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(a) of the Act read with Section 92(3) of the Act and Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, Annual Return is published on the Company's website at https://www.summitsecurities.net/files/AGM/MGT-7/MGT-7_FY24-25.pdf

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS:

Since the Company is registered as a Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC) not accepting public deposits, with the Reserve Bank of India and having its principal business of making investments, the Company is accordingly exempted from the relevant provisions under Section 186 (11) of the Act. Further, the Company has neither given any loans or advances nor guarantees during the year under review.

PUBLIC DEPOSITS:

Since the Company is registered with the Reserve Bank of India as an NBFC not accepting public deposits, it is exempted from the provisions of Section 73 of the Act.

Further, the Company has not accepted public deposits as defined under RBI's Master Direction on NBFC-Acceptance of Public Deposit (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 as on March 31, 2025.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:**a. Directors:**

Based on the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors, the Members of the Company at the Twenty-Seventh AGM of the Company held on August 22, 2024, approved and passed the following Special Resolutions for:

- (i) Appointment of Mr. Rohin Feroze Bomanji (DIN: 06971089) as an Independent Director of the Company for a term of Five (5) consecutive years with effect from August 1, 2024 until July 31, 2029.
- (ii) Appointment of Mr. Sunil Kamalakar Tamhane (DIN:03179129) as an Independent Director of the Company for a term of Five (5) consecutive years with effect from September 16, 2024 until September 15, 2029.
- (iii) Re-appointment of Mr. Ramesh Chandak (DIN: 00026581) as an Independent Director of the Company for a second term of Five (5) consecutive years with effect from September 27, 2024 until September 26, 2029.

During the year under review, upon completion of their term, the following directors ceased to be independent directors as per details provided below:

- (a) Mr. Hemendra Chimanlal Dalal (DIN:00206232) ceased to be an independent director pursuant to completion of his second term of five consecutive years on September 27, 2024.
- (b) Mr. Prem Kapil (DIN: 06921601) ceased to be an independent director pursuant to completion of his second term of five consecutive years on September 27, 2024.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act and Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Manish Jain (DIN: 05307900), Non-Executive Director, retires by rotation at the Twenty-Eighth AGM and being eligible, has offered himself for re-appointment.

In compliance with Section 102(1) of the Act, Regulation 36(3) of the Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard-2 (SS-2) on General Meetings, necessary details have been annexed to the Notice of the AGM.

b. Key Managerial Personnel:

There was no change in the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company during the year under review.

As on March 31, 2025, pursuant to the provisions of sub-section (51) of Section 2 and Section 203 of the Act read with the rules framed thereunder, the following persons were the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company as on March 31, 2025:

1. Mr. Arvind Dhumal, Manager;
2. Mr. Anand Rath, Chief Financial Officer; and
3. Ms. Jiya Gangwani, Company Secretary.

Upon recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on May 16, 2024, had approved the re-appointment of Mr. Arvind Dhumal as Manager of the Company for a period of three (3) years commencing from November 16, 2024 until November 15, 2027 and the members of the Company had, at their AGM held on August 22, 2024, approved the said re-appointment.

c. Declarations from Independent Directors:

In terms of the provisions of sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Act and Regulation 16 and other applicable provisions under Listing Regulations including any amendment(s) thereof, the Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors of the Company that they meet with the criteria of independence as provided in the Act and the Listing Regulations. There has been no change in the circumstances affecting their status as an Independent Director during the year.

In the opinion of the Board of Directors, the Independent Directors of the Company possess requisite qualifications, experience and expertise and they hold the highest standards of integrity.

The Independent Directors have confirmed that they have registered and renewed, if applicable, their names in the data bank maintained with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs ('IICA'). In terms of Section 150 of the Act read with Rule 6(4) of the Companies (Appointment & Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, all the Independent Directors of the Company are exempted from undertaking the online proficiency self-assessment test. The Independent Directors are in compliance with the provisions of Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014, as amended and applicable.

The Independent Directors of the Company had no pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company other than sitting fees and reimbursement of expenses, if any, incurred by them for attending meeting of the Company.

d. Familiarization Programme for Independent Directors:

Pursuant to the Code of Conduct for Independent Directors specified under the Act and Regulation 25(7) of the Listing Regulations, the Company familiarises its Independent Directors on their roles, rights, responsibilities in the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates and business model of the Company, etc. The note on this familiarisation programme is also published on the Company's website at https://www.summitsecurities.net/files/Note_on_Familiarisation_Prog_for_Ind.pdf

MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Board of Directors met four times during the year ended March 31, 2025, the details of the same are mentioned in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of this Annual Report.

COMMITTEES:

As on March 31, 2025, the Committees comprised of mandatory committees as per the Act and the Listing Regulations viz., Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee and Risk Management Committee.

The non-mandatory committees comprise of the Asset Liability Management Committee, IT Strategy Committee, Information Security Committee and IT Steering Committee constituted as per applicable RBI guidelines. Details of the composition of these committees as per RBI, along with the number of meetings held during the year and other related details are set out in the Corporate Governance Report which forms part of this Annual Report.

There have been no instances where the Board of Directors has not accepted the recommendations of any of its committees, including the Audit Committee.

ANNUAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF BOARD, ITS COMMITTEES AND DIRECTORS:

The Annual Evaluation, as required under the Act and the Listing Regulations, has been carried out by the Board of Directors comprising the performance of Board of Directors, the performance of each individual Director (including its Chairman) and its committees. For this purpose, an Evaluation Questionnaire was prepared considering the criteria for evaluation in accordance with the Company's "Nomination and Remuneration Policy", approved by the Board of Directors on recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, taking into account the applicable provisions of the Act and the rules made thereunder, the Listing Regulations read with the Circulars issued by SEBI in this regard, which inter-alia covered various aspects such as participation in meetings, contribution to strategic decision making, core governance and compliance, etc. The aforesaid Evaluation Questionnaire was circulated to all the Directors and their responses were received in a sealed envelope addressed to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and results thereof were then discussed in the next meeting of the Board of Directors.

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY:

Pursuant to the Act, SEBI Listing Regulations and NBFC Regulations, the Company has constituted a Nomination and Remuneration Committee consisting of composition as defined therein. The terms of reference of the Committee, inter alia, include dealing with appointment and remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel. The Policy inter-alia covers the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director, etc.

The detailed Policy is given as **Annexure A** to this Report and is also published on the Company's website at https://www.summitsecurities.net/files/corporate_governance/Nomination_and_Remuneration_Policy.pdf

DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(c) of the Act, your Directors to the best of their knowledge and belief confirm that:

- (a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed alongwith proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- (b) such accounting policies have been selected and applied consistently and such judgements and estimates have been made that are reasonable and prudent to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company in the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025 and the Statement of Profit and Loss for the financial year ended March 31, 2025;
- (c) proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- (e) the proper internal financial controls were in place and that such internal financial controls were adequate and were operating effectively;
- (f) the systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws were in place and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY:

The Company has adopted vigil mechanism in the form of Whistle Blower Policy ('WBP') for directors and employees to report their concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's code of conduct or ethics policy. The WBP is also published on the Company's website at https://www.summitsecurities.net/files/corporate_governance/Whistle_BlowerPolicy.pdf

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES:

- a. A statement containing the Disclosures pursuant to Section 197(12) of the Act and Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is attached as **Annexure B** to this Report.
- b. The statements required under Section 197 of the Act read with Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 ('the Rules'), as amended, will be made available to any Member upon request. Any member interested in obtaining a copy of the said statement may write to the Company.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

The Company is an NBFC and engaged in investments and financial activities, its operations do not account for substantial energy consumption. However, the Company adopts all possible measures to conserve energy.

The provisions relating to research and development and technology absorption are not applicable to the Company. During the year under review, there have been no transactions in the Company relating to foreign exchange earnings and outgo.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY:

Pursuant to the introduction of sub-section (9) under Section 135 of the Act vide the Companies Amendment Act, 2020, which was effective from January 22, 2021, the Board of Directors are empowered to perform the functions of CSR Committee as the annual expenditure is below the threshold of Rs. 50 Lakhs.

The CSR policy of the Company is published on the Company's website at https://www.summitsecurities.net/files/corporate_governance/CSR_Policy.pdf.

A report on CSR activities as required under the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 is attached as **Annexure C** to this Report.

BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY AND SUSTAINABILITY REPORT:

The Company was included in the list of the top 1,000 companies as per average market capitalization as on December 31, 2024, as published by the Stock Exchanges, where it is listed namely BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited. Consequently, in accordance with Regulation 34 read with Regulation 3(2) of the Listing Regulation, the requirement to submit the Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report shall be applicable to the Company for the financial year ending March 31, 2026.

STATUTORY AUDITORS:

The shareholders of the Company had, at the Twenty-Seventh AGM held on August 22, 2024, approved the appointment of M/s. D M K H & Co, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 116886W) as statutory auditors of the Company to hold office from the conclusion of Twenty-Seventh AGM till the conclusion of Thirtieth AGM of the Company.

M/s. D M K H & Co, Chartered Accountants have confirmed that they continue to be eligible to act as the Statutory Auditors of the Company in compliance with Section 139 and 141 of the Act read with rules made there under, the Listing Regulations and RBI Act, 1934, read with other relevant Regulations / Notifications / Circulars issued thereunder, to the extent applicable, for the FY 2025-26.

INTERNAL AUDITORS:

M/s. V. S. Somani & Co, Chartered Accountants were the Internal Auditors of the Company for FY 2024-25. They have consented to act as Internal Auditors of the Company for FY 2025-26.

Based on the recommendations of the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors had, at their meeting held on May 05, 2025, re-appointed M/s. V. S. Somani & Co., Chartered Accountants as the Internal Auditors of the Company for FY 2025-26.

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS:

M/s. Parikh Parekh & Associates, Company Secretaries were appointed as the Secretarial Auditors for conducting the Secretarial Audit in accordance with Section 204 of the Act for the year ended March 31, 2025. The Secretarial Audit Report prepared in accordance with Section 134(3) and Section 204(1) of the Act in the prescribed Form No. MR-3 by M/s. Parikh Parekh & Associates, Company Secretaries is attached as **Annexure D** to this Report.

In accordance with the amended provisions of Regulation 24A of the Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee have appointed M/s. Parikh Parekh & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries as the Secretarial Auditors of the Company for a term of five consecutive years commencing from financial year 2025-2026 until 2029-2030 subject to approval of the members at the ensuing AGM. Necessary resolution(s) for their appointment alongwith their profile/ other requisite details are included in the Notice of the ensuing AGM of the Company.

SECRETARIAL AUDIT OF MATERIAL UNLISTED SUBSIDIARY:

Although the provisions of Section 204(1) of the Act, read with Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are not applicable to Instant Holdings Ltd ('Instant'), material unlisted subsidiary of the Company, Secretarial Audit of the said subsidiary was carried for the year ended March 31, 2025, in accordance with Regulation 24A of the Listing Regulations. The Secretarial Audit Report of Instant issued by M/s. Parikh Parekh & Associates, Company Secretaries is attached as **Annexure E** to this Report

EXPLANATION AND COMMENTS ON AUDITORS' REPORT AND SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT:

There is no qualification, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer made either by the Statutory Auditor in Auditors Report or by the Company Secretary in Practice (Secretarial Auditor) in the Secretarial Audit Report.

Further, the Statutory Auditors have not reported any instances of fraud to the Central Government and Audit Committee as per the provisions of Section 143(12) of the Act read with Rule 13 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

A report on Corporate Governance along with a certificate from the Auditors of the Company stipulated pursuant to Regulation 34 of the Listing Regulations are annexed as **Annexure F** to this Report.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS:

There are no significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

DETAILS OF PROCEEDING MADE OR PENDING UNDER THE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016:

During the year under review, there were no proceedings made nor were any pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016. There was no instance of one-time settlement with Bank or Financial Institution.

DETAILS OF ONE TIME SETTLEMENT AND THE VALUATION DONE WHILE TAKING LOAN FROM THE BANKS OR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS ALONG WITH THE REASONS THEREOF:

During the year under review, the Company had neither borrowed any amount nor were there any pending loans from any bank, so the question of one-time settlement or valuation in this regard does not arise.

CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS:

During the year under review, there was no change in the nature of business.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS:

Details in respect of adequacy on internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements are stated in the Management Discussion and Analysis section of this Report.

MAINTENANCE OF COST RECORDS:

The provisions of Section 148(1) of the Act are not applicable to the Company.

DISCLOSURE UNDER SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013:

The Board of Directors at their Meeting held on May 23, 2014, constituted Internal Complaints Committee pursuant to Section 4 of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 ('the Act').

As per section 6 of the Act, those organizations which have less than ten employees can refer the complaints to the Local Committee instead of constituting Internal Committee. Considering the Company has less than ten employees, the Board at its meeting held on August 02, 2023, dissolved the Internal Complaints Committee.

However, the Company had not received any complaint of sexual harassment during the financial year 2024-25.

SECRETARIAL STANDARDS:

The Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) has currently mandated compliance with the Secretarial Standards on board meetings and general meetings. During the year under review, the Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by ICSI.

ACKNOWLEDEMENTS:

Your Directors place on record their gratitude for the continued support and co-operation extended by the Government authorities, banks, members and employees of the Company.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Ramesh Chandak
Chairman
DIN: 00026581

Date: May 05, 2025

Place: Mumbai

Nomination and Remuneration Policy

1 INTRODUCTION:

This policy has been formulated in terms of the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 relating to the appointment and remuneration of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel (KMP), Senior Management Personnel (SMP) and other employees and Board diversity.

2 OBJECTIVE:

This Policy sets out the guiding principles on:

- (i) appointment and remuneration of the Directors, KMP and SMP;
- (ii) qualifications, positive attributes and independence for appointment of a Director and assessment of independence of Independent Director;
- (iii) performance evaluation of all the Directors;
- (iv) core skills/expertise/competencies required of the Board of Directors of the Company;
- (v) Board diversity.

3 DEFINITIONS:

- (i) "Applicable Laws" means the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules framed thereunder and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015; as amended from time to time.
- (ii) "Board" means Board of Directors of the Company.
- (iii) "Company" means Summit Securities Limited.
- (iv) "Directors" means Directors of the Company.
- (v) "Independent Director" (ID) shall have the same meaning as defined under Section 149(6) of the Act read with rules made thereunder and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- (vi) "Key Managerial Personnel" (KMP) means:
 - a) the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) or the Managing Director (MD) or the Manager;
 - b) the Company Secretary (CS).
 - c) the Whole-time Director (WTD).
 - d) the Chief Financial Officer (CFO).
 - e) Such other officer, not more than one level below the Directors, who is in whole time employment and designated as KMP by the Board.

(vii) "Non-Executive Directors" (NED) means a member of a Company's Board of Directors who is not in whole time employment of the Company.

(viii) "Senior Management Personnel" (SMP) means persons working one level below CEO/ MD/ WTD/ Manager (including chief executive officer/ manager, in case they are not part of the board) and shall specifically include Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer or other persons as may be defined as SMP under the Applicable Laws from time to time.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions used in this policy and not defined herein but defined in the Applicable Laws, as may be amended from time to time, shall have the meaning respectively assigned to them therein.

4 DIVERSITY IN THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

Diversity refers to the variety of attributes of diverse nature between people and encompasses acceptance, respect and an understanding that each individual is unique. These aspects can include age, gender, ethnicity, physical abilities, marital status, ideologies, background, knowledge and skills with a view to achieving a sustainable development, the Company shall aim to increase diversity at the Board level, as an essential element in terms of:

- Experience of diverse nature.
- Gender in having the right representation of female members to ensure compliance with applicable laws.
- Qualifications, Knowledge and core skills/ expertise/competencies required of the Board of Directors in context of Company's business/ sector.

5 REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO DIRECTORS:

A. Appointment of Directors:

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors (NRC) shall evaluate the balance of skills, knowledge and experience on the Board and for this purpose, NRC shall also consider factors such as qualification and experience, positive attributes, disqualification, etc. Basis such evaluation, NRC may also prepare a description of the role and capabilities required for an ID.

For the purpose of identifying suitable candidates for Independent Directorship, the NRC may:

- a. use the services of an external agencies, if required.
- b. consider candidates from a wide range of backgrounds, having due regard to diversity; and
- c. consider the time commitments of the candidates.

The Company shall, upon recommendation of NRC, appoint those persons as Directors who possess requisite qualifications & experience and positive attributes within overall framework of diversity as described in this Policy.

B. Qualifications & Experience:

- (i) Any person to be appointed as a Director on the Board of Directors of the Company, including ID shall, in addition to a formal qualification, possess appropriate skills, experience and knowledge in one or more fields such as CEO / Senior Management Experience, General Management and Business Operations, Business Development, Strategy / M&A / Restructuring, Accounting / Finance / Legal, Risk Management, Public Policy, Human Resources Management, Corporate Governance, etc. or such other skills as may be identified by the Board of Directors, on recommendation from NRC, from time to time.
- (ii) Any person to be appointed as a Director on the Board of the Company shall be such a person who shall be able to provide policy directions to the Company, including directions on good corporate governance.
- (iii) Any person to be appointed as a Director on the Board of the Company shall be a Fit and Proper Person as per RBI Master Directions/Circulars, as applicable to the Company.

C. Positive attributes:

The person to be appointed as a Director of the Company shall, in addition to the formal qualifications and relevant experience described in this Policy, shall also possess the attributes such as integrity, leadership, business orientation, commitment, proven track record and such other attributes, which in the opinion of the NRC, are in the interest of the Company.

D. Disqualification:

Any person to be appointed as Director shall not possess the disqualifications prescribed under the Applicable Laws.

E. Evaluation:

- (i) The NRC shall facilitate the Board to undertake evaluation of performance of all Directors on yearly basis including making recommendations to the Board on appropriate performance criteria for the Directors and formulating criteria and framework for evaluation of every Director's performance.
- (ii) The Board shall evaluate, every year, the performance of the individual directors including Chairman, IDs, independence of IDs, its own performance and of its Committees.
- (iii) NRC shall review the implementation and compliance of the manner in which evaluation is carried out.

F. Familiarization Programme:

The Company shall familiarize the IDs of the Company with their roles, rights, responsibilities in the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates, business model of the Company through various programmes.

6 REQUIREMENT RELATING TO KMP AND SMP:

A. Appointment of KMP and SMP:

- (i) Based on the recommendation of NRC, the appointment of the MD, CEO, WTD, Manager, CFO and the CS shall be approved by the Board of Directors by means of a resolution.
- (ii) KMP shall not hold office as an KMP in more than one company except in its subsidiary company at the same time.
- (iii) The appointments of SMP, other than Manager, CEO, CFO and CS, shall be approved by MD / Manager, if any or the Department Head. Remuneration payable to SMP shall be recommended by the NRC and approved by the Board.

B. Qualifications & experience:

- (i) Any person to be appointed as KMP or as SMP shall possess relevant educational or professional qualifications, experience and domain knowledge required for performing the job for which they are appointed.
- (ii) There shall be no discrimination on account of gender, race and religion in terms of appointment as KMP or SMP.

C. Positive Attributes:

- (i) KMP and the SMP shall also possess attributes like decision making skills, leadership skills, integrity and proven track record and shall demonstrate commitment to the organisation.
- (ii) KMP and SMP shall meet the expectations of operational transparency to stakeholders while at the same time maintaining confidentiality of information in order to foster a culture for good decision making.

D. Performance Evaluation:

- (i) Evaluation of all the SMPs and KMPs shall be carried out by the Departmental Head, if any, excluding himself/herself and the MD/CEO/WTM/Manager, if any.
- (ii) The evaluation process adopted by the Company shall always consider the appropriate benchmarks set as per industry standards, performance of the Industry, the Company and of the individual KMP/SMP.
- (iii) Evaluation of performance shall be carried out at least once a year, in accordance with the existing evaluation process of the Company.

7 REMUNERATION:**Guiding Principles:**

- (i) The terms of employment and remuneration of MD, WTD, Manager, KMPs and SMPs shall be competitive in order to ensure that the Company can attract and retain competent talent
- (ii) This Policy shall ensure that:
 - (a) The level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate Directors/KMPs and SMPs of the quality required to run the Company successfully.
 - (b) Relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks.
 - (c) Remuneration to Directors, KMPs and SMPs involves a balance between fixed and variable pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives and goals set by the Company.
 - (d) Remuneration package is linked to the achievement of corporate performance targets and a strong alignment of interest with stakeholders.

- (iii) While determining the remuneration and incentives for the MD/ WTD / Manager, SMPs and KMPs, the following shall be considered:

- (a) Pay and employment conditions with peers / elsewhere in the competitive market
- (b) Benchmarking with the industry practices
- (c) Performance of the individual
- (d) Company Performance

- (iv) For the benchmarking with Industry practice, criteria of size, complexity, data transparency and geographical area shall also be given due consideration.

- (v) The pay structures may be appropriately aligned across levels in the Company.

8 REMUNERATION POLICY:**A. MD/WTM/CEO/Manager:**

- (i) The remuneration to the MD/WTM/CEO/ Manager at the time of his/her appointment shall be recommended by the NRC and subsequently approved by the Board of Directors. Such remuneration shall be subject to approval of the shareholders of the Company or other necessary approvals, wherever required, and shall not exceed the limits mentioned under applicable laws.
- (ii) Annual increment/ subsequent variation in remuneration to the MD/ WTD/CEO/ Manager shall be recommended by NRC and approved by the Board of Directors, within the overall limits approved by the shareholders of the Company.

B. NEDs:

- (i) NEDs shall be entitled to such sitting fees as may be decided by the Board of Directors from time to time for attending the meeting of the Board and of the Committee thereof.
- (ii) NEDs shall also be entitled for payment of remuneration (including commission) as recommended by NRC and approved by the Board of Directors and wherever required approval of the shareholders shall be obtained in accordance with applicable laws.
- (iii) IDs shall not be eligible for any Stock Options, pursuant to any Stock Option Plan adopted by the Company.

- (iv) NEDs shall be eligible for remuneration of such professional services rendered if in the opinion of the NRC, the NED possesses the requisite qualification for rendering such professional services in accordance with applicable laws.

C. SMPs & KMPs (other than MD/WTd/ CEO / Manager):

- (i) Remuneration packages shall be designed in such manner that:
 - (a) Motivates delivery of key business strategies, creates a strong performance-orientated environment and rewards achievement of the Company's objectives & goals over the short and long-term.
 - (b) Attracts high-flier executives in a competitive global market and remunerate executives fairly and responsibly.
- (ii) Remuneration shall be competitive and shall include salary comprising of both fixed and variable components, performance incentives and other benefits as per the Policy of the Company, considering relevant qualification, experience and performance of the individual as well as the prevailing market conditions.
- (iii) The remuneration to the KMPs and SMPs, at the time of his/her appointment, shall be recommended by the NRC and approved by the Board considering relevant qualification, experience and performance of the individual as well as the prevailing market conditions. The remuneration may be a combination of fixed and variable pay.
- (iv) Remuneration shall be evaluated annually, and annual increase shall be decided considering the performance of the individual and also of the Company. Industry practices/ trends shall also be given due consideration. Annual increment /subsequent variation in remuneration to the KMPs/SMPs shall be approved by the NRC/ Board of Directors.

- (v) Remuneration can be reset at any time considering the benchmark of international and domestic companies, which are similar in size and complexity to the Company. Benchmark information may be obtained from internationally recognized compensation service consultancies.

- (vi) NRC may consider grant of Stock Options to KMPs & SMPs pursuant to any Stock Option Plan adopted by the Company, if any.

D. DIRECTOR AND OFFICERS LIABILITY INSURANCE:

- (i) The Company shall provide an insurance cover to Directors, KMPs & SMPs for indemnifying them against any liability in respect of any negligence, default, misfeasance, breach of duty or breach of trust and the premium paid on the same shall not be treated as a part of remuneration paid to them.
- (ii) The premium for such insurance cover, called for Directors and Officers Liability Insurance Policy, taken for the above purpose shall be paid by the Company without any charge to the Directors, KMPs and SMPs.

9 AMENDMENTS TO THE POLICY:

The Board of Directors may amend this Policy, as and when deemed fit. Any or all provisions of this Policy would be subject to revision / amendment in accordance with the Rules, Regulations, Notifications etc. on the subject as may be issued by relevant statutory authorities, from time to time.

In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this Policy and of the Act or Listing Regulations or any other statutory enactments, rules, the provisions of such Act or Listing Regulations or statutory enactments, rules shall prevail over this Policy. Any subsequent amendment / modification in the Listing Regulations, Act and/or other applicable laws in this regard shall mutatis mutandis apply to /prevail upon this Policy.

Statement containing the Disclosures pursuant to Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

(i) The ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the company for the financial year:

No director has received remuneration from the Company apart from sitting fees for attending the meetings of the Board, Audit Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee and Nomination and Remuneration Committee held from time to time.

Based on the sitting fees for attending the meetings held during the F.Y. 2024-25 attended by each Director, the ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year is as under:

Sr. No.	Name of Director	Ratio
1.	Mr. Ramesh Chandak	0.02
2.	Mr. Abhay Vasant Nerurkar	0.02
3.	Mr. Hari Narain Singh Rajpoot	0.03
4.	Mr. Hemendra Chimanlal Dalal*	0.01
5.	Mr. Manish Jain	0.01
6.	Mr. Prem Kapil*	0.01
7.	Mr. Rohin Feroze Bomanji**	0.01
8.	Ms. Shweta Ratnakar Musale	0.03
9.	Mr. Sunil Kamalakar Tamhane***	0.01

* Directors upto 27.09.2024.

**Appointed as Director w.e.f. 01.08.2024.

***Appointed as Director w.e.f. 16.09.2024.

(ii) The percentage increase/(decrease) in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer (CFO), Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Company Secretary (CS) or Manager, if any, in the financial year:

As stated above, none of the Directors received remuneration apart from sitting fees for attending the meetings of the Board, Audit Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee and Nomination and Remuneration Committee, where they are members. There has been no increase in the amount of sitting fee paid per meeting for attending the meetings during the year under review as compared to the financial year 2023-24.

The percentage increase in remuneration of CFO during the year under review as compared to the previous year is not applicable as there was change in CFO during the previous year.

The percentage increase in remuneration of CS during the year under review as compared to the previous year is 14.88%.

The percentage increase in remuneration of Manager during the year under review as compared to the previous year is 8.00%.

(iii) The percentage increase in the median remuneration of the employees in the financial year: 10.25%.

(iv) The number of permanent employees on the rolls of the Company:

As on March 31, 2025, the Company had 6 (Six) employees on its rolls, including Key Managerial Personnel(s) of the Company.

(v) Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration:

Average percentage increase made in the salaries of employees other than the Manager during the previous FY 2024-25 was 9.96%.

The increment given to each employee was based on criteria's such as the performance of the company and of the individual employee during the financial year.

(vi) Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the company:

Remuneration paid during the year ended March 31, 2025, was as per Remuneration Policy of the Company.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Ramesh Chandak
Chairman
DIN: 00026581

Date: May 05, 2025
Place: Mumbai

ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES FOR FINANCIAL YEAR 2024-25

1. A brief outline of the Company's CSR Policy:

Summit Securities Limited ('the Company') has framed a Policy on Corporate Social Responsibility. The purpose remains to support communities to lead purposeful, healthy and dignified lives, thereby driving holistic empowerment and overall well-being of the community. Our vision is to bring about a long-term sustainable change in the lives of less privileged through implementation of initiatives that have a clear societal impact.

The Company proposes to undertake CSR activities out of the amounts as per CSR Rules, as envisaged in the CSR policy of the Company particularly relate to:-

- (i) Eradicating hunger, poverty and malnutrition, promoting preventive health care and sanitation and making available safe drinking water;
- (ii) Promoting education including special education and employment enhancing vocation skills especially among children, women, elderly and the differently abled and livelihood enhancement projects;
- (iii) Promoting gender equality, empowering women, setting up homes and hostels for women and orphans, setting up old age homes, day care centres and such other facilities for senior citizens and measures for reducing inequalities faced by socially and economically backward groups;
- (iv) Ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance, protection of flora and fauna, animal welfare, agro-forestry, conservation of natural resources and maintaining quality of soil, air and water.

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

CSR Committee was dissolved by the Board of Directors on February 09, 2021 in accordance with Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Amendment Rules, 2021. Accordingly, as per the amended provisions of Section 135 (9) of the Companies Act 2013, the Board of Directors are empowered to perform the functions of the CSR Committee since its dissolution.

3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company:

https://www.summitsecurities.net/files/corporate_governance/CSR_Policy.pdf

4. Provide the executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact Assessment of CSR Projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8, if applicable: Not Applicable.

5. a. Average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135: (-) Rs. 123.76 lakhs
- b. Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135: Nil as the average net profit for the last three preceding financial years is negative.
- c. Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years: Not Applicable
- d. Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any: Not Applicable
- e. Total CSR obligation for the financial year (b+c-d): Nil
6. a. Amount spent on CSR projects (both Ongoing Project and other than Ongoing Projects): Nil
- b. Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: Nil
- c. Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: Nil
- d. Total amount spent for the Financial Year [a+b+c]: Nil
- e. CSR amount spent or unspent for the Financial Year: Nil

Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year. (In Rs.)	Amount Unspent (in Rs.)				
	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per sub- section (6) of section 135.		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135.		
	Amount	Date of transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of transfer
Not Applicable					

a. Excess amount for set-off, if any: Not Applicable

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount (in Rs.)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135	--
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	--
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	--
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	--
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	--

7. Details of Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility amount for the preceding three Financial Years: Not Applicable

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		(7)	(8)
Sl. No.	Preceding Financial Year	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6) (in Rs.)	Balance Amount in Unspent CSR account under sub section (6) of section 135 (in Rs.)	Amount spent in the Financial Year (in Rs.).	Amount transferred to a fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to sub- section (5) of section 135, if any		Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding Financial Years (in Rs)	Deficiency, if any
					Amount (in Rs)	Date of transfer		
Not Applicable								

8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year: No

If yes, enter the number of Capital assets created/ acquired

Furnish the details relating to such asset(s) so created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year:

Sl. No.	Short particulars of the property or asset(s) [including complete address and location of the property]	Pin code of the property or asset(s)	Date of creation	Amount of CSR amount spent	Details of entity/ Authority/ beneficiary of the registered owner		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		
-	-	-	-	-	CSR	Name	Registered
					Registration	-	Address
					Number, if	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	Applicable	-	-

9. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5): Not Applicable

Hari Narain Singh Rajpoot

Director

DIN: 00080836

Sunil Kamalakar Tamhane

Director

DIN: 03179129

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 05, 2025

Annexure-D

FORM No. MR-3
SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

(Pursuant to Section 204 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies
(Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014)

To,
The Members,
Summit Securities Limited

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Summit Securities Limited (hereinafter called the Company'). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company, to the extent the information provided by the company, its officers, agents and authorised representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, the explanations and clarifications given to us and the representations made by the Management and considering the relaxations granted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and Securities and Exchange Board of India, we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2025 generally complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records made available to us and maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2025 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contract (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act')
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non- Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Act and dealing with client; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
 - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period) and
 - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
- (vi) Other laws specifically applicable to the Company namely
 - (a) The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934
 - (b) Master Direction- Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company- Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023 as amended from time to time
 - (c) Other applicable directions issued under the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1954

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India with respect to Board and General Meetings.
- (ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited read with the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the period under review, the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, standards etc. mentioned above.

We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice was given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Decisions at the Board Meetings were taken unanimously.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period no events occurred which had bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc.

For Parikh Parekh & Associates
Company Secretaries

Shalini Bhat
Partner

FCS No:6484 CP No: 6994
UDIN: F006484G000272981
PR No.: 6839/2025

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 05, 2025

*This Report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as **Annexure A** and forms an integral part of this report.*

'Annexure A'

To,
The Members,
Summit Securities Limited

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. We believe that the process and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the Compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events, etc.
5. The Compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Parikh Parekh & Associates
Company Secretaries

Shalini Bhat
Partner

FCS No:6484 CP No: 6994
UDIN: F006484G000272981
PR No.: 6839/2025

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 05, 2025

Annexure-E

FORM No. MR-3
SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2025

[Pursuant to section 204 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies
(Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
Instant Holdings Limited

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Instant Holdings Limited (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company, the information to the extent provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, the explanations and clarifications given to us and the representations made by the Management and considering the relaxations granted by The Ministry of Corporate Affairs, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2025, generally complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records made available to us and maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2025 according to the applicable provisions of:

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder; (ii) The Securities Contract (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder; (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder; (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings; (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015; (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 and amendments from time to time; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period) (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period) (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period) (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period) (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period) and (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period) (vi) Other laws applicable specifically to the Company namely:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 b) Directions issued under the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 |
|---|--|

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India with respect to board and general meetings.

During the period under review, the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, standards etc. mentioned above.

We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice was given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance for meetings and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Decisions at the Board Meetings were taken unanimously.

We further report that there are systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines etc.

We further report that during the audit period the following specific event occurred which had bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc:

The Company had increased the borrowing limits under Section 180(1)(c) of the Act, however no borrowing(s) were availed by the Company.

For Parikh Parekh & Associates
Company Secretaries

J. U. Poojari

Partner

FCS No: 8102 CP No: 8187

UDIN: F008102G000191802

PR No.: 6389/2025

Place: Mumbai

Date April 24, 2025

*This Report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as **Annexure A** and Forms an integral part of this report.*

'Annexure A'

To,

The Members

Instant Holdings Limited

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the process and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management Representation about the Compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The Compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Parikh Parekh & Associates
Company Secretaries

J. U. Poojari

Partner

FCS No: 8102 CP No: 8187

UDIN: F008102G000191802

PR No.: 6389/2025

Place: Mumbai

Date April 24, 2025

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

I. COMPANY PHILOSOPHY:

Corporate Governance is the set of systems, principles and processes by which a Company is governed. It is an ethically driven business process that is committed to values and conduct of the organization in order to attain the objects of the Company. Our philosophy on Corporate Governance envisages attainment of the highest levels of transparency, accountability and equity in all facets of its operations and in all interactions with its stakeholders, including shareholders, employees, the Government and the society in general. As a result, our philosophy extends beyond what is stated under this Report and it has been the Company's constant endeavor to attain the highest levels of Corporate Governance.

This Report is in compliance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('Listing Regulations') as amended upto date and as applicable to the Company, it forms part of the Boards' Report to the members of the Company.

II. BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

In terms of the Company's Corporate Governance Policy, all statutory and other significant and material information including information mentioned in Regulation 17 read with Schedule II of the Listing Regulations, are placed before the Board to enable it to discharge its responsibility of strategic supervision of the Company with due compliance of applicable laws and as trustees of stakeholders.

1. Composition:

As on March 31, 2025, the Board of Directors comprised of seven (7) members, all of whom are Non-Executive Directors including the Chairman.

The Directors are eminent professionals with experience in industry/business/finance/law and bring with them the reputation of independent judgment and experience, which they exercise.

All the Independent Directors of the Company have confirmed that they meet with the criteria of independence laid down under the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the Listing Regulations. All such declarations are placed before the Board. Further, pursuant to Section 164(2) of

the Act, all the Directors have also provided annual declarations that he/she has not been disqualified to act as a Director.

None of the Directors on the Board is a member of more than Ten (10) committees or Chairman of more than Five (5) committees across all listed entities in which he/she is a Director as stipulated in Regulation 26(1) of the Listing Regulations. Further, none of the Independent Directors on the Board is serving as an Independent Director in more than Seven (7) listed companies and none of the Directors on the Board is a Director in more than Seven (7) listed companies. The necessary declarations regarding Committee positions have been made by all the Directors.

M/s. Parikh Parekh & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries have issued a certificate as required under the Listing Regulations, confirming that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company are debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of the Company by the SEBI/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority. The same was placed before the Board at its meeting held on May 05, 2025 and also forms part of this Annual Report. None of the Directors have any inter-se relationship among themselves in terms of the definition of 'relative' given under the Act.

During the year under review, the members of the Company had re-appointed Mr. Hari Narain Singh Rajpoot (DIN: 00080836) as the Director (Non-executive) of the Company, liable to retire by rotation.

2. Board Meetings held during the year and attendance thereat:

During the year under review, four (4) meetings of the Board were held on May 16, 2024, July 19, 2024, October 23, 2024 and January 31, 2025. Except for the meeting held on October 23, 2024, which was conducted physically at the registered office of the Company, all other meetings were held through video conferencing in accordance with applicable laws including circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA)/ SEBI in this regard. Details of Directors and their attendance at the said Board Meetings and also at the Twenty-Seventh Annual General Meeting is as given below:

Name	Director Identification Number	Category of Directorship	No. of Board Meetings attended during the year	Attendance at Twenty Seventh AGM held on August 22, 2024	No. of Directorships in other Public Limited Companies (as on March 31, 2025)	No. of Committee positions held in other Public Limited Companies* (as on March 31, 2025)		List of directorships of other listed entities and the category of such directorship
						Chairman	Member**	
Mr. Ramesh Chandak	00026581	Non-Executive, Independent, Chairman	4	Yes	4	3	6	- Ram Ratna Wires Limited, Independent Director - R R Kabel Limited, Independent Director - Anand Rathie Wealth Limited, Independent Director - Tribhovandas Bhimji Zaveri Limited, Independent Director
Mr. Abhay Vasant Nerurkar	00045309	Non-Executive, Independent	4	Yes	1	1	1	None
Mr. Hari Narian Singh Rajpoot	00080836	Non-Executive	4	Yes	4	4	6	- FGP Limited, Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director - South West Pinnacle Exploration Limited
Mr. Manish Jain	05307900	Non-Executive	2	Yes	2	0	1	None
Mr. Rohin Feroze Bomanji#	06971089	Non-Executive, Independent	2	Yes	3	1	6	- FGP Limited, Independent Director - STEL Holdings Limited, Independent Director
Ms. Shweta Ratnakar Musale	03280429	Non-Executive, Independent	3	Yes	1	0	4	FGP Limited, Independent Director
Mr. Sunil Kamalakar Tamhane\$	03179129	Non-Executive, Independent	2	NA	2	0	4	- FGP Limited, Independent Director - STEL Holdings Limited, Independent Director

Note:

* Committee positions pertain to position held in Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee in public limited companies including the Company.

** Membership in a Committee is inclusive of Chairmanship held, if any, by the Director.

\$ Appointed w.e.f. 16.09.2024.

Appointed w.e.f. 01.08.2024.

Details of skills/expertise/competence of the Board of Directors:

The Directors on the Board are eminent industrialists/professionals and have expertise in their respective functional areas, which brings with them the reputation of independent judgement and experience which adds value to the Company's business. Directors are inducted on the Board basis the possession of the skills identified by the Board as below and their special skills with regards to the industries/fields they come from.

The Board has identified the following skills/expertise/ competencies fundamental for the effective functioning of the Company, which are currently available with the Board.

Global Business – Understanding of global business dynamics across various geographies, industry verticals and regulatory jurisdictions.

Strategy and Planning - Appreciation of long-term trends, strategic choices and experience in guiding and leading management teams to make decisions in uncertain environments.

Governance - Experience in developing governance framework, serving the best interests of all stakeholders, driving board and management accountability, building long-term effective stakeholder engagements and sustaining corporate ethics and values.

The skills/expertise/ competencies have been further elaborated as under:

Name of Director	Skills / Expertise / Competence			
Mr. Ramesh Chandak Chairman – Non-Executive Independent Director	 General Management and Business Operations	 Business Development	 Strategy / M&A / Restructuring	 Accounting / Finance / Legal
	 CEO / Senior Management Experience	 Risk Management	 Corporate Governance	
Mr. Abhay Vasant Nerurkar Non-Executive Independent Director	 General Management and Business Operations	 Accounting / Finance / Legal	 Corporate Governance	 Public Policy
Mr. Hari Narian Singh Rajpoot Non-Executive Director	 General Management and Business Operations	 Business Development	 Strategy / M&A / Restructuring	 Accounting / Finance / Legal
	 CEO / Senior Management Experience	 Risk Management	 Human Resources Management	 Corporate Governance
Mr. Manish Jain Non-Executive Director	 General Management and Business Operations	 Business Development	 Strategy / M&A / Restructuring	 Accounting / Finance / Legal
	 CEO / Senior Management Experience	 Risk Management	 Public Policy	 Human Resources Management
	 Corporate Governance			
Mr. Rohin Feroze Bomanji, Non-Executive Independent Director	 General Management and Business Operations	 Accounting / Finance / Legal	 Corporate Governance	 Human Resources Management
Ms. Shweta Ratnakar Musale Non-Executive Independent Director	 General Management and Business Operations	 Accounting / Finance / Legal	 Risk Management	 Corporate Governance
Mr. Sunil Kamalakar Tamhane, Non-Executive Independent Director	 General Management and Business Operations	 Accounting / Finance / Legal	 Risk Management	 Corporate Governance

III. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD:

The Board has constituted a set of Committees with specific terms of reference/scope to focus effectively on diverse matters. Each Committee is guided by its Terms of Reference, which provides for the composition, scope, powers and duties and responsibilities. The terms of reference of these Board Committees are reviewed and determined by the Board, from time to time.

The minutes of the meetings of all Committees are placed before the Board for review and noting. The Board of Directors have confirmed that during the year, all recommendations of the Committee(s) were duly considered and approved by the Board of Directors and none of the recommendation made by any of the Committees has been rejected by the Board.

(i) Audit Committee:

a. Composition and Attendance:

The Company has complied with the requirements of Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations and Section 177 of the Act in respect of the composition of the Audit Committee.

At present, the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company consists of five (5) members, Mr. Abhay Vasant Nerurkar, Mr. Hari Narain Singh Rajpoot, Mr. Rohin Feroze Bomanji, Mr. Sunil Kamalakar Tamhane, Ms. Shweta Ratnakar Musale. Mr. Abhay Vasant Nerurkar, Independent Director, is the Chairman of the Audit Committee. All the members of the Audit Committee are Non-Executive Directors and have a sound knowledge of finance, accounts, company law and general management.

During the year under review, four (4) meetings of the Audit Committee were held on May 16, 2024 July 19, 2024, October 23, 2024 and January 31, 2025. Except for meeting held on October 23, 2024, which was conducted physically at the Registered Office of the company, all other meetings were held through Video Conferencing in accordance with applicable laws: The attendance of the members at the aforesaid Meetings was as under:

Name of members	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Abhay Vasant Nerurkar	4
Mr. Hari Narain Singh Rajpoot	4
Ms. Shweta Ratnakar Musale	3
Mr. Hemendra Chimanlal Dalal *	2
Mr. Sunil Kamalakar Tamhane**	2
Mr. Rohin Feroze Bomanji#	-

* Ceased to be a member w.e.f. 15.09.2024.

** Appointed as a member w.e.f. 16.09.2024.

Appointed as a member w.e.f. 01.02.2025.

The Company Secretary functions as the Secretary to the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee Meetings are also generally attended by the representatives of Statutory Auditors, Internal Auditors, the Chief Financial Officer and the Manager of the Company.

In accordance with Regulation 18(1)(d) of the Listing Regulations, the Chairman of the Audit Committee had attended the Twenty-Seventh Annual General Meeting of the Company held on August 22, 2024.

b. Terms of reference:

The role, powers, functions and the terms of reference of the Audit Committee specified by the Board are in conformity with the requirements of the Listing Regulations and Section 177 of the Act.

The terms of reference include the matters specified under Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations read with Part C of Schedule II thereof, as well as Section 177 of the Act which inter-alia include the following matters:

- i. To recommend the appointment/ reappointment/ re-placement, remuneration and terms of appointment of the Statutory Auditors and the Internal Auditors of the Company.
- ii. To review and monitor independence and performance of the Statutory and Internal auditors and reviewing, with the management adequacy of the internal control systems.
- iii. To approve or ratify transactions of the Company with Related Parties, including any subsequent modifications.
- iv. To examine Financial Statements and Auditor's report thereon and for this purpose, to call, if necessary, the comments of the Auditors about the following:
 - (i) Internal Control systems
 - (ii) Scope of audit, including observations of Auditors.
- v. To scrutinize inter-corporate loans and investments made by the Company.
- vi. To carry out valuation of undertakings and the assets of the Company as and when necessary.
- vii. To evaluate the internal financial control systems.
- viii. To evaluate the Risk Management Systems.
- ix. To monitor, end use of funds raised through public offers (including public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, qualified institutional placement etc.) and related matters.
- x. Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
- xi. To review effectiveness of the audit process and adequacy of the internal audit function including structure/staffing and reporting process and frequency of the internal audit.

- xii. To recommend the Financial Statement to the Board for its approval, after carrying out the procedure mentioned at iv. above.
- xiii. To give personal hearing to the Auditors and key managerial personnel when, if necessary, while reviewing the Auditor's Report.
- xiv. To oversee the Company's financial reporting process and disclosure of the financial information to ensure that the financial statements are correct, sufficient and creditable.
- xv. To review the Annual Financial Statements and auditor's report with the Management before submitting the same to the Board particularly the following:
 - a) Matters required to be included in the Director, Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's Report in terms of Clause (c) of sub-section 3 of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013.
 - b) Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same.
 - c) Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management.
 - d) Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings
 - e) Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements.
 - f) Disclosure of any related party transactions.
 - g) Qualifications/ modified opinions in draft Audit Report.
- xvi. To review with the Management the quarterly financial statements before submitting the same to the Board.
- xvii. To discuss with the Internal Auditors any significant findings and follow-up thereof.
- xviii. To review findings of the internal investigation, including the matters of suspected frauds or irregularities or failure of internal control systems of material nature and reporting the matter to the Board.
- xix. To discuss with the Statutory Auditors the nature and scope of audit before commencement of the audit and also after completion of audit, to ascertain any internal area of concern.
- xx. To look into the reasons for substantial defaults for payment to the deposit holders, debenture holders and creditors.
- xxi. Review the functioning of the Vigil Mechanism/Whistle Blower Mechanism for the Directors and employees to report their genuine concerns or grievances and provide mechanism for adequate safeguards against victimization.
- xxii. Approval for appointment of CFO (i.e. the whole-time Finance Director or any other persons heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate.
- xxiii. Reviewing financial statements, in particular the investments made by the Company's unlisted subsidiaries.
- xxiv. Reviewing of the utilization of loans and /or advances existing loans and/ or advances from/investment made by the Company in its subsidiary exceeding Rs. 100 crore or 10% of the total gross assets of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans/ advances /investment or such other limit as may be prescribed from time to time.
- xxv. Review compliance with the provisions of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time, at least once in a financial year and shall verify that the systems for internal control are adequate and are operating effectively.
- xxvi. To carry out any other function, as may be assigned to Audit Committee pursuant to any amendments to the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, RBI guidelines and the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 as amended or re-enacted from time to time.
- xxvii. To review the following information/ document:
 - (i) Management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operation;
 - (ii) Statement of significant related party transactions (as defined by the Audit Committee), submitted by management;
 - (iii) Management letter of internal control weakness issued by the statutory auditors;
 - (iv) Internal audit reports relating to internal control weakness; and

- (v) The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Internal Auditor.

- (vi) Statement of deviations:

- (a) Review the quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32(1).
- (b) Review the annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/ prospectus/ notice in terms of Regulation 32(7).

xxviii. To investigate into any matter specified under serial nos. i. to xxvii. above and for this purpose to obtain advise of external professionals, if necessary, and accord them full access to the information contained in the records of the Company.

(ii) Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

a. Composition and attendance:

The Company has complied with the requirements of Regulation 19 of the Listing Regulations and Section 178 of the Act in respect of the composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ('NRC').

At present, the NRC consists of Four (4) members, Mr. Abhay Vasant Nerurkar, Mr. Hari Narain Singh Rajpoot, Mr. Rohin Feroze Bomanji and Mr. Sunil Kamalakar Tamhane. All the members of the NRC are Non-Executive Directors. Mr. Rohin Feroze Bomanji, Independent Director is the Chairman of NRC in continuity as below: w.e.f September 16, 2024

During the year under review, one (1) meeting of NRC was held on May 16, 2024 through video conferencing in accordance with applicable laws. The attendance of members at the aforesaid meetings was as under:

Name of members	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Abhay Vasant Nerurkar	1
Mr. Hari Narain Singh Rajpoot	1
Mr. Hemendra Chimanlal Dalal *	1
Mr. Prem Kapil*	1
Mr. Rohin Feroze Bomanji**	-
Mr. Sunil Kamalakar Tamhane**	-

* Ceased to be a member w.e.f. 15.09.2024.

** Appointed as a member w.e.f. 16.09.2024.

The Company Secretary functions as the Secretary to the NRC.

During the year under review, one (1) meeting of NRC was held on May 16, 2024 through video conferencing in accordance with applicable

laws. The aforesaid meeting was attended by all the Members of the Committee.

In accordance with Regulation 19(3) of the Listing Regulations, the Chairman of the NRC had attended the Twenty-Seventh Annual General Meeting of the Company held on August 22, 2024.

b. Terms of reference:

The terms of reference of NRC include the matters specified under Regulation 19 of the Listing Regulations read with Part D of Schedule II thereof, as well as Section 178 of the Act which inter-alia include the following matters:

- To ensure that the general character of the management or the proposed management of the Company shall not be prejudicial to the interest of its present and/or future depositors, if any.
- To ensure fit and proper criteria status of existing/proposed directors.
- To lay down criteria such as qualification, positive attributes and independence of a Director and recommend to the Board of directors a policy relating to, the remuneration of the directors, Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) and Senior Management Personnel (SMP).
- To identify persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management positions, as per the criteria laid down, and recommend to the Board of Directors their appointment and removal.
- For every appointment of an independent director, evaluate the balance of skills, knowledge and experience on the Board and on the basis of such evaluation, prepare a description of the role and capabilities required of an independent director. The person recommended to the Board for appointment as an independent director shall have the capabilities identified in such description. For the purpose of identifying suitable candidates, the Committee may:
 - use the services of external agencies, if required;
 - consider candidates from a wide range of backgrounds, having due regard to diversity; and
 - consider the time commitments of the candidates.
- To recommend to the Board the appointment and removal of the Directors, including Independent Directors.

- (vii) To formulate the criteria for effective evaluation of performance of Board of Directors, its Committees, Chairperson and individual Directors to be carried out either by the Board or by NRC or through an independent external agency and review its implementation and compliance.
- (viii) To recommend to the Board a policy relating to the remuneration for directors, including Managing Director(s)/Manager and Whole-time Director(s), Senior Management Personnel (SMP), Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) and other employees. While formulating the policy, the NRC shall ensure that:
- The level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors of the quality required to run the Company successfully.
 - Relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks.
 - Remuneration to directors, key managerial personnel and senior management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.
- (ix) To recommend to the Board, remuneration payable to Directors, KMPs and SMPs in accordance with the Nomination and Remuneration Policy;
- (x) To devise and recommend to the Board for approval a policy on diversity of board of directors;
- (xi) To opine as per Section 197(4)(b) whether the Director possess the requisite qualification;
- (xii) Recommending to the Board, appointment and removal of KMPs and SMPs in accordance with the criteria laid down;
- (xiii) To determine whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors;
- (xiv) To carry out any other function, as may be assigned or delegated to Nomination and Remuneration Committee by (i) the Board of Directors (ii) the virtue of the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (iii) the SEBI (Listing Obligations and

Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (iv) RBI guidelines and any other applicable provisions of Laws, as amended or re-enacted from time to time.

c. Performance evaluation criteria for independent directors:

The Annual Performance Evaluation as required under the Act read with relevant rules made thereunder and Regulation 17(10) and other applicable regulations of the Listing Regulations has been carried out by the Board of its own performance, of each individual Director including chairperson and its Committees.

For this purpose, an Evaluation Questionnaire prepared considers the criteria for evaluation in accordance with the Company's "Nomination and Remuneration Policy", approved by the Board of Directors on recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, taking into account the applicable provisions under the Act and the rules made thereunder, the Listing Regulations read with the circulars issued by SEBI in this regard, which interalia covered various aspects such as participation in meetings, contributions to strategic decision making etc. The aforesaid Evaluation Questionnaire was circulated to all Directors and their responses were received in sealed envelopes addressed to the Chairman of the Board and results thereof were discussed at the next meeting of the Board of Directors.

Particulars of senior management personnel and changes therein since the close of the previous financial year

Sr. No	Name of Senior Management Personnel	Designation	Changes, since the previous financial year, if any and effective date
1.	Mr. Arvind Dhumal	Manager	-
2.	Mr. Anand Rathi	Chief Financial Officer (CFO)	-
3.	Ms. Jiya Gangwani	Company Secretary	-
4.	Mr. Pragnesh Mistry	Chief Information Officer	-

Directors Remuneration:

➤ Payments to Non-Executive Directors and details of remuneration paid to all the Directors:

The Non-executive Directors do not receive any commission on profits. They are entitled to sitting fees for attending every Board meeting. Further, members of the Board of Directors, who are members on the Audit Committee and/or Stakeholders Relationship Committee and/or Nomination and Remuneration Committee, receive sitting fees for attending the meetings of the same. The sitting fees paid to the directors are within the limits prescribed under the Act and Rules made thereunder.

During the year under review, no remuneration except sitting fees was paid to the Directors of the Company. The details pertaining to the sitting fees for meetings attended by the Directors during F.Y. 2024-25 are enumerated below:

Name of Director	Sitting Fees for 2024-25 (All figures in Rs.)
Mr. Ramesh Chandak	20,000/-
Mr. Abhay Vasant Nerurkar*	33,000/-
Mr. Hemendra Chimanlal Dalal* (until 15.09.2024)	17,000/-
Mr. Hari Narian Singh Rajpoot*	37,000/-
Ms. Manish Jain*	13,000/-
Mr. Prem Kapil* (until 15.09.2024)	11,000/-
Ms. Shweta Musale*	27,000/-
Mr. Rohin Bomanji*	12,000/-
Mr. Sunil Kamalakar Tamhane*	16,000/-

*Includes sitting fees for attending meetings of Audit Committee and/or Stakeholders Relationship Committee and/or Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

➤ **Shareholding of Directors:**

As on March 31, 2025, following shares of the Company were held by the Directors of the Company:

Name of Director	No of shares held
Mr. Hari Narain Singh Rajpoot	1

Independent Directors Meeting:

As per sub-regulation (3) and (4) of Regulation 25 of the Listing Regulations as well as pursuant to Section 149(8) of the Act read with Schedule IV and in accordance with the Nomination and Remuneration Policy, the Independent Directors have at their meeting held on February 03, 2025:

- Reviewed the performance of Non-Independent Directors, the Chairman of the Company, Committees and the Board of Directors as a whole;
- Assessed the quality, quantity and timeliness of the flow of information between the company management and the Board.

All Independent Directors were present at the said meeting through video conferencing.

Familiarization Programme for Independent Directors:

Pursuant to the Code of Conduct for Independent Directors specified under the Act and the requirements of the Listing Regulations, the Company has framed a familiarisation programme for all its Independent Directors. The Company follows a structured orientation programme for the newly appointed Independent Directors to familiarize them to understand the nature of industry the Company operates into, its business model, updates on the business and operations of the Company together with roles, rights and responsibilities of the Directors to facilitate their engagement in meaningful

deliberations and in taking informed decisions.

Post appointment of a Director on the Board, a formal letter of appointment is issued to such Director. The requirement of obtaining declarations from a Director under the Act, the Listing Regulations and other relevant regulations are also explained in detail to the Director and necessary affirmations are received from them in respect thereto.

Details of familiarization programme imparted to independent directors is disclosed on the website of the Company at https://www.summitsecurities.net/files/Note_on_Familiarisation_Prog_for_Ind.pdf

(iii) Stakeholders Relationship Committee:

a. Composition and attendance:

The Company has complied with the requirements of Regulation 20 of the Listing Regulations and Section 178 of the Act in respect of the composition of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee ('SRC').

As on March 31, 2025, the SRC of the Board of Directors of the Company consists of Five (5) members all being Non-Executive Directors, Mr. Hari Narain Singh Rajpoot, Mr. Manish Jain, Mr. Rohin Feroze Bomanji, Ms. Shweta Ratnakar Musale and Mr. Sunil Kamalakar Tamhane. Mr. Hari Narain Singh Rajpoot, Non-Executive Director is the Chairman of the SRC.

The Company Secretary functions as the Secretary to the SRC.

During the year under review, four (4) meetings of the Audit Committee were held on May 16, 2024 July 19, 2024, October 23, 2024 and January 31, 2025. Except for meeting held on October 23, 2024, which was conducted physically at the registered office of the company, all other meetings were held through Video Conferencing in accordance with applicable laws:

Name of members	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Hari Narian Singh Rajpoot	4
Mr. Manish Jain	4
Mr. Rohin Bomanji*	2
Ms. Shweta Musale	3
Mr. Sunil Kamalakar Tamhane**	-

* Appointed as a member w.e.f. 16.09.2024.

** Appointed as a member w.e.f. 01.02.2025.

In accordance with Regulation 20(3) of the Listing Regulations, the Chairman of SRC had attended the Twenty Seventh Annual General Meeting of the Company held on August 22, 2024.

b. Terms of Reference:

The terms of reference of SRC include the matters specified under Regulation 20 of the Listing Regulations read with Part D of Schedule

It thereof, as well as Section 178 of the Act which inter-alia include the following matters:

- (i) To consider the various aspects of stakeholder's interests including resolving the grievances of all the security holders.
- (ii) To review and deal with complaints and queries received from the shareholders, debenture holders, deposit holders and other investors including complaints related to transfer/transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc.
- (iii) To review and deal with responses to the letters received from the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Stock Exchanges, the Depositories and Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) and other regulatory authorities.
- (iv) To review the transfer and transmission of securities approved by the Company's officials, authorized by the Board, from time to time, for this purpose.
- (v) To approve issue of duplicate share certificates.
- (vi) Reviewing of:
 - a. measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders
 - b. Reviewing adherence to the service standards adopted by the Company in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.
 - c. Reviewing of the various measures and initiatives taken by the Company for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the company.
- (vii) To carry out any other function as may be entrusted by: (i) the Board of Directors; (ii) by virtue of applicable provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Companies Act, 2013 or any other applicable laws, as amended from time to time.

- c. The status of the Complaints received from investors is as follows:

Shareholders/ Investors Complaints:

Particulars of the Complaints	Number of Complaints
Pending as on April 1, 2024	Nil
Received during the year	7
Resolved to the satisfaction of shareholders during the year	7
Remained unresolved as on March 31, 2025	Nil

(iv) Risk Management Committee:

The Company has constituted a Risk Management Committee ("RMC") in compliance with Regulation 21 of Listing Regulations and in terms of the guidelines of corporate governance issued by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI').

a. Composition and attendance:

As on March 31, 2025, the RMC of the Board of Directors of the Company consisted of seven (7) members, Mr. Abhay Vasant Nerurkar, Mr. Hari Narain Singh Rajpoot, Mr. Manish Jain, Mr. Rohin Feroze Bomanji, and Mr. Sunil Kamalakar Tamhane, Non-Executive Directors, Mr. Anand Rathi, Chief Financial Officer and Mr. Arvind Dhumal, Manager. Mr. Hari Narain Singh Rajpoot is Chairman of the RMC.

During the year under review, three (3) meetings of the RMC were held on May 16, 2024, October 23, 2024 and January 31, 2025. Except for meeting held on October 23, 2024, which was conducted physically at the registered office of the company, all other meetings were held through Video Conferencing in accordance with applicable laws:

Name(s) of members	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Abhay Vasant Nerurkar	3
Mr. Hari Narain Singh Rajpoot	3
Mr. Manish Jain	2
Mr. Prem Kapil*	1
Mr. Rohin Feroze Bomanji**	2
Mr. Sunil Kamalakar Tamhane#	-
Mr. Arvind Dhumal	3
Mr. Anand Rathi	3

* Ceased to be a member w.e.f. 15.09.2024.

** Appointed as a member w.e.f. 16.09.2024.

Appointed as a member w.e.f. 01.02.2025.

b. Terms of reference of RMC:

- (i) To formulate a detailed risk management policy which shall include:
 - (a) A framework for identification of internal and external risks specifically faced by the listed entity, in particular including financial, liquidity, operational, sectoral, sustainability (particularly, ESG related risks), information, cyber security risks or any other risk as may be determined by the Committee.
 - (b) Measures for risk mitigation including systems and processes for internal control of identified risks.
 - (c) Business continuity plan.
- (ii) To ensure that appropriate methodology, processes and systems are in place to monitor and evaluate risks associated with the business of the Company.
- (iii) To monitor and oversee implementation of the risk management policy, including evaluating the adequacy of risk management systems.
- (iv) To periodically review the risk management policy, at least once in two years, including by considering the changing industry dynamics and evolving complexity.
- (v) To keep the board of directors informed about the nature and content of its discussions, recommendations and actions to be taken.
- (vi) The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Risk Officer (if any) shall be subject to review by the Risk Management Committee.
- (vii) The RMC shall coordinate its activities with other committees, in instances where there is any overlap with the activities of such committees, as per the framework laid down by the Board of Directors.
- (viii) To seek information from any employee, obtain outside legal or other professional advice and secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, as might be considered necessary.
- (ix) To oversee the effectiveness of the fraud risk management.
- (x) Reviewing and monitor cases of frauds, including root cause analysis, and suggest mitigating measures for strengthening the internal controls, risk management framework and minimising the incidence of frauds.

- (xi) Carrying out any other function, as may be assigned to the RMC pursuant to any amendments to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and notifications issued by the RBI from time to time.

(v) Asset Liability Management Committee:

The Board of Directors had constituted the Asset Liability Management Committee ('ALMC') in terms of the guidelines of corporate governance issued by the RBI in the year 2010.

a. Composition and attendance:

As on March 31, 2025, ALMC consists of two (2) members, Mr. Arvind Dhumal, Manager and Mr. Anand Rathi, Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Arvind Dhumal is the Chairman of ALMC.

The Company Secretary functions as the Secretary to the ALMC.

During the year two (2) meetings of the ALMC were held on May 16, 2024 and October 23, 2024 in accordance with applicable laws. These meetings were attended by all the members of the ALMC.

Name of members	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Anand Rathi	2
Mr. Arvind Dhumal	2

b. Terms of reference:

- (i) To implement Asset Liability Management policy.
- (ii) To monitor interest rates and liquidity risk.
- (iii) To ensure adherence to the risk tolerance/limits as provided in the para d of Appendix A – Maturity profile liquidity, if any, of Asset Liability Management Policy as well as implementing the liquidity risk management strategy. ALMC with respect to liquidity risk should include, inter alia, decide on desired maturity profile and mix of incremental assets and liabilities, sale of assets as a source of funding, the structure, responsibilities and controls for managing liquidity risk, and overseeing the liquidity positions.
- (iv) To ensure compliances of all the RBI requirements.
- (v) ALMC shall also provide guidance in following areas:
 - a. To set a tone, influence and culture of ALM risk management within the Company.

- b. To review / monitor and discuss the status and results of asset/liability management strategies implemented.
- c. To review reports on various risks
 - Liquidity Risk
 - Market Risk
 - Interest rate Risk
- d. To review the effects of various possible changes in the market conditions related to the balance sheet and recommend the action needed to adhere to the internal limits set by ALMC from time to time.
- e. To review the mix of liabilities and need for sale of assets and other resource augmentation required if any.
- f. To review the ALM returns and take suitable remedial measures;
- g. To assess the funding and capital planning for the Company;
- h. To advise roadmap for profit planning and growth projections of the Company.
- i. To adopt and recommend any amendment or revision in the ALM Policy from time to time, in compliance with the regulatory requirements to the Board for approval.
- j. To hold at least one meeting in a financial year. Proceedings shall be recorded in writing by the Company Secretary and approved by ALMC

(vi) IT Strategy Committee:

The Board of Directors had constituted the IT Strategy Committee ('ITSC') of the Company at their meeting held on August 7, 2017, in terms of the Information Technology Framework for the NBFC sector issued by the RBI on June 8, 2017, as applicable to the Company.

The Terms of Reference were further revised in line with the RBI Direction DoS. CO. CSITEG/ SEC. 7/ 31. 01. 015/ 2023-24 dated November 7, 2023.

a. Composition and attendance:

As on March 31, 2025, ITSC consisted of six (6) members, Mr. Abhay Vasant Nerurkar, Mr. Hari Narain Singh Rajpoot, Mr. Rohin Feroze Bomanji, Ms. Shweta Ratnakar Musale, Mr. Sunil Kamalakar Tamhane and Mr. Pragnesh Mistry. Mr. Abhay Nerurkar, Independent Director is the Chairman of the ITSC.

The Company Secretary functions as the Secretary to the ITSC.

During the year under review, three (3) meetings of the Audit Committee were held on May 16, 2024, October 23, 2024 and January 31, 2025. Except for meeting held on October 23, 2024, which was conducted physically at the registered office of the company, all other meetings were held through Video Conferencing in accordance with applicable laws.

Attendance at the ITSC Meetings held during the year ended March 31, 2025:

Name(s) of members	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Abhay Vasant Nerurkar	2
Mr. Hari Narain Singh Rajpoot	3
Ms. Shweta Ratnakar Musale	2
Mr. Sunil Kamalakar Tamhane*	0
Mr. Rohin Feroze Bomanji*	0
Mr. Pragnesh Mistry	2

Appointed as a member w.e.f. 01.02.2025.

b. Terms of reference:

The terms of reference of IT Strategy Committee was last reviewed and amended by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on October 23, 2024.

- (i) To ensure that the Company had put an effective IT strategic planning process in place and to recommend the appointment of any external auditor(s) as may be necessary.
- (ii) To guide in preparation of IT Strategy (including oversight of IT performance and, aligning IT activities with business needs) and to ensure that the IT Strategy was aligned with the overall strategy of the Company towards accomplishment of its business objectives;
- (iii) To satisfy itself that the IT Governance and Information Security Governance structure fostered accountability and it is also effective and efficient with adequate skilled resources, well defined objectives and unambiguous responsibilities for each level in the organization.
- (iv) To ensure that the Company has put in place processes for assessing and managing IT and cybersecurity risks.
- (v) To ensure that the budgetary allocations for the IT function (including for IT security), cyber security would be commensurate with the Company IT maturity, digital depth, threat environment and industry standards and also utilised in a manner intended for meeting the stated objectives;

- (vi) To review, at least on annual basis, the adequacy and effectiveness of the Business Continuity Planning and Disaster Recovery Management of the Company
- (vii) To ensure development of information/ cyber security policies, implementation and recommendation of identified policies, standards and procedures to ensure that all identified risks are managed within the Company risk appetite based on the recommendation of identified Committee constituted in this regard
- (viii) To ensure implementation of a robust IT architecture meeting statutory and regulatory compliance based on the recommendation of identified Committee constituted in this regard
- (ix) To oversee the functioning of IT Steering Committee and Information Security Committee
- (x) To carry out any other function, as may be assigned to IT Strategy Committee by the Board of Directors in accordance with the Directions issued by the Reserve Bank of India and any applicable statute pertaining to Information Technology Law and Governance.

(vii) IT Steering Committee

The Board of Directors had constituted the IT Steering Committee of the Company at their meeting held on October 23, 2024, in terms of the RBI Direction DoS. CO. CSITEG/ SEC. 7/ 31. 01. 015/ 2023-24 dated November 7, 2023, as applicable to the Company.

a. Composition and attendance:

As on March 31, 2025, IT Steering Committee consisted of three (3) members, Mr. Arvind Dhumal, Mr. Anand Rathi and Mr. Pragnesh Mistry. Mr. Arvind Dhumal, Manager is the Chairman of the IT Steering Committee.

The Company Secretary functions as the Secretary to the IT Steering Committee.

During the year under review, two (2) meeting of the IT Steering Committee were held on November 08, 2024 and January 31, 2025.

Attendance at the IT Steering Committee Meetings held during the year ended March 31, 2025:

Name(s) of members	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Arvind Dhumal	2
Mr. Anand Rathi	2
Mr. Pragnesh Mistry	2

b. Terms of reference:

- i. To assist the IT Strategy Committee in strategic IT planning, oversight of IT performance, and aligning IT activities with business needs.
- ii. To oversee the processes put in place for business continuity and disaster recovery.
- iii. To ensure implementation of a robust IT architecture meeting statutory and regulatory compliance
- iv. To update IT Strategy Committee and CEO/ Manager periodically on the activities of IT Steering Committee.
- v. Any other matter as may be decided from time to time, including any duties or responsibilities prescribed by the RBI from time to time, as applicable to the Company.

(viii) Information Security Committee

The Board of Directors had constituted the Information Security Committee of the Company at their meeting held on October 23, 2024, in terms of the RBI Direction DoS. CO. CSITEG/ SEC. 7/ 31. 01. 015/ 2023-24 dated November 7, 2023, as applicable to the Company.

a. Composition and attendance:

As on March 31, 2025, Information Security Committee ('ISC') consisted of four (4) members, Mr. Arvind Dhumal, Mr. Anand Rathi, Mr. Pragnesh Mistry and Mr. Mangesh Manchekar. Mr. Arvind Dhumal, Manager is the Chairman of the ISC.

The Company Secretary functions as the Secretary to the ISC.

During the year under review, two (2) meetings of the ISC were held on November 08, 2024 and January 31, 2025.

Attendance at the ISC Meetings held during the year ended March 31, 2025:

Name(s) of members	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Arvind Dhumal	2
Mr. Anand Rathi	2
Mr. Pragnesh Mistry	2
Mr. Mangesh Manchekar	2

b. Terms of reference:

- i. Development of information/ cyber security policies, implementation of policies, standards and procedures to ensure that all identified risks are managed within the RE's risk appetite.

- ii. Approving and monitoring information security projects and security awareness initiatives.
- iii. Reviewing cyber incidents, information systems audit observations, monitoring and mitigation activities; and
- iv. Updating ITSC and CEO periodically on the activities of ISC.

IV. DETAILS OF GENERAL BODY MEETINGS:

The details of the last three (3) General Meetings are as below:

Meeting	Day, Date, Time and Venue	Particulars of the Special Resolution(s) passed at the Annual General Meeting
27 th Annual General Meeting	Thursday, August 22, 2024 11.30 A.M. (I.S.T.) through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM") deemed to convened at registered office of the Company pursuant to the MCA Circulars.	(i) Appointment of Mr. Rohin Feroze Bomanji (DIN: 06971089) as an Independent Director of the Company to hold office for a term of Five (5) consecutive years w.e.f. August 01, 2024. (ii) Appointment of Mr. Sunil Kamalakar Tamhane (DIN: 03179129) as an Independent Director of the Company to hold office for a term of Five (5) consecutive years w.e.f. September 16, 2024. (iii) Re-appointment of Mr. Ramesh Chandak (DIN: 00026581) as an Independent Director of the Company to hold office for a second term of Five (5) consecutive years w.e.f. September 27, 2024.
26 th Annual General Meeting	Friday, September 8, 2023 03:30 P.M. (I.S.T.) through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM") deemed to convened at registered office of the Company pursuant to the MCA Circulars.	Nil
25 th Annual General Meeting	Friday, September 30, 2022, 04:30 P.M. (I.S.T.) through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM") deemed to convened at registered office of the Company pursuant to the MCA Circulars.	Nil

Postal Ballot:

There were no Special Resolutions, which were put through postal ballot during the year under review. None of the businesses proposed to be transacted at the ensuing AGM requires passing a resolution by postal ballot.

There were no material and/or significant related party transactions during the year under review that were prejudicial to the interest of the Company.

Details of related party transactions are included in the Notes to the Financial Statements as per India Accounting Standard - 24 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

V. DISCLOSURES:

i. Disclosures on materially significant related party transactions that may have potential conflict with the interests of the Company at large:

The transactions entered into with the Related Parties as defined under the Act and Regulation 23 of the Listing Regulations during the financial year which were in the ordinary course of business and at arm's length basis were placed before the Audit Committee.

Pursuant to Regulation 23(1) of the Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors of a Listed Entity is required to review the Policy on Related Party Transactions at least once in three years, accordingly, the Policy on Related Party Transactions was last reviewed and amended by the Board of Directors of the Company on January 31, 2025.

The Company has in place a policy on Related Party Transactions and the same has been

displayed on the Company's website at https://www.summitsecurities.net/files/corporate_governance/RelatedPartyTransactionPolicy.pdf

ii. Details of non-compliance by the company, penalties, strictures imposed on the company by Stock Exchange or SEBI or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years:

There were no penalties nor strictures imposed on the Company either by the Stock Exchanges or SEBI or any other Statutory Authorities on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years.

iii. Whistle Blower Policy and affirmation that no personnel have been denied access to the Audit Committee:

In compliance with the Listing Regulations and the Act, the Company has formulated a "Whistle Blower Policy and Vigil Mechanism" and the same is also published on the website of the Company. No personnel have been denied access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

iv. Compliance with Mandatory and adoption of non-mandatory requirements:

The Company complies with the mandatory requirements of Part C of Schedule V of Listing Regulations and most of the non-mandatory/discretionary requirements as mentioned in Part E of Schedule II of the said Regulations namely, appointment of Non-Executive, Independent Director as Chairman of the Board of Directors, financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 are unqualified and Internal Auditor reports to the Audit Committee directly in all the functional matters.

v. Certificate on compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance:

The corporate governance requirements specified in Regulation 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46 of the Listing Regulations to the extent applicable to the Company have been complied with.

Part E of Schedule V of Listing Regulations mandates to obtain a certificate either from the Auditors or Practicing Company Secretaries regarding compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance and annex the certificate with the Director's Report, which is sent annually to all the shareholders. The Company has obtained a certificate from its Statutory Auditors to this effect and the same is given as an annexure to the Board's Report.

vi. Weblinks:

- a) Policy for determining 'material' subsidiaries is disclosed in the website of the

Company at https://www.summitsecurities.net/files/corporate_governance/PolicyonMaterialSubsidiary.pdf

- b) Policy on dealing with related party transactions at the link Policy at https://www.summitsecurities.net/files/corporate_governance/RelatedPartyTransactionPolicy.pdf; and

- c) Nomination and Remuneration policy at the web link at https://www.summitsecurities.net/files/corporate_governance/Nomination_and_Remuneration_Policy.pdf

vii. Disclosure of Accounting Treatment:

The Company has followed Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, to the extent applicable, in the preparation of the financial statements.

viii. Confirmation in respect of Independent Directors:

Pursuant to Schedule V, Part C, Clause (2)(i), it is hereby confirmed that in the opinion of the Board of Directors, the independent directors fulfill the conditions specified in these regulations and are independent of the management.

ix. Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A).

The requirement to provide details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A) is not applicable to the Company.

x. Certificate of a Practicing Company Secretary for non-debarment and non-disqualification of Directors:

A certificate from M/s. Parikh Parekh & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries certifying that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by SEBI/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority pursuant to Schedule V, Part C Clause (10)(i) forms part of the Annexure to this report.

xi. Disclosure in relation to Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:

During the year, no complaints were received relating to Sexual Harassment.
xii. Disclosure in relation to Loans and Advances given by the Company and its subsidiaries in the nature of loans to firms/companies in which directors are interested:

During the year under review, neither the Company nor its subsidiaries had granted any Loans and Advances in the nature of loans to firms/companies in which directors are interested.

xiii. Details of material subsidiaries of the Company:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Name of Material Subsidiary: Instant Holdings Limited
1	Date of Incorporation	18/03/2005
2	Place of Incorporation	Mumbai
3	Name of Statutory Auditors	Ashwani Sanan & Associates, Chartered Accountants
4	Date of appointment of Statutory Auditors	09/08/2024

xiv. Disclosure of total fees for all services paid by the Company and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditor and all entities in the network firm/ network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part:

Details of total fees paid for all services availed by the Company and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditor and all entities in the network firm/ network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part is as given below which is:

Name of the Statutory Auditor and Network Entity	Type of Services	Name of the Company or its subsidiary obtaining the service	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)
M/s. Sharp & Tannan	Statutory Audit Fees	Summit Securities Limited	2.43
	Other Services		1.19
	Certification Fees		1.13
	Reimbursement of expenses		0.56
Total			5.31
M/s. DMKH & Co	Other Services	Summit Securities Limited	1.94
	Reimbursement of expenses		0.02
Total			1.96

*Note: The above amounts include applicable taxes.

VI. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION:

(a) Financial Results:

The Company has submitted to the Stock Exchanges, where the Company's shares are listed viz., BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited in the prescribed format, its Annual Audited Results for the year ended March 31, 2025, within 60 (sixty) days from the end of that financial year, Un-audited Quarterly Financial Results within 45 (forty-five)

days from the end of the quarter.

(b) Publication and Display of Financial Results:

The Company has published the Financial Results within 48 hours of the conclusion of the Board Meeting(s) in Free Press Journal (English Newspaper) and Nav Shakti (Marathi Newspaper) as per the format prescribed under the Listing Regulations read with applicable circulars issued by SEBI from time to time in this regard.

The financial results are also displayed on the Company's website www.summitsecurities.net.

(c) Company's website:

The Company has maintained a functional website www.summitsecurities.net which depicts the detailed information about the business activities of the Company, shareholding pattern, financial results, annual report apart other statutory information required to be made available in terms of the Act and Listing Regulations.

The Company provides all requisite information under the Listing Regulations to Stock Exchanges where the shares of the Company are listed. Information to Stock Exchanges is filed electronically on the online dedicated portals of BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

(d) Exclusive email ID for investors:

The Company has provided an email address on its website namely, investors@summitsecurities.net where the investors can directly contact the Company.

VII. GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION:

➤ **AGM: Date, Time and Venue:**

As indicated in the notice accompanying this Annual Report, the Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held on Thursday, August 07, 2025 at 11:30 a.m. (I.S.T) through Video Conferencing.

➤ **Financial Year:**

The Company follows April 1 to March 31 as the financial year.

➤ **Dividend Payment Date:**

The Directors of the Company have not recommended any dividend for the year under review.

➤ **Listing on Stock Exchanges:**

The Equity Shares of the Company are listed on the following stock exchanges:

Name of the Stock Exchange	Address
BSE Limited	Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai - 400 001
National Stock Exchange of India Limited	Exchange Plaza, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051

The ISIN of the Company: INE519C01017

The listing fees have been paid to both the stock exchanges for the FY 2024-25 and 2025-26.

➤ **The Company Website:**

www.summitsecurities.net

➤ **Registrar & Share Transfer Agents:**

The share management work, both physical and demat is handled by the Registrar and Share Transfer Agents of the Company whose name and address is as given below:

MUG Intime India Private Limited

[Name of Link Intime India Private Limited changed to MUG Intime India Private Limited effective from December 31, 2024.]

C-101, Embassy 247,
L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli (West),
Mumbai - 400083.

Link for Investor queries:

https://web.in.mpms.mug.com/helpdesk/Service_Request.html

Web: <https://in.mpms.mug.com>

Tel: +91-8108118484;

For the convenience of investors based in the following cities, documents will also be accepted at the following branches on all the working days from 10.00 a.m. to 5.00 p.m.: -

Branch Offices:

1. Mumbai

MUG Intime India Private Limited
(Formerly known as Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd.)

Building 17/19, Office No. 415 Rex Chambers, Ballard Estate, Walchand Hirachand Marg, Fort, Mumbai - 400001
Tel: +91-8108118484;

2. Bangalore

MUG Intime India Private Limited
(Formerly known as Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd.)

C/o. Mr. D. Nagendra Rao, "Vaghdevi"
543/A, 7th Main, 3rd Cross,
Hanumanthnagar, SL Bhyrappa RD,
Bengaluru - 560019.
Tel: +91-80-26509004

3. Jamshedpur

MUG Intime India Private Limited
(Formerly known as Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd.)

Qtr. No. L-4/5, Main Road, Bistupur,
(Beside Chappan - Bhog Sweet Shop),
Jamshedpur - 831001
Tel: +91-657-2426937

4. Kolkata

MUG Intime India Private Limited
(Formerly known as Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd.)

5th Floor, 20 Rasoi court, RN Mukerjee Road, Kolkatta -700001
Tel: +91-33-69066200

5. New Delhi

MUG Intime India Private Limited
(Formerly known as Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd.)

Noble Heights, 1st Floor, Plot No. NH-2, C-1 Block, LSC, Near Savitri Market, Janakpuri, New Delhi – 110058
Tel: +91-11-41410592 / 93 / 94

6. Ahmedabad

MUG Intime India Private Limited
(Formerly known as Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd.)

5th Floor, 506 to 508, Amarnath Business Centre-1 (ABC-1) Beside Gala Business Centre Nr. St. Xavier's College Corner Off. C.G. Road, Ellisbridge Ahmedabad - 380006.
Tel: +91-79-26465179

➤ **Share Transfer System:**

As per Regulation 40 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended, securities of listed entities can be transferred only in dematerialised form, with effect from April 1, 2019. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holdings to dematerialised form. Transfers of equity shares in electronic form are effected through the depositories with no involvement of the Company. Any Director of the Company, Manager, CFO, the Company Secretary is empowered to approve transfers.

In view of the above, we request you to furnish, if not already done till date, the Aadhar linked PAN, email address, mobile number, bank account and nomination details as per formats available on website of the Company at <https://www.summitsecurities.net>

We also wish to draw attention to recent SEBI notification dated January 24, 2022 read with

SEBI circular dated January 25, 2022, according to which a listed entity shall effect issuance of duplicate securities certificate, renewal/ exchange, endorsement, sub-division/ split, consolidation of securities certificate, transfer, transmission and transposition, as applicable in Dematerialized form only.

As stipulated by SEBI, a Company Secretary in Practice carried out an Audit, on quarterly basis, to reconcile the total admitted capital with National Securities Depository Limited and Central Depository Services (India) Limited and the total issued & listed capital. Such reconciliation of share capital audit report was submitted to Stock Exchanges on quarterly basis.

Dispute Resolution Mechanism (SMART ODR) In order to strengthen the dispute resolution mechanism for all disputes between a listed company and/or registrars & transfer agents and its shareholder(s)/ investor(s), SEBI had issued a Standard Operating Procedure ('SOP') vide Circular dated May 30, 2022. As per this Circular, shareholder(s)/investor(s) can opt for Stock Exchange Arbitration Mechanism for resolution of their disputes against the Company or its RTA. Further, SEBI vide Circular dated July 31, 2023 (updated as on December 20, 2023), introduced the Online Dispute Resolution (ODR) Portal. Through this ODR portal, the aggrieved party can initiate the mechanism, after exercising the primary options to resolve its issue, directly with the Company and through the SEBI Complaint Redress System (SCORES) platform. The Company has complied with the above circulars and the same are available at the website of the Company.

➤ **Distribution of shareholding as of March 31, 2025:**

No. of Equity shares held		No. of Shareholders		No. of Shares		% of Equity Capital	
From	to	Physical	Demat	Physical	Demat	Physical	Demat
1	500	15445	40127	74736	801342	0.69	7.35
501	1,000	2	186	1160	135056	0.01	1.24
1,001	2,000	0	86	0	123417	0.00	1.13
2,001	3,000	0	31	0	75015	0.00	0.69
3,001	4,000	0	16	0	55302	0.00	0.51
4,001	5,000	0	9	0	39173	0.00	0.36
5,001	10,000	0	22	0	169359	0.00	1.55
10,001	10,901,781	0	36	0	9427221	0.00	86.47
Total		15447	40,513	75,896	1,08,25,885	0.70	99.30

➤ **Dematerialisation of shares and liquidity:**

The Company has arrangement with National Securities Depositories Limited ('NSDL') as well as Central Depository Services (India) Limited ('CDSL') for dematerialisation of shares with ISIN "INE519C01017" for both NSDL and CDSL.

99.30% of the Equity shares corresponding to 1,08,25,885 equity shares are held in dematerialised form as on March 31, 2025.

➤ **Categories of shareholding as of March 31, 2025:**

Category	No. of Shares	Percentage
Promoter and Promoter Group		
Promoter and Promoter Group Holdings	81,37,866	74.65
Public		
Mutual fund	345	0.00
Foreign Portfolio Investors/FII	4,165	0.03
Financial Institutions/ Banks/Insurance Companies	22,536	0.01
Non-Resident Indians	55,253	0.51
Corporate Bodies and Others	26,81,616	24.80
Total	1,09,01,781	100.00

➤ **Outstanding GDRs / ADRs / Warrants / Any other Convertible Instruments:**

The Company has not issued any such instruments.

➤ **Commodity Price risk or foreign exchange risk and hedging activities:**

The Company's operations were not exposed to any commodity or foreign exchange risk nor has it indulged in any hedging activities during the year under review.

➤ **List of all credit ratings obtained by the Company along with any revisions thereto during the relevant financial year:**

Since, the Company had no borrowings during the year under review, no credit ratings were obtained by the Company from any credit rating agencies.

➤ **Compliance Officer:**

Ms. Jiya Gangwani
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer
Summit Securities Limited
Registered Office:
213, Bezzola Complex,
B wing, 71, Sion-Trombay Road,
Chembur, Mumbai 400 071
Tel: 91-22-46098668 / 69
Email: investors@summitsecurities.net

➤ **Disclosure in respect to Unclaimed Equity Shares in Summit Securities Limited – Unclaimed Securities Suspense Account:**

Pursuant to Regulation 39(4) of the Listing Regulations [Clause 5A of the erstwhile Listing

Agreement], 25,673 equity shares of the Company were transferred in December 2014 to Summit Securities Limited-Unclaimed Securities Suspense Account ('the Suspense Account') of the Company.

As and when the beneficiary of such unclaimed shares approaches the Company, after verifying authenticity of the beneficiary, the Company transfers the shares from Unclaimed Suspense Account to respective beneficiary's demat accounts or issues a share certificate, as the case may be.

The Company, acting as a trustee in respect of the unclaimed shares, follows the modalities for the operation of the said account in the manner set out in Regulation 39(4) read with Schedule VI to the Listing Regulations.

Particulars	Number of members	Number of shares
Aggregate number of members and the outstanding shares lying in the suspense account as on April 1, 2024	4530	25343
Number of members who approached the company for transfer of shares from the suspense account during the year	8	143
Members to whom shares were transferred from the suspense account during the year	8	143
Aggregate number of members and the outstanding shares lying in the Suspense account as on March 31, 2025	4522	25200

The voting rights on the equity shares lying in the Suspense Account as on March 31, 2025 remain frozen till the rightful owner of such shares claims the shares.

➤ **Disclosure of certain types of agreements binding listed entities:**

During the year under review, there were no agreements that required disclosure under Clause 5A of paragraph A of Part A of Schedule III of the Listing Regulations.

➤ **Prevention of Insider Trading:**

The Company has formulated a Code of Fair Disclosure (Including Determination of Legitimate

Purpose), Internal Procedures and Conduct for Regulating, Monitoring and Reporting of Trading by Designated Person(s) ('the Code') in accordance with provisions of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, as amended, to come into effect from April 1, 2019, with a view to regulate trading in securities by the Directors and Designated Persons as identified therein. The Company Secretary acts as the Compliance Officer in terms of the Code.

➤ **Registration of email ID:**

As a step towards Green Initiative, the Company had availed special services offered by NSDL to update email IDs of more number of Members of the Company who have not registered their email IDs. This enabled such Members to immediately receive various email communication from the Company from time to time including the annual report, dividend credit intimation etc.

In view of the restrictions of dispatching the Annual Reports or other communications through post, we request you to permanently register your email ID with the Company's RTA in case you hold shares in physical mode or with your Depository Participant, if you hold shares in demat mode. For more details you may also refer the Notice of the AGM.

➤ **CEO & CFO Certification:**

The Manager and Chief Financial Officer have issued a certificate pursuant to Regulation 17(8) of the Listing Regulations read with Schedule II, Part B thereof certifying that the financial statements do not contain any untrue statement and these statements represent a true and fair view of the Company's affairs.

➤ **Code of Conduct:**

The Board has laid down a code of conduct for all Board Members and Senior Management Personnel of the Company and is also available at https://www.summitsecurities.net/files/corporate_governance/CodeofConductforBoardandSeniorManagementPersonnel.pdf

All Board Members and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the code for the financial year ended March 31, 2025. A declaration to this effect signed by the Manager forms a part of this report.

ANNEXURE TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Declaration- Code of Conduct

All Board Members and Senior Management Personnel of the Company have for the year ended March 31, 2025, affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct laid down by the Board of Directors in terms of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

For **Summit Securities Limited**

Place: Mumbai
Date: April 04, 2025

Arvind Dhupal
Manager

CERTIFICATE

To,
Summit Securities Limited
213, Bezzola Complex, B Wing, 71,
Sion-Trombay Road, Chembur
Mumbai - 400071

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of **Summit Securities Limited** having **CIN L65921MH1997PLC194571** and having registered office at 213, Bezzola Complex, B Wing, 71, Sion-Trombay Road, Chembur Mumbai - 400071 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2025 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority.

S. No.	Name of Director	DIN	*Date of Appointment in Company
1.	Mr. Ramesh Chandak	00026581	29/09/1999
2.	Mr. Hari Narain Singh Rajpoot	00080836	11/02/2010
3.	Mr. Abhay Vasant Nerurkar	00045309	29/10/2015
4.	Ms. Shweta Ratnakar Musale	03280429	10/11/2021
5.	Mr. Manish Jain	05307900	30/06/2022
6.	Mr. Rohin Feroze Bomanji	06971089	01/08/2024
7.	Mr. Sunil Kamalakar Tamhane	03179129	16/09/2024

**the date of appointment is as per the MCA Portal.*

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Parikh Parekh & Associates
Practising Company Secretaries

Shalini Bhat
FCS No:6484 CP No: 6994
Mumbai,
May 05, 2025
UDIN: F006484G000272871
PR No.: 6389/2025

Independent Auditor's Certificate on Compliance with the Corporate Governance requirements under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended

To
The Members of
Summit Securities Limited

1. This Certificate is issued in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter.
2. We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by **Summit Securities Limited** (the "Company"), for the year ended on March 31, 2025, as stipulated in Regulations 17 to 27 and Clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and Paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time (the "Listing Regulations") pursuant to the Listing Agreement of the Company with the Stock Exchanges.

Management's Responsibility

3. The Management is responsible for ensuring that the Company complies with the conditions of Corporate Governance. This responsibility also includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls and procedures to ensure compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance stipulated in the Listing Regulations.

Auditor's Responsibility

4. Our responsibility is limited to examining the procedures and implementation thereof adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance of the conditions of the Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.
5. We have examined the books of account and other relevant records and documents maintained by the Company for the purpose of providing reasonable assurance on the compliance with Corporate Governance requirements by the Company.
6. We conducted our examination in accordance with the Guidance Note on Certification of Corporate Governance issued by the Institute of the Chartered Accountants of India (the 'ICAI'), the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act'), in so far as applicable for the purpose of this Certificate and as per the Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes (Revised 2016) issued by the ICAI. The Guidance Note requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI.

7. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements, issued by the ICAI.

Opinion

8. Based on our examination, as above, and to the best of the information and explanations given to us and representations provided by the management, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in Regulations 17 to 27 and Clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and Paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations during the year ended March 31, 2025.
9. We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Restriction on use and distribution

10. The Certificate is addressed and provided to the members of the Company solely for the purpose to enable the Company to comply with the requirement of the Listing Regulations, and it should not be used by any other person or for any other purpose. Accordingly, we do not accept or assume any liability or any duty of care to any other person or for any other purpose to whom this Certificate is shown or into whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing. We have no responsibility to update this Certificate for any event or circumstances occurring after the date of this Certificate. Our Firm shall not be liable to the Company or to any other concerned for any claims, liabilities or expenses relating to this assignment, except to the extent of fees relating to this assignment.

For D M K H & Co
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.116886W

Parin Shah
Partner
Membership No. 606667
UDIN: 25606667BMJIWQ7721

Date: May 05, 2025
Place: Mumbai

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

**To the Members of
Summit Securities Limited**

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone financial statements of **Summit Securities Limited** (the "Company"), which comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including Standalone Other Comprehensive Income), Standalone Statement of Cash Flows and Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended, and a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "Standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, its profit and total comprehensive income (including other comprehensive income), the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
Valuation of Investments As per the provisions of Indian Accounting Standards, the Company's investments-excluding investments in subsidiaries and associates-are measured at fair value at each reporting date. This policy of measuring investments at fair value has a significant impact on the Company's financial results. The valuation is performed by the Company using a fair value hierarchy, as applicable below: • Level 1: Valuations based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets. • Level 2: Valuations based on inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable either directly or indirectly. • Level 3: Valuations based on unobservable inputs for the asset. The valuation of investments is inherently subjective-most predominantly for Level 2 and Level 3 investments-since these are valued using inputs other than quoted prices in an active market. Key inputs used in the valuation of individual Level 2 investments include market price of quoted investments, illiquidity discount, etc. In addition, the Company determines whether objective evidence of impairment exists for individual investments.	We understood and tested the key controls around the valuation processes, including the independent price verification and valuation governance controls. We found these key controls were designed, implemented, and operated effectively, and therefore determined that we could place reliance on these key controls for the purposes of our audit. Further, we assessed the valuation of all individual investments to determine whether the valuations performed by the Company were within a predefined tolerable differences threshold. As part of these audit procedures, we assessed the accuracy of key inputs used in the valuation, including observable and non-observable inputs. We also evaluated the Company's assessment of whether objective evidence of impairment exists for individual investments. Based on these procedures, we have not noted any material differences outside the predefined tolerable differences threshold.

Information other than the Standalone financial statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Corporate Governance Report Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the Standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone financial statements our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone financial statements, or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and those charged with Governance for the Standalone financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone financial statements the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using

the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Company's Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We have also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone financial statements whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions

may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone financial statements including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we identify matter that were of such significance in the audit of the Standalone financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, that they would be considered key audit matters. Accordingly, such matters have been described in our auditor's report. Furthermore, there were no circumstances where disclosure was precluded by law or regulation, or where adverse consequences were expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1) As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the '**Annexure A**', a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Standalone Balance Sheet, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss including Standalone Other Comprehensive Income, Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and the Standalone Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.

- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in '**Annexure B**'. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under Section 197(16) of the Act: In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, no remuneration has been paid by the Company to its directors during the year. However, remuneration has been paid to the manager. The remuneration paid is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements. Refer note no. 25 to the standalone financial statements.
 - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts, including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii) There has been no amount which is to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund during the financial year.
 - iv) (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- (b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security, or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v) The Company has not declared or paid dividend during the year.
- vi) Based on our examination of the books of account and other relevant records of the Company, and according to the information and explanations given

to us, and as mentioned in notes to account no. 43 and 44, we report that the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility.

Further, in accordance with the requirements of the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, applicable with effect from April 1, 2023, the audit trail feature has been operated throughout the financial year ended March 31, 2025, for all transactions recorded in the software, and the audit trail has not been tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

For D M K H & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 116886W

Parin Shah

Partner

Membership No.: 606667

UDIN: 25606667BMJIWM6174

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 05, 2025

Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under the heading of "Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report to the members of Summit Securities Limited of even date)

Report on the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020, issued in terms of Section 143(11) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") of Summit Securities Limited ("the Company"):

- i. a. In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets:
 - A. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - B. The Company does not have intangible assets. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals; no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- c. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company does not have immovable properties during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;
- d. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- e. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ii. In respect of Inventory:
 - a. The Company is in the service industry. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ii)(a) of the order are not applicable to the company.
 - b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets during any point of time of the year and hence, the provisions of clause 3(ii)(b) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- iii. The company is registered as Non-Banking Financial Company under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. During the year, in the ordinary course of business, the company has made investments but has not granted loans and advances in the nature of loans, to other parties. The company has not provided guarantee / security to any person during the year. With respect to such investments, loans and advances:
 - a. The provisions of paragraph 3(iii)(a) of the Order are not applicable since no loans and advances had been given.
 - b. As per explanation given by management and examination of records, the investments made are not prejudicial to the company's interest. The Company, during the year, has not provided guarantees, given security, granted loans and advances in the nature of loans.
 - c. As per explanation given by management and examination of records the Company has not given any loans and advances, thus, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
 - d. The provisions of paragraph 3(iii)(d) of the Order are not applicable since no loans and advances had been given.
 - e. The provisions of paragraph 3(iii)(e) of the Order are not applicable since no loans and advances had been given.
 - f. The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans that were either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- iv. The Company has not advanced loans or made investments in or provided guarantee or security to parties covered by section 185 of the Act and the provisions of section 186 of the Act is not applicable to the Company. Hence reporting under paragraph 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- v. The Company has not accepted deposits from the public within the meaning of the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India, provision of Section 73 to 76 of the Act, any other relevant provision of the Act and the relevant rules framed thereunder. Therefore, paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- vi. To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Central Government has not specified the maintenance of cost records under clause 148(1)

of the Companies Act, 2013, for the products/ services of the Company. Thus, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

vii. According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:

a. In our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, Income-Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities. There are no arrears of outstanding statutory dues as on the last day of the financial year for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

b. There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Services Tax, Income-Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities in arrears as at March 31, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

viii. There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961). Accordingly, the provisions of the clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

ix. a. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, it has not availed loans or other borrowings from any lender. Accordingly, the provisions of the clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;

b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, it has not availed loans or other borrowings from any lender. The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority. Accordingly, the provisions of the clause 3(ix)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;

c. According to the information and explanation given by the management, no money was raised by Company by way of term loan, thus reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

d. On an overall examination of the Standalone financial statements of the Company, no funds were raised on short-term basis during the year, thus reporting under clause

3(ix)(d) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

e. On an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.

f. The Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.

x. a. The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x) (a) of the Order is not applicable.

b. During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year, thus reporting requirements of section 42 and section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

xi. a. To the best of our knowledge, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.

b. To the best of our knowledge, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by us in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

c. According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.

xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.

xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Standalone financial statements as required by the applicable Indian accounting standards.

xiv. In respect of Internal Audit Report:

- a. To the best of our knowledge the company has adequate internal audit system to commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - b. We have considered the internal audit reports for the year while conducting statutory audit.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected to its directors and thus provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvi. a. According to the information and explanations given by the management, the company is required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and holds a valid certificate of registration vide registration no. N-13.01955.
- b. During the year, the Company has not conducted any non-banking financial activities or housing financial activities without a valid Certificate of Registration ('CoR') from the RBI as per the RBI Act, 1934.
- c. The Company is not a Core Investment Company ('CIC') and hence reporting under paragraph 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- d. There are three Core Investment Companies ('CIC') as a part of this group.
- xvii. As per the information and explanation given by the management, company has not incurred any cash losses in the Current financial year and the immediately Preceding financial year and hence reporting under paragraph 3(xvii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xviii. There was no resignation of auditor during the year. Therefore, this clause is not applicable.

- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the Standalone financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report and the company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. a. The provisions of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) are not applicable to the Company. Therefore, reporting under clause 20(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- b. The provisions of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) are not applicable to the Company. Therefore, reporting under clause 20(b) of the Order is not applicable.

For D M K H & Co.

Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 116886W

Parin Shah

Partner

Membership No.: 606667
UDIN: 25606667BMJIWM6174

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 05, 2025

Annexure 'B' to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the members of Summit Securities Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act").**Opinion**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Summit Securities Limited** (the "Company") as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, to the best of our information and explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial control over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal financial control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

Managements and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for Internal Financial Controls

The Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit

to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone financial statements whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to Standalone financial statements.

Meaning of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of the management and directors of the company; and
- Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Standalone financial statements.

Inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to

future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For D M K H & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 116886W

Parin Shah
Partner
Membership No.: 606667
UDIN: 25606667BMJIWM6174

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 05, 2025

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025

		₹ lakhs	
	Note No	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
ASSETS			
Financial Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	172.20	43.53
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	4	-	200.00
Investments	5	4,89,355.83	4,33,045.96
Other financial assets	6	1,226.41	34.30
		4,90,754.44	4,33,323.79
Non-financial Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	7	1.24	2.93
Other non-financial assets	8	39.52	39.47
		40.76	42.40
Total Assets		4,90,795.20	4,33,366.19
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
Financial Liabilities			
Other financial liabilities	9	44.34	14.63
		44.34	14.63
Non-financial Liabilities			
Current tax liabilities (net)	23	8.51	2.64
Provisions	10	44.40	24.40
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	11	61,906.15	43,179.13
Other non-financial liabilities	12	273.30	254.27
		62,232.36	43,460.44
Equity			
Equity share capital	13	1,090.18	1,090.18
Other equity	14	4,27,428.32	3,88,800.94
		4,28,518.50	3,89,891.12
Total Liabilities and Equity		4,90,795.20	4,33,366.19
Notes to Standalone Financial Statements	1 to 46		

As per our report attached

D M K H & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 116886W

by the hand of

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Summit Securities Limited**Parin Shah**

Partner

Membership No. 606667

H N Singh Rajpoot

Director

DIN: 00080836

A.V. Nerurkar

Director

DIN: 00045309

Place: Mumbai

Date: 05th May, 2025

Arvind Dhumal

Manager

Anand Rathi

Chief Financial Officer

Jiya Gangwani

Company Secretary

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2025

		₹ lakhs	
	Note No	Year ended 31st March, 2025	Year ended 31st March, 2024
Revenue from operations			
Interest income	15	139.16	109.56
Dividend income	16	3,695.33	2,348.53
Net gain on fair value changes	17	784.64	2,288.84
Total Revenue from operations		4,619.13	4,746.93
Other income	18	0.32	1.03
Total Income		4,619.45	4,747.96
Expenses			
Employee benefits expenses	19	141.75	140.32
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	20	1.69	2.16
Other expenses	21	135.56	110.86
Total Expenses		279.00	253.34
Profit before tax		4,340.45	4,494.62
Tax Expense:	22		
Current tax		761.00	787.00
Deferred tax		500.35	195.16
Tax adjustments in respect of earlier years		8.97	0.35
Total tax expense		1,270.32	982.51
Profit for the year		3,070.13	3,512.11
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)			
- Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
- Remeasurement of defined benefit plans		(1.23)	(1.35)
- Fair valuation of equity instruments through OCI		53,785.14	1,66,593.69
- Income tax relating to above items		(18,226.66)	(19,630.72)
Total Other Comprehensive Income		35,557.25	1,46,961.62
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		38,627.38	1,50,473.73
Earnings per Equity share (Face Value ₹ 10 each)	24		
Basic (₹)		28.16	32.22
Diluted (₹)		28.16	32.22
Notes to Standalone Financial Statements	1 to 46		

As per our report attached

D M K H & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 116886W

by the hand of

Parin Shah

Partner

Membership No. 606667

Place: Mumbai

Date: 05th May, 2025

Arvind Dhumal

Manager

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Summit Securities Limited**H N Singh Rajpoot**

Director

DIN: 00080836

A.V. Nerurkar

Director

DIN: 00045309

Anand Rathi

Chief Financial Officer

Jiya Gangwani

Company Secretary

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2025

A. Equity Share Capital

	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	1,090.18	1,090.18
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	1,090.18	1,090.18
Changes in equity share capital during the current year	-	-
Balance at the end of the current reporting period	1,090.18	1,090.18

B. Other Equity

	₹ lakhs				
Particulars	Reserves and Surplus			Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	Total
	General Reserve	Statutory Reserves	Retained Earnings	Equity Instruments and Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	37,967.25	4,398.79	17,521.77	1,78,439.39	2,38,327.21
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period 01st April, 2023	37,967.25	4,398.79	17,521.77	1,78,439.39	2,38,327.21
Profit for the year	-	-	3,512.11	-	3,512.11
Other Comprehensive Income for the year net of income tax	-	-	-	1,46,961.62	1,46,961.62
Total comprehensive income for the year	37,967.25	4,398.79	21,033.88	3,25,401.01	3,88,800.94
Add: Realised gain/(loss) on Equity Shares (FVTOCI) transferred from Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	0.00	(0.00)	-
Transferred to statutory reserves	-	702.42	(702.42)	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	37,967.25	5,101.21	20,331.46	3,25,401.01	3,88,800.94
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period 01st April, 2024	37,967.25	5,101.21	20,331.46	3,25,401.01	3,88,800.94
Profit for the year	-	-	3,070.13	-	3,070.13
Other Comprehensive Income for the year net of income tax	-	-	-	35,557.25	35,557.25
Total comprehensive income for the year	37,967.25	5,101.21	23,401.59	3,60,958.26	4,27,428.32
Add: Realised gain/(loss) on Equity Shares (FVTOCI) transferred from Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	0.00	(0.00)	-
Transferred to statutory reserves	-	614.03	(614.03)	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2025	37,967.25	5,715.24	22,787.57	3,60,958.26	4,27,428.32
(Refer note 14 Nature and purpose of each reserves)					

As per our report attached

D M K H & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 116886W

by the hand of

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Summit Securities Limited**Parin Shah**

Partner

Membership No. 606667

H N Singh Rajpoot

Director

DIN: 00080836

A.V. Nerurkar

Director

DIN: 00045309

Place: Mumbai

Date: 05th May, 2025

Arvind Dhumal

Manager

Anand Rathi

Chief Financial Officer

Jiya Gangwani

Company Secretary

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31st March, 2025

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31st March, 2025	Year ended 31st March, 2024
A. Cash flows from Operating Activities		
Profit before tax	4,340.45	4,494.62
Adjustment for :		
Net (gain)/loss on fair value changes	(784.64)	(2,288.84)
Depreciation	1.69	2.16
Operating profit before working capital changes	3,557.50	2,207.94
Adjustments for changes in working capital		
(Increase)/decrease in Other financial assets	(1,192.10)	(4.49)
(Increase)/decrease in Other non-financial assets	(0.05)	0.09
Increase / (decrease) in Other financial liabilities	29.71	(16.31)
Increase / (decrease) in Provisions	18.77	(12.07)
Increase / (decrease) in Other non financial liabilities	19.04	0.08
Cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	2,432.86	2,175.25
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	(764.11)	(770.73)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities (A)	1,668.76	1,404.52
B. Cash flows from Investing Activities		
Purchase of Property, plant and equipment	-	(3.25)
Sale of Property, plant and equipment	-	0.07
Purchase of Investments	(4,466.71)	(4,149.31)
Sale of Investments	2,726.62	1,639.30
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities (B)	(1,740.09)	(2,513.19)
C. Cash flows from Financing Activities		
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities (C)	-	-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(71.33)	(1,108.67)
Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the year	243.53	1,352.20
Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year *	172.20	243.53
(*includes other bank balance)		
Notes:		
(i) The above standalone statement of cash flows has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7, <i>Statement of Cash Flows</i> .		
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents comprises of:		
Cash on hand	0.25	0.12
Balances with banks		
- In current accounts	11.95	18.41
- In deposit accounts (with maturity less than 3 months)	160.00	25.00
	172.20	43.53
Add: Other bank balances	-	200.00
	172.20	243.53

As per our report attached

D M K H & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 116886W

by the hand of

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Summit Securities Limited**Parin Shah**

Partner

Membership No. 606667

H N Singh Rajpoot

Director

DIN: 00080836

A.V. Nerurkar

Director

DIN: 00045309

Place: Mumbai

Date: 05th May, 2025

Arvind Dhumal

Manager

Anand Rathi

Chief Financial Officer

Jiya Gangwani

Company Secretary

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025**1. Corporate Information**

Summit Securities Limited (the 'Company') is a public limited company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 and its registered address is 213, Bezzola Complex, B Wing, 71, Sion-Trombay Road, Chembur Mumbai Maharashtra 400 071. The Company is listed on Bombay Stock Exchange Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited. The Company is a Non-Banking Financial Company, Non deposit taking, categorised as Middle Layer (NBFC-ND-ML) pursuant to Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company - Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023 and is registered with the Reserve Bank of India.

The standalone financial statements were approved by Board of Directors on 05th May, 2025.

2 (A). Material Accounting policies**(1) Basis of Preparation**

These standalone financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, (as amended from time to time) along with other relevant provisions of the Act and the Master Direction-Non-Banking Financial Company – Systematically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 (the 'NBFC Master Directions') issued by RBI and the regulatory guidance on implementation of Ind AS notified by the RBI vide notification dated 13th March 2020.

The Guidance Note on Division III of Schedule III to the Act, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") has been followed insofar as they are not inconsistent with any of these Directions.

The Balance sheet, the Statement of profit and loss and the Statement of changes in equity are prepared and presented in the format prescribed in the Division III of Schedule III to the Act applicable for Non-Banking Finance Companies ('NBFC'). The Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7, Statement of Cash Flows.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period.

The Company presents its balance sheet in order of liquidity. An analysis regarding recovery or settlement within 12 months after the reporting date (current) and more than 12 months after the reporting date (noncurrent) is presented in note 30.

All amounts disclosed in the standalone financial statements and notes are presented in Rs. lakhs and have been rounded off to two decimals as per the requirement of Division III of Schedule III to the Act, unless otherwise stated.

(2) Use of accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the standalone financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, as well as the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods. The Company continually evaluates these estimates and assumptions based on the most recently available information. The management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable.

Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the Balance Sheet cannot be

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

Provisions and other contingent liabilities

The Company operates in a regulatory and legal environment that, by nature, has a heightened element of litigation risk inherent to its operations. As a result, it is involved in various litigation, arbitration and regulatory investigations and proceedings in the ordinary course of the Company's business. When the Company can reliably measure the outflow of economic benefits in relation to a specific case and considers such outflows to be probable, the Company records a provision against the case. Where the probability of outflow is remote or probable, but a reliable estimate cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed. Given the subjectivity and uncertainty of determining the probability and amount of losses, the Company takes into account a number of factors including legal advice, the stage of the matter and historical evidence from similar incidents. Significant judgement is required to conclude on these estimates.

Commitments

Commitments are future liabilities for contractual expenditure, classified and disclosed as follows:

- a) Estimated amounts of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for;
- b) Uncalled liability on shares and other investments partly paid;
- c) Funding related commitment to other companies, if any; and
- d) Other non-cancellable commitments, if any, to the extent they are considered material and relevant in the opinion of management.

2 (B). Other Accounting Policies

(1) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured and there exists reasonable certainty of its recovery. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable as reduced for estimated customer credits and other similar allowances.

Interest income {Effective interest rate method (EIR)}

Under Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments, interest income is recorded using the EIR method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, debt instrument measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI) and debt instruments designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL). The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. The EIR (and therefore, the amortised cost of the asset) is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The Company recognises interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the loan. Hence, it recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates charged at various stages, and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments, penalty interest and charges). If expectations regarding the cash flows on the financial asset are revised for reasons other than credit risk. The adjustment is booked as a positive or negative adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset in the Balance sheet with an increase or reduction in interest income. The adjustment is subsequently amortised through interest income in the Statement of profit and loss.

The Company calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of financial assets other than credit-impaired assets net of upfront processing fees. When a financial asset becomes credit-impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'Stage 3', the Company calculates interest income by applying the effective interest rate to the net amortised cost of the financial asset. If the financial assets cures and is no longer credit-impaired, the Company reverts to calculating interest income on a gross basis. For purchased or originated credit-impaired (POCI) financial assets, the Company calculates interest income by calculating the credit-adjusted EIR and applying that rate to the amortised cost of the asset. The credit adjusted EIR is the interest rate that, at original recognition, discounts the estimated future cash flows (including credit losses) to the amortised cost of the POCI assets. Interest income on all trading assets and financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at FVTPL is recognised using the contractual interest rate in net gain on fair value changes.

Dividend income

Dividend income (including from FVTOCI investments) is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

flow to the entity and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably. This is generally when the shareholders approve the dividend.

Dividend Income on Financial Assets at FVTPL is shown separately under Income and it is not forming part of Fair value Changes.

Net gain on fair value changes

Any differences between the fair values of the financial assets classified as fair value through the profit or loss, held by the Company on the Balance Sheet date is recognised as an unrealised gain/loss in the statement of profit and loss. In cases there is a net gain in aggregate, the same is recognised in 'Net gains or fair value changes' under revenue from operations and if there is a net loss the same is disclosed 'Expenses', in the Statement of profit and loss.

(2) Financial instruments

Point of recognition

Financial assets and liabilities, with the exception of loans, debt securities, deposits and borrowings are initially recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades: purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. Loans are recognised when funds are transferred to the customers' account. The Company recognises debt securities, deposits and borrowings when funds reach the Company.

Initial recognition

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on their contractual terms and the business model for managing the instruments, as per the principles of the Ind AS 109, *Financial instruments* are initially measured at their fair value, except in the case of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs are added to, or subtracted from, this amount. Trade receivables are measured at the transaction price. When the fair value of financial instruments at initial recognition differs from the transaction price, the Company accounts mentioned below:

When the transaction price of the instrument differs from the fair value at origination and the fair value is based on a valuation technique using only inputs observable in market transactions, the Company recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value in net gain on fair value changes. In those cases where fair value is based on models for which some of the inputs are not observable, the difference between the transaction price and the fair value is deferred and is only recognised in profit or loss when the inputs become observable, or when

the instrument is derecognised.

Subsequent measurement of financial assets

For subsequent measurement, the Company classifies a financial asset in accordance with the below *criteria*:

- i. The Company's business model for managing the financial asset; and
- ii. The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Based on the above criteria, the Company classifies its financial assets into the following categories:

(a) Financial assets measured at amortized cost:

A Financial asset is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

- (i) The Company's business model objective for managing the financial asset is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- (ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash Flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

This category applies to cash and bank balances, trade receivables, loans and other financial assets of the Company. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Under the effective interest method, the future cash receipts are exactly discounted to the initial recognition value using the effective interest rate. The cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of the difference between the initial recognition amount and the maturity amount is added to the initial recognition value (net of principal repayments, if any) of the financial asset over the relevant period of the financial asset to arrive at the amortized cost at each reporting date. The corresponding effect of the amortization under effective interest method is recognized as interest income over the relevant period of the financial asset. The same is included under other income in the Statement of profit and loss. The amortized cost of a financial asset is also adjusted for loss allowance, if any.

(b) Financial assets measured at FVTOCI:

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- (i) The Company's business model objective for managing the financial asset is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

- (ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

This category applies to certain investments in debt and equity instruments. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value changes are recognized in the Statement of profit and loss under 'Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)'. However, the Company recognizes interest income and impairment losses and its reversals in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On de-recognition of such financial assets, cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to the Statement of profit and loss, except for instruments which the Company has irrevocably elected to be classified as equity through OCI at initial recognition, when such instruments meet the definition of Equity under Ind AS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation and they are not held for trading. The Company has made such election on instrument by instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these equity instruments are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss as dividend income when the right of the payment has been established, except when the Company benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the instrument, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments at FVTOCI are not subject to an impairment assessment.

(c) Financial assets measured at FVTPL

A financial asset is measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortized cost or at FVTOCI as explained above. This is a residual category applied to all other investments of the Company excluding investments in subsidiary and associate companies. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value changes are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial assets or financial liabilities held for trading

The Company classifies financial assets as held for trading when they have been purchased or issued primarily for short-term profit making through trading activities or form part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together, for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit taking. Held-For-Trading assets and liabilities are recorded and measured in the Balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised in net gain on fair value changes.

Interest and dividend income or expense is recorded in net gain on fair value changes according to the terms of the contract, or when the right to payment has been established. Included in this classification

are debt securities, equities, and customer loans that have been acquired principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term.

De-recognition

(a) Financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized (i.e. removed from the Company's Balance sheet) when any of the following occurs:

- i. The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset expires;
- ii. The Company transfers its contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset and has substantially transferred all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets has been derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting.
- iii. The Company retains the contractual rights to receive cash flows but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows without material delay to one or more recipients under a 'pass-through' arrangement (thereby substantially transferring all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset).
- iv. The Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all risk and rewards of ownership and does not retain control over the financial asset.

In cases where Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the financial asset, but retains control of the financial asset, the Company continues to recognize such financial asset to the extent of its continuing involvement in the financial asset. In that case, the Company also recognizes an associated liability. The financial asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

On de-recognition of a financial asset, (except as mentioned in ii above for financial assets measured at FVTOCI), the difference between the carrying amount and the consideration received is recognized in the Statement of profit and loss.

(b) Financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss ('ECL') model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

ECL is the weighted-average of difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate, with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. When estimating the cash flows, the Company is required to consider:

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

Trade receivables

In respect of trade receivables, the Company applies the simplified approach of Ind AS 109, which requires measurement of loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

Other financial assets

In respect of its other financial assets, the Company assesses if the credit risk on those financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12 month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

When making this assessment, the Company uses the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial asset. To make that assessment, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the Balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition. The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the Balance Sheet date.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(3) Fair value measurement

The Company measures its financial instruments at fair value in accordance with the accounting policies mentioned above. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the standalone financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy that categorizes into three levels, described as follows, the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 input) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

- Level 1 (unadjusted) - Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted quoted prices from active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has access to at the measurement date. The Company considers markets as active only if there are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of the identical assets or liabilities and when there are binding and exercisable price quotes available on the Balance Sheet date.
- Level 2 - Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life. Such inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical instruments in inactive markets and observable inputs other than quoted prices such as interest rates and yield curves, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. In addition, adjustments may be required for the condition or location of the asset or the extent to which it relates to items that are comparable to the valued instrument. However, if such adjustments are based on

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

unobservable inputs which are significant to the entire measurement, the Company will classify the instruments as Level 3.

- Level 3 - Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period and discloses the same.

(4) Cash and Cash Equivalents (refer notes 3 & 4)

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of Cash Flow Statement comprise cash and cheques in hand, bank balances, demand deposits with banks where the original maturity is three months or less and other short term highly liquid investments.

(5) Investment in subsidiaries (refer note 5)

Investment in subsidiaries is recognised at cost and are not adjusted to fair value at the end of each reporting period. Cost of investment represents amount paid for acquisition of the said investment.

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period, if there are any indications that the said investment may be impaired. If so, the Company estimates the recoverable value/amount of the investment and provides for impairment, if any, i.e., the deficit in the recoverable value over cost.

(6) Property, plant and equipment (PPE) (refer note 7)

Measurement at recognition

An item of PPE that qualifies as an asset is measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, items of PPE are carried at its cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of an item of PPE comprises of its purchase price including import duties and other non-refundable purchase taxes or levies, directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use and the initial estimate of decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities, if any. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Cost includes cost of replacing a part of a plant and equipment if the recognition criteria are met. Items such as, spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment that meet the definition of PPE are capitalized at cost and depreciated over their useful life. Costs in nature of repairs and maintenance are recognized in the Statement of profit and loss as and when incurred.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are

reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Capital work-in-progress and capital advances

Cost of assets not ready for intended use, as on the Balance sheet date, is shown as capital work-in-progress. Advances given towards acquisition of PPE outstanding at each Balance sheet date are disclosed as other non-financial assets.

Depreciation

Depreciation on each part of an item of property, plant and equipment is provided using the written down value method based on the useful life of the asset as prescribed in Schedule II to the Act. Depreciation is calculated on a pro-rata basis from the date of installation till date the assets are sold or disposed. Leasehold improvements are amortised over the underlying lease term on a straight-line basis.

De-recognition

The carrying amount of an item of PPE is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The gain or loss arising from the de-recognition of an item of PPE is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and is recognized in the Statement of profit and loss when the item is derecognized.

(7) Income Taxes (refer note 23 and 11)

Tax expense is the aggregate amount included in the determination of profit or loss for the period in respect of current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable in respect of taxable profit for a period. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the Statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax is measured using tax rates that have been enacted by the end of reporting period for the amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025**Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit under Income tax Act, 1961.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. However, in case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction (other than business combination) that affect neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized. Also, for temporary differences if any that may arise from initial recognition of goodwill, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized.

Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary difference can be utilized. In case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction (other than business combination) that affect neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit, deferred tax assets are not recognized. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the benefits of part or all such deferred tax assets to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

The Company has not recognised a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except to the extent that both of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the parent, investor, joint venture or joint operator is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference; and
- it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, to the extent it would be available for set off against future current income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT

is recognised as deferred tax asset in the Balance Sheet when the asset can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realised.

Presentation of current and deferred tax

Current and deferred tax are recognized as income or an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income, in which case, the current and deferred tax income/expense are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income. The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. In case of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities, the same are offset if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off corresponding current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the Company.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that the company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Further, the MAT credit is not set-off against the deferred tax liabilities, since the Company does not have a legally enforceable right to set-off.

(8) Provisions and contingencies (refer note 10)

The Company recognizes provisions when a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event exists and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle such obligation and the amount of such obligation can be reliably estimated. If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or the amount of such obligation cannot be measured reliably. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which likelihood of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(9) Employee Benefits (refer notes 19 & 26)

Short-term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits and they are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Company recognizes the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability (accrued expense) after deducting any amount already paid.

Post-employment benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

Defined contribution plans are employee state insurance scheme and Government administered pension fund scheme for all applicable employees.

Recognition and measurement of defined contribution plans:

The Company recognises contribution payable to a defined contribution plan as an expense in the Statement of profit and loss when the employees render services to the Company during the reporting period. If the contributions payable for services received from employees before the reporting date exceeds the contributions already paid, the deficit payable is recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the reporting date, the excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

(ii) Defined benefits plans

Gratuity scheme

Gratuity is a post-employment benefit and is a defined benefit plan. The cost of providing defined benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit method with actuarial valuations being carried out at each reporting date. The defined benefit obligations recognized in the Balance sheet represent the present value of the defined benefit obligations as reduced by the fair value of plan assets, if any. Any defined benefit asset (negative defined benefit obligations resulting from this calculation) is recognized representing the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the plan.

Recognition and measurement of defined benefit plans

All expenses represented by current service cost, past service cost, if any, and net interest on the defined benefit liability / (asset) are recognized in the Statement of profit and loss. Re-measurements of the net defined benefit liability / (asset) comprising

actuarial gains and losses and the return on the plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset), are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income. Such re-measurements are not reclassified to the Statement of profit and loss in the subsequent periods.

The Company does not present the above liability/ (asset) as current and non-current in the Balance sheet as per the principles of Division III of Schedule III to the Act as per MCA's Notification dated 11th October, 2018.

(10) Lease accounting

The Company, as a lessee, recognizes a Right-of-Use (RoU) asset and a lease liability for its leasing arrangements, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset.

The contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, if it involves the use of an identified asset and the Company has substantially all the economic benefits from use of the asset and has right to direct the use of the identified asset. The cost of the RoU asset shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date plus any initial direct costs incurred. The RoU asset is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The RoU asset is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of RoU asset.

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate.

For short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(11) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Borrowing costs, if any, directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized, if any. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025**(12) Events after reporting date**

Where events occurring after the Balance sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the Balance sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed.

(13) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or Cash-Generating Unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined,

net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

(14) Earnings per share (refer note 24)

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted-average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted-average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events including a bonus issue.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(15) Accounting and reporting of information for Operating Segments

Operating segments are those components of the business whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision making body in the Company to make decisions for performance assessment and resource allocation. The reporting of segment information is the same as provided to the management for the purpose of the performance assessment and resource allocation to the segments. Segment accounting policies are in line with the accounting policies of the Company.

2 (C) Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2025, MCA has notified Ind AS - 117 Insurance Contracts and amendments to Ind AS 116 - Leases, relating to sale and leaseback transactions, applicable to the Company w.e.f. April 1, 2024. The Company has reviewed the new pronouncements and based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any significant impact in its financial statements.

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

3 Cash and cash equivalents

	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Cash on hand	0.25	0.12
Balances with banks :		
- in current accounts	11.95	18.41
- in Term deposit with original maturity of less than 3 months	160.00	25.00
	172.20	43.53

4 Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents

	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Term deposit with original maturity of more than 3 months but less than 12 months	-	200.00
	-	200.00

5 Investments

	₹ lakhs				
	As at 31 st March, 2025				
	Others (At Cost)	Through other comprehensive income	At fair value Through profit or loss	Sub - Total	Total
Mutual funds (quoted)	-	-	8,923.88	8,923.88	8,923.88
Equity instruments					
- Subsidiaries (unquoted)	40,269.24	-	-	-	40,269.24
- Others (quoted)	-	4,29,425.78	-	4,29,425.78	4,29,425.78
- Others (unquoted)	-	6,373.99	-	6,373.99	6,373.99
Bonds	1,645.96	-	-	-	1,645.96
REIT (quoted)	-	-	117.69	117.69	117.69
Alternate Investment Funds (unquoted)	-	-	2,599.29	2,599.29	2,599.29
Total Gross (A)	41,915.20	4,35,799.77	11,640.86	4,47,440.64	4,89,355.83
Investment outside India	-	-	-	-	-
Investment in India	41,915.20	4,35,799.77	11,640.86	4,47,440.64	4,89,355.83
Total Gross (B)	41,915.20	4,35,799.77	11,640.86	4,47,440.64	4,89,355.83
Less : Impairment loss allowance (C)	-	-	-	-	-
Total Net (D) = (A)-(C)	41,915.20	4,35,799.77	11,640.86	4,47,440.64	4,89,355.83

	₹ lakhs				
	As at 31 st March, 2024				
	Others (At Cost)	Through other comprehensive income	At fair value Through profit or loss	Sub - Total	Total
Mutual funds (quoted)	-	-	8,683.12	8,683.12	8,683.12
Equity instruments					
- Subsidiaries (unquoted)	40,269.24	-	-	-	40,269.24
- Others (quoted)	-	3,78,321.62	-	3,78,321.62	3,78,321.62
- Others (unquoted)	-	3,693.00	-	3,693.00	3,693.00
Bonds	-	-	-	-	-
REIT (quoted)	-	-	119.01	119.01	119.01
Alternate Investment Funds (unquoted)	-	-	1,959.96	1,959.96	1,959.96
Total Gross (A)	40,269.24	3,82,014.62	10,762.10	3,92,776.72	4,33,045.96
Investment outside India	-	-	-	-	-
Investment in India	40,269.24	3,82,014.62	10,762.10	3,92,776.72	4,33,045.96
Total Gross (B)	40,269.24	3,82,014.62	10,762.10	3,92,776.72	4,33,045.96
Less : Impairment loss allowance (C)	-	-	-	-	-
Total Net (D) = (A)-(C)	40,269.24	3,82,014.62	10,762.10	3,92,776.72	4,33,045.96

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025
5 Investments (continued)

		₹ lakhs			
	Face value	As at 31 st March, 2025		As at 31 st March, 2024	
		Number	Amount	Number	Amount
(a) Investment in mutual funds					
(Measured at FVTPL)					
Aditya Birla Sunlife Corporate Bond Fund Growth		1,18,276	133.00	1,18,276	122.11
Aditya Birla Sun Life Nifty SDL Apr 2027 Index Fund Growth		29,38,317	357.06	29,38,317	329.76
Aditya Birla Sun Life Nifty SDL Plus PSU Bond Sep 2026 60:40 Index Fund		12,39,181	150.50	12,39,181	139.38
Axis Bluechip Fund Growth		3,20,410	210.38	3,20,410	199.33
Axis Dynamic Bond Fund Growth		2,95,063	94.06	2,95,063	86.21
Bandhan Nifty100 Low Volatility 30 Index Fund Growth		35,10,232	514.53	21,50,985	302.84
Bank of India Business Cycle Fund - Regular Plan - Growth		4,99,975	42.05	-	-
Canara Robeco Blue Chip Equity Fund Growth		74,354	50.46	74,354	45.77
Canara Robeco Flexi Cap Fund Growth		1,40,084	484.94	1,40,084	448.76
HDFC Focused 30 Fund Growth		3,81,824	923.37	1,47,521	305.28
ICICI Prudential Value Discovery Fund Growth		1,01,799	488.05	70,578	303.92
ICICI Prudential Liquid Fund Growth		74,623	286.48	74,623	266.71
ICICI Prudential Nifty 100 Low Volatility 30 ETF FOF Growth		4,15,559	71.36	4,15,559	68.48
ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund Nifty 100 Low Volatility 30 ETF		30,10,000	618.25	30,10,000	592.37
Invesco India Opp. Fund Growth		-	-	5,45,405	482.52
Kotak Emerging Equity Fund Growth		-	-	4,61,303	539.81
Kotak Equity Opportunities Fund Growth		32,398	115.30	32,398	105.05
Kotak NASDAQ 100 FOF Growth		10,37,528	171.84	10,37,528	160.40
Kotak Money Market Fund Direct Plan		3,470	154.24	-	-
HSBC Banking and PSU Debt Fund Growth		19,23,784	479.90	19,23,784	444.37
Mirae Asset S and P 500 Top 50 ETF Fund of Fund Growth		18,95,101	334.90	18,95,101	273.05
Mirae Assets Large Cap Fund Growth		-	-	2,15,308	231.11
Mirae Asset Midcap Fund Growth		10,69,452	361.29	10,69,452	341.61
Motilal Oswal Nasdaq 100 Fund of Fund Growth		7,65,058	293.92	7,65,058	243.87
Motilal Oswal S and P 500 Index Fund Growth		6,71,684	148.19	6,71,684	135.15
Nippon India ETF Nifty Sdl-2026 Maturity		92,300	118.95	92,300	110.44
SBI Banking & Financial Services Fund Growth		17,55,555	755.25	4,60,838	166.99
Tata Large & Mid Cap Fund Growth		58,687	328.18	58,687	305.55
UTI Nifty Index Fund Growth		-	-	4,32,514	662.33
UTI Nifty200 Momentum 30 Index Fund Growth		63,45,938	1,237.44	39,10,727	825.59
UTI Nifty Next 50 Index Fund Growth		-	-	19,99,700	444.36
			8,923.88		8,683.12
(b) Investment in equity instruments					
Subsidiary, unquoted					
(Measured at cost)					
Instant Holdings Limited	10	47,13,895	40,269.24	47,13,895	40,269.24
			40,269.24		40,269.24
Others, unquoted					
(Measured at FVTOCI)					
Bombay Mercantile Co-op Bank Limited	30	1,666	0.45	1,666	-
CFL Capital Financial Services Limited (under liquidation)	10	2,46,00,921	-	2,46,00,921	-
Spencer & Co. Limited (paid up value ₹ 9 per share)	10	19,73,600	6,373.54	19,73,600	3,693.00
			6,373.99		3,693.00
			46,643.23		43,962.24

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

		₹ lakhs			
	Face value	As at 31 st March, 2025		As at 31 st March, 2024	
		Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Quoted (Measured at FVTOCI)					
CEAT Limited	10	10,46,248	30,126.71	10,46,248	28,064.56
Harrisons Malayalam Limited	10	160	0.33	160	0.26
KEC International Limited	2	2,81,71,543	2,20,512.75	2,81,71,543	1,95,580.94
RPG Life Sciences Limited	8	398	9.08	398	6.08
State Bank of India	1	-	-	1	0.01
STEL Holding Limited	10	8,78,501	3,367.29	8,78,501	2,811.63
Zensar Technologies Limited	2	2,50,28,127	1,75,409.62	2,50,28,127	1,51,858.15
			<u>4,29,425.78</u>		<u>3,78,321.62</u>

(c) Investments in REIT

Quoted

(Measured at FVTPL)

Embassy Office Parks REIT

100	32,200	117.69	32,200	119.01
		<u>117.69</u>		<u>119.01</u>

(d) Investments in Bonds

(Measured at Amortised Cost)

Shriram Finance Limited SR PPD XXI OP2 TR3 9.20

NCD 22MY26 FV Rs I Lac

Less : Premium Amortisation

8.9267% Shriram Finance Ltd 20-Jul-2027

7.30% GOI 19 Jun 2053

Less : Premium Amortisation

1,00,000	400	400.86	-	-
		(0.27)		
1,00,000	200	200.00		
100	10,00,000	1,045.60		
		(0.24)		
		<u>1,645.96</u>		-

(e) Investments through AIF

(Measured at FVTPL)

Alteria Capital Fund

3P India Equity Fund

Emerging India Credit Opportunities Fund

100	3,54,587	327.57	4,79,306	478.44
100	14,88,368	2,188.53	10,42,454	1,389.44
1,00,000	80	83.20	90	92.08
		<u>2,599.29</u>		<u>1,959.96</u>
		<u>4,89,355.83</u>		<u>4,33,045.96</u>

6 Other financial assets

	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Interest accrued/receivable on FD, Bond and AIF	56.51	3.68
Security deposit	0.10	0.10
Receivable against sale of Investment	1,169.13	-
Other receivables	0.67	30.53
	<u>1,226.41</u>	<u>34.30</u>

7 Property, plant and equipment

	₹ lakhs		
	Computer	Office Equipment	Total
Gross block			
Balance as at 1 st April, 2023	6.76	3.51	10.27
Additions	2.25	1.00	3.25
Disposals	(6.62)	(1.33)	(7.95)
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	2.39	3.18	5.57
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2025	2.39	3.18	5.57

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

	Computer	Office Equipment	₹ lakhs Total
Accumulated depreciation			
Balance as at 1 st April, 2023	5.68	2.67	8.35
Depreciation charge for the year	1.15	1.02	2.16
Disposals	(6.55)	(1.33)	(7.88)
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	0.28	2.36	2.64
Depreciation charge for the year	1.33	0.36	1.69
Disposals	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2025	1.60	2.72	4.33
Net block			
As at 31 st March, 2024	2.11	0.82	2.93
As at 31 st March, 2025	0.78	0.46	1.24

8 Other non-financial assets

	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Prepaid expenses	0.36	0.31
Balances with government authorities	39.16	39.16
	39.52	39.47

9 Other financial liabilities

	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Expenses payable	44.34	14.63
	44.34	14.63

10 Provisions

	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Provision for expenses	14.83	-
for Employee Benefits		
Provision for gratuity	21.64	17.56
Provision for compensated absences	7.93	6.84
	44.40	24.40

11 Deferred taxes

	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Deferred tax liability:		
Fair valuation on investments carried at FVTOCI	61,512.69	43,286.02
Fair valuation on investments carried at FVTPL	414.99	427.52
Deferred tax on bond interest difference	6.05	
Total deferred tax liabilities	61,933.73	43,713.54
Deferred tax assets:		
Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipment as per books of account and Income Tax Act, 1961	0.52	0.42
Provision for employee benefits	8.61	7.11
MAT credit entitlement	18.45	526.89
Total deferred tax assets	27.58	534.41
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	61,906.15	43,179.13

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31st March 2024

₹ lakhs				
Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2023	Statement of Profit or Loss	Other comprehensive Income	As at 31 st March, 2024
Deferred tax liabilities for taxable temporary differences on:				
Fair valuation on investments carried at FVTOCI	23,655.30	-	19,630.72	43,286.02
Fair valuation on investments carried at FVTPL	201.37	226.15	-	427.52
Total	23,856.67	226.15	19,630.72	43,713.54
Deferred tax assets for deductible temporary differences on:				
Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipment as per books of account and Income Tax Act, 1961	(0.16)	0.58	-	0.42
Provision for employee benefits	10.22	(3.12)		7.11
On carry forward of losses	-	-	-	-
MAT credit entitlement	493.36	33.53	-	526.89
Total	503.42	30.99	-	534.41
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	23,353.25	195.16	19,630.72	43,179.13

Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31st March 2025

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2024	Statement of Profit or Loss	Other comprehensive Income	As at 31 st March, 2025
Deferred tax liabilities for taxable temporary differences on:				
Fair valuation on investments carried at FVTOCI	43,286.02	-	18,226.66	61,512.69
Fair valuation on investments carried at FVTPL	427.52	(12.53)	-	414.99
Deferred tax on bond interest difference	-	6.05	-	6.05
Total	43,713.54	(6.48)	18,226.66	61,933.73
Deferred tax assets for deductible temporary differences on:				
Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipment as per books of account and Income Tax Act, 1961	0.42	0.10	-	0.52
Provision for employee benefits	7.11	1.51		8.61
On carry forward of losses	-	-	-	-
MAT credit entitlement	526.89	(508.44)	-	18.45
Total	534.41	(506.83)	-	27.58
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	43,179.13	500.35	18,226.66	61,906.15

12 Other non-financial liabilities

₹ lakhs		
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Statutory dues	1.94	0.81
Sales tax payable	253.46	253.46
Other payable	17.90	-
	273.30	254.27

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025
13 Share capital

Note 1 : Disclosure pursuant to Note no. S(a, b, c & d) of Division III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

(Share Capital authorised, issued, subscribed and paid up)

Particulars of Share Capital	₹ lakhs					
	Equity Share Capital (Face Value ₹ 10 each)		Preference Share Capital (Face Value ₹ 100 each)		Preference Share Capital (Face Value ₹ 10 each)	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Authorised Share Capital						
At 1 st April, 2023	14,20,00,000	14,200.00	25,00,000	2,500.00	1,50,00,000	1,500.00
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 st March, 2024	14,20,00,000	14,200.00	25,00,000	2,500.00	1,50,00,000	1,500.00
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 st March, 2025	14,20,00,000	14,200.00	25,00,000	2,500.00	1,50,00,000	1,500.00
Issued Share Capital						
At 1 st April, 2023	1,09,01,987	1,090.20	-	-	-	-
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 st March, 2024	1,09,01,987	1,090.20	-	-	-	-
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 st March, 2025	1,09,01,987	1,090.20	-	-	-	-
Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital						
At 1 st April, 2023	1,09,01,781	1,090.18	-	-	-	-
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 st March, 2024	1,09,01,781	1,090.18	-	-	-	-
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 st March, 2025	1,09,01,781	1,090.18	-	-	-	-

Note 2 : Disclosure pursuant to Note no. S(e) of Division III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

Terms and rights attached to equity shares

Equity Shares: The Company has issued one class of equity shares having face value of Rs. 10/- per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held.

The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors, if any, is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of Interim Dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

The shareholders have all other rights as available to the Equity Shareholders as per the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 read together with the Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association of the Company, as applicable.

Note 3 : Disclosure pursuant to Note no. S(f) of Division III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

(i) Swallow Associates LLP is directly holding more than 50% of total paid up share capital of the Company

Note 4 : Disclosure pursuant to Note no. S(g) of Division III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

(shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company)

Name of the Shareholder	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Number of Shares	% of Holding	Number of Shares	% of Holding
Swallow Associates LLP	76,93,928	70.57%	76,93,928	70.57%

Note 5 : Disclosures pursuant to Note no. S(h), (i), (j), (k) and (l) of Division III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company and hence not given.

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Note 6 : Disclosures pursuant to Note no. S(m) of Division III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

Capital Management

The objective of Company's Capital Management is to ensure that the investment's are made to enhance share holder value and results in healthy capital ratio, growth and continuity of business. No changes have been made to the objectives, policies and processes from the previous years.

Note 7 : Disclosures pursuant to Note no. S(n) of Division III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 as on 31st March 2025

(Shareholding of Promoters)

Sr. No.	Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
I Promoter				
1	Harsh Vardhan Goenka	18,311	0.17%	-
II Promoter Group				
1	Swallow Associates LLP	76,93,928	70.57%	-
2	Carniwal Investments Ltd	3,54,159	3.25%	-
3	STEL Holdings Ltd	69,815	0.64%	-
4	Sofreal Mercantrade Pvt Ltd	10	0.00%	-
5	Atlantus Dwellings & Infrastructure LLP	10	0.00%	-
6	Chattarpati Apartments LLP	10	0.00%	-
7	Ektara Enterprises LLP	10	0.00%	-
8	Malabar Coastal Holdings LLP	10	0.00%	-
9	Vayu Associates LLP (formerly Vayu Udaan Aircraft LLP)	10	0.00%	-
10	Anant Vardhan Goenka	1,318	0.01%	-
11	Late Rama Prasad Goenka	211	0.00%	-
12	Mala Goenka	10	0.00%	-
13	Radha Anant Goenka	10	0.00%	-
14	Harsh Vardhan Goenka, Trustee of Nucleus Life Trust	1	0.00%	-
15	Harsh Vardhan Goenka, Trustee of Secura India Trust	2	0.00%	-
16	Harsh Vardhan Goenka, Trustee of Prism Estates Trust	1	0.00%	-
17	Anant Vardhan Goenka, Trustee of AVG Family Trust	10	0.00%	-
18	Anant Vardhan Goenka, Trustee of RG Family Trust	10	0.00%	-
19	Harsh Vardhan Goenka, Trustee of Navya Goenka Trust	10	0.00%	-
20	Harsh Vardhan Goenka, Trustee of Ishaan Goenka Trust	10	0.00%	-
	Total	81,37,866	74.65%	-

14 Other equity

	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
(i) General reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	37,967.25	37,967.25
Add : Changes during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	37,967.25	37,967.25
(ii) Statutory reserves (in terms of Section 45-IC(1) of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934)		
Balance at the beginning of the year	5,101.21	4,398.79
Add : Changes during the year	614.03	702.42
Balance at the end of the year	5,715.24	5,101.21

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
(iii) Retained earnings		
Balance at the beginning of the year	20,331.46	17,521.77
Add: Profit for the year	3,070.13	3,512.11
Add : Realised profit transferred from Other comprehensive income	0.00	0.00
Appropriations:		
Transfer to Reserve fund in terms of Section 45-IC(1) of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	(614.03)	(702.42)
Balance at the end of the year	22,787.57	20,331.46
(iv) Other comprehensive income		
Balance at the beginning of the year	3,25,401.01	1,78,439.39
Add : Changes during the year	35,557.25	1,46,961.62
Less : Realised profit transferred to Retained earnings	(0.00)	(0.00)
Less : Items recognised directly in Retained earnings		
Balance at the end of the year	3,60,958.26	3,25,401.01
	4,27,428.32	3,88,800.94

Nature and purpose of each reserve:**General reserve**

General reserve is created from time to time by way of transfer profits from Retained earnings for appropriation purposes. General reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfer to General reserve.

Statutory reserves

The Company is required to create a reserve in accordance with the provisions of Section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly 20% of the profits after tax for the year is transferred to this reserve at the end of every reporting period.

Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)

This represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on the revaluation of financial instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, under an irrevocable option, net of amounts reclassified to Retained earnings when such assets are disposed off, if any.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

15 Interest income

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
(on financial assets measured at amortised cost)		
Interest on deposit with banks	30.46	38.98
Interest on Bonds	57.79	-
Less : Premium Amortisation	(0.51)	
(on financial assets measured at FVTPL)		
Interest income on AIF	50.24	69.78
Interest income on REIT	1.18	0.80
	139.16	109.56

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

16 Dividend income

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Dividend income on investments	3,695.33	2,348.53
	3,695.33	2,348.53
On Investment measured at FVTPL	2.00	1.24
On Investment measured at FVTOCI	3,693.33	2,347.29
	3,695.33	2,348.53

17 Net gain on fair value changes

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Net gain on fair value changes		
Net gain on financial instruments at FVTPL		
On Mutual funds, REIT and AIF	784.64	2,288.84
	784.64	2,288.84
Fair value changes:		
Realised	1,556.87	917.19
Unrealised	(772.23)	1,371.66
	784.64	2,288.84

18 Other income

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Miscellaneous income	0.32	1.03
	0.32	1.03

19 Employee benefits expenses

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Salaries	141.02	137.55
Staff welfare expense	0.73	2.77
	141.75	140.32

20 Depreciation

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Depreciation on Property, plant and equipment (refer note 7)	1.69	2.16
	1.69	2.16

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

21 Other Expenses

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Rent, taxes and energy cost	7.14	7.78
Repairs and maintenance - Others	0.45	1.61
Communication costs	1.84	3.70
Printing and stationery	1.25	1.24
Advertisement and publicity	0.92	0.77
Directors fees	2.19	2.49
Auditor fees and expenses	7.73	7.21
Legal and professional expenses	41.52	38.01
Insurance	0.80	0.83
Investment expenses	42.13	32.81
Listing and custodian fees	11.19	11.35
Miscellaneous expenses	18.39	3.07
	135.56	110.86
Auditor fees and expenses :		
- Statutory audit	2.89	2.66
- Other services	2.95	2.95
- Certification Fees	1.24	0.71
- Reuimbursement of Expenses	0.65	0.89
	7.73	7.21

Undisclosed Income

There are no transactions which are not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessment under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual currency during the year.

22 Tax expense

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Current tax	761.00	787.00
Deferred tax	(8.09)	228.69
MAT credit entitlement/utilised	508.44	(33.53)
Tax adjustments in respect of earlier years	8.97	0.35
	1,270.32	982.51

The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expense based on the domestic tax rate of 29.12% and 29.12% for financial year ended 31st March, 2025 and 31st March, 2024 respectively and the reported tax expense in Statement of profit and loss are as follows:

(a) Reconciliation of Current tax expenses:

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Profit before tax	4,340.45	4,494.62
Enacted tax rates in India (%)	29.12%	29.12%
Computed tax expense	1,263.94	1,308.83
Effect of prior period taxes	8.97	0.35
Others	(2.59)	(326.68)
Total income tax expense as per the Statement of profit and loss	1,270.32	982.51
Effective Tax Rate	29.27%	21.86%

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

23 Current tax assets/ Liabilities

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Current tax liabilities:		
Opening balance	2.64	(13.98)
Add: During the year	5.86	16.62
	8.51	2.64

24 Earnings per share (EPS)

	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders		
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders (in ₹ lakhs) (A)	3,070.13	3,512.11
Nominal value of equity share (₹)	10.00	10.00
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding (B)	1,09,01,781	1,09,01,781
Basic earnings per share (₹) (A/B)	28.16	32.22
Diluted earnings per share (₹) (A/B)	28.16	32.22
Face value per share (₹)	10.00	10.00

25 Contingent liabilities and commitments

	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
(a) Contingent liabilities (not provided for)		
Civil suits	125.31	140.14
(b) Capital commitments		
Capital commitments towards investments	19.74	29.74

26 Employee benefits expenses

(a) Defined benefits plans - Gratuity (unfunded)

Gratuity plan is a defined benefit plan that provides for lump sum gratuity payment to employees made at the time of their exit by the way of retirement (on superannuation or otherwise), death or disability. The benefits are defined on the basis of their final salary and period of service and such benefits paid under the plan is not subject to the ceiling limit specified in the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Liability as on the Balance Sheet date is provided based on actuarial valuation done by a certified actuary using projected unit credit method.

Pay as you go risk	For unfunded schemes, financial planning could be difficult as the benefits payable will directly affect the revenue and this could be widely fluctuating from year to year. Moreover there may be an opportunity cost of better investment returns affecting adversely the cost of the scheme.
Salary risk	The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.
Investment risk	The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds.
Longevity risk	The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality plan of the participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

The following tables summarise the components of defined benefit expense recognised in the Statement of profit and loss/OCI and amounts recognised in the Balance sheet for the respective plan:

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

profit and loss/OCI and amounts recognised in the Balance sheet for the respective plan:

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
(i) Change in projected benefit obligation		
Projected benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	17.56	28.18
Current service costs	1.58	1.36
Interest costs	1.26	2.11
Benefit Paid *	-	(15.44)
Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from changes in financial assumption	0.50	0.41
Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from changes in demographic assumption	-	-
Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from experience adjustments	0.73	0.94
Benefit obligation at the end of the year	21.64	17.56
*Net of received from the group company		
(ii) Bifurcation of Present value of Benefit Obligation		
Current - Amount due within one year	6.10	5.42
Non Current - Amount due after one year	15.54	12.14
Benefit obligation at the end of the year	21.64	17.56
(iii) Expenses charged to the Statement of profit and loss		
- Current service costs	1.58	1.36
- Interest costs	1.26	2.11
	2.85	3.47
(iv) Remeasurement (gains)/losses in other comprehensive income		
Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from change in financial assumption	0.50	0.41
Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from change in demographic assumption	-	-
Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from experience adjustments	0.73	0.94
	1.23	1.35
(v) Key actuarial assumptions		
Discount rate	6.90%	7.20%
Salary growth rate	8.00%	8.00%
Retirement age	58 years	58 years
	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
Mortality rate:		
Less than 30 years	2%	2%
31-44 years	2%	2%
45 years and above	2%	2%
(vi) Sensitivity analysis		
A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is as shown below:		
Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2025	Year ended 31st March, 2024
DBO with discount rate + 1%	(1.60)	(1.28)
DBO with discount rate - 1%	1.84	1.51
DBO with + 1% salary escalation	1.80	1.49

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
DBO with - 1% salary escalation	(1.59)	(1.29)
DBO with + 1% withdrawal rate	(0.13)	(0.09)
DBO with - 1% withdrawal rate	0.15	0.10

Methods and assumptions used in preparing sensitivity analysis and their limitations:

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability recognised in the Balance Sheet.

(vii) Expected Company Contribution in next year	1.58	1.36
--	------	------

(viii) Maturity analysis of the benefit payments:

Expected benefits payments for each such plans over the years is given in the table below:

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Year 1	6.10	5.42
Year 2	0.19	0.15
Year 3	0.21	0.16
Year 4	0.23	0.18
Year 5	0.25	0.20
Year 6 to 10	10.00	1.31

(b) Compensated Absences

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Maturity profile		
Present value of unfunded obligation	7.93	6.84
Expenses recognised in Statement of profit and loss	1.09	1.33
Discount rate (p.a)	6.90%	7.20%
Salary escalation rate (p.a)	8%	8%

27 Related party disclosures

Information on related party transactions as required by Ind AS 24, Related Party Disclosures, for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Relationship**(i) Holding**

Swallow Associates LLP

(ii) Subsidiaries of Company (Control exist)

Instant Holdings Limited

Sudarshan Electronics & T.V. Limited (till 07th May 2024)

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(iii) Non-Executive Directors

Key person	Designation
Ramesh D Chandak	Director
Hari Narain Singh Rajpoot	Director
Hemendra Chimanlal Dalal	Director (till 27th September 2024)
Prem Kapil	Director (till 27th September 2024)
Abhay Vasant Nerurakar	Director
Shweta Ratnakar Musale	Director
Manish Jain	Director
Rohin Feroze Bomanji	Director (w.e.f. 01st August 2024)
Sunil Kumar Tamhane	Director (w.e.f. 16th September 2024)

(iv) Key Managerial Personnel ('KMP')

Key person	Designation
Paras Mal Rakhecha	Chief Financial Officer (till 29th February 2024)
Anand Rathi	Chief Financial Officer (w.e.f 01st March 2024)
Jiya Gangwani	Company Secretary
Arvind Dhumal	Manager

Transactions with related parties

₹ lakhs

Name of the Party/Nature of Transaction	Year Ended 31 st March, 2025	Year Ended 31 st March, 2024
Key Managerial Personnel		
Remuneration (includes post employee benefits)*	122.48	122.17
Sitting fees (exclusive of GST)	1.86	2.11

All transactions with these related parties are priced on an arm's length basis.

*excluding reimbursement done on actual basis

28 Disclosure as per clause 34(3), clause 53 (f) and Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended:

(a) Loans to Subsidiaries : Nil

(b) Investments (numbers of shares) in the Company and its subsidiary:

Name of the Company	Investments by	No. of shares held as on	
		As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Instant Holdings Limited	Summit Securities Limited	47,13,895	47,13,895

29 Fair value measurement

(a) Category wise classification of financial instruments

₹ lakhs

Particulars	Note	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
A. Financial assets:			
Carried at cost			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	172.20	43.53
Other Bank Balance	4	-	200.00
Investments	5	41,915.20	40,269.24
Other financial assets	6	1,226.41	34.30
		43,313.80	40,547.07

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Particulars	Note	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Carried at FVTPL			
Investments	5	11,640.86	10,762.10
		11,640.86	10,762.10
Carried at FVTOCI			
Investments in equity instruments	5	4,35,799.77	3,82,014.62
		4,35,799.77	3,82,014.62
		4,90,754.44	4,33,323.79

Disclosure with respects to Sale of Investment in Equity Instrument measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income during the reporting period:

(i)	Reason for disposal of Investment	Diversified	Diversified
(ii)	Fair Value of Investment at the date of derecognition	0.01	0.04
(iii)	Cumulative gain/loss on disposal	0.00	0.00

B. Financial liabilities**Measured at cost**

Other financial liabilities	9	44.34	14.63
		44.34	14.63

(b) Fair value hierarchy

The Group determines fair values of its financial instruments according to the following hierarchy:

Level 1: Valuation based on quoted market price: Financial instruments with quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets that the Company can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Valuation based on using observable inputs: Financial instruments with quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in inactive markets and financial instruments valued using models where all significant inputs are observable.

Level 3: Valuation technique with significant unobservable inputs: - financial instruments valued using valuation techniques where one or more significant inputs are unobservable.

₹ lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Level 1 (Quoted prices in active market)		
Financial assets measured at FVTOCI		
Investments in quoted equity instruments	4,29,425.78	3,78,321.62
Financial assets measured at FVTPL		
Investments in mutual funds	8,923.88	8,683.12
Investments in REIT	117.69	119.01
Level 3 (Significant unobservable inputs)		
Financial assets measured at FVTOCI		
Investments in unquoted equity instruments	6,373.99	3,693.00
Financial assets measured at FVTPL		
Investments in alternate investment fund	2,599.29	1,959.96
	4,47,440.64	3,92,776.72

Reconciliation of fair value of measurement categorised within level 3 of the value hierarchy

₹ lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Opening Fair value	5,652.96	2,453.80
Purchase/Sales of Financial Instruments	515.08	982.81
Change in Fair value during the year - PL	124.25	277.10
Change in Fair value during the year - OCI	2,680.99	1,939.26
Closing Fair value	8,973.28	5,652.96

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025
Financial Instruments measured at Fair value - Level III

Type	Valuation Technique	Significant Observable Input	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Investment in unquoted equity shares	Adjusted NAV (Net Asset Value) method. Adjusted NAV method involves determination of fair values of asset/liability/business based on its book value with appropriate relevant adjustments.	Not applicable	Not applicable
Investment in Venture Capital Fund	Investments in venture capital funds are valued by use of statement of accounts received from the investee parties.	Not applicable	Not applicable

Note : There are no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2 during the year. There are no transfer into or put of Level 3.

(c) Fair value of assets and liabilities measured at cost/amortised cost

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are a reasonable approximation of their fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amount would be significantly different from the values that would be eventually received or settled. Management assessed that fair values of cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, other financial assets and other financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts of these instruments.

30 Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

Particulars	₹ lakhs					
	As at 31 st March, 2025			As at 31 st March, 2024		
	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
ASSETS						
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	172.20	-	172.20	43.53	-	43.53
Other bank balances	-	-	-	200.00	-	200.00
Investments	-	4,89,355.83	4,89,355.83	-	4,33,045.96	4,33,045.96
Other financial assets	1,226.41	-	1,226.41	34.30	-	34.30
	1,398.61	4,89,355.83	4,90,754.44	277.83	4,33,045.96	4,33,323.79
Non-financial Assets						
Property, plant and equipment	-	1.24	1.24	-	2.93	2.93
Other non-financial assets	-	39.52	39.52	-	39.47	39.47
	-	40.76	40.76	-	42.40	42.40
Total Assets	1,398.61	4,89,396.59	4,90,795.20	277.83	4,33,088.36	4,33,366.19
LIABILITIES						
Financial Liabilities						
Other financial liabilities	44.34	-	44.34	14.63	-	14.63
	44.34	-	44.34	14.63	-	14.63

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2025			As at 31 st March, 2024		
	Within	After	Total	Within	After	Total
	12 months	12 months		12 months	12 months	
Non-Financial Liabilities						
Current tax liabilities (net)	-	8.51	8.51	-	2.64	2.64
Provisions	-	44.40	44.40	-	24.40	24.40
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	-	61,906.15	61,906.15	-	43,179.13	43,179.13
Other non-financial liabilities	19.85	253.46	273.30	0.81	253.46	254.27
	19.85	62,212.52	62,232.36	0.81	43,459.64	43,460.44
Total liabilities	64.19	62,212.52	62,276.71	15.44	43,459.64	43,475.08
Net Equity (Balancing Figure)	1,334.43	4,27,184.08	4,28,518.49	262.39	3,89,628.73	3,89,891.12
Total liabilities and equity	1,398.61	4,89,396.59	4,90,795.20	277.83	4,33,088.36	4,33,366.19

31 Disclosure pursuant to Ind-AS 7, Statement of Cash Flows :Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities - Nil

32 Financial risk management

The Company is a Non-Deposit taking Non-Banking Financial Company registered with the Reserve Bank of India (the 'RBI') (classified as Middle Layer). On account of its business activities it is exposed to various financial risks associated with financial products such as credit or default risk, market risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and inflationary risk. However, the Company has a robust financial risk management system in place to identify, evaluate, manage and mitigate various risks associated with its financial products to ensure that desired financial objectives are met. The Company's senior management is responsible for establishing and monitoring the risk management framework within its overall risk management objectives and strategies. Such risk management strategies and objectives are established to identify and analyse potential risks faced by the Company, set and monitor appropriate risk limits and controls, periodically review the changes in market conditions and assess risk management performance.

(a) Credit risk

This risk is common to all investors who invest in bonds and debt instruments and it refers to a situation where a particular bond issuer is unable to make the expected principal payments, interest rate payments, or both. Similarly, a lender bears the risk that the borrower may default in the payment of contractual interest or principal on its debt obligations, or both. The entity continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

Financial instruments

Risk concentration is minimized by investing in highly rated, investment grade bonds and debt instruments, which has the least risk of default. These investments are reviewed by the Board of Directors on a regular basis.

(b) Market risk:

Market risk is a form of systematic risk associated with the day-to-day fluctuation in the market prices of shares and securities and such market risk affects all securities and investors in the same manner. These daily price fluctuations follows its own broad trends and cycles and are more news and transaction driven rather than fundamentals and many a times, it may affect the returns from an investment. Market risks majorly comprises of two types - interest rate risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risks include borrowings and investments.

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(i) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market traded price. It arises from financial assets such as investments in equity instruments, bonds, mutual funds etc. The Company is exposed to price risk arising mainly from investments carried at fair value through FVTPL or FVTOCI which are valued using quoted prices in active markets (level 1 investments). A sensitivity analysis demonstrating the impact of change in market prices of these instruments from the prices existing as at the reporting date is given below:

Particulars	Carrying value as at	
	31 st March, 2025	31 st March, 2024
Investments carried at FVTPL or FVTOCI valued using quoted prices in active market	4,38,467.35	3,87,123.76

Particulars	Sensitivity analysis on total comprehensive income upon fluctuation of market prices	
	Increase by 10%	Decrease by 10%
Impact on total comprehensive income for year ended 31 st March, 2025	43,846.74	(43,846.74)
Impact on total comprehensive income for year ended 31 st March, 2024	38,712.38	(38,712.38)

(ii) Interest rate risk

Risk of exposure to interest rate risk is not material.

(c) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity refers to the readiness of the Company to sell and realise its financial assets. Liquidity risk is one of the most critical risk factors for Companies which is into the business of investments in shares and securities. It is the risk of not being able to realise the true price of a financial asset, or is not being able to sell the financial asset at all because of non-availability of buyers.

The Company maintains a well-diversified portfolio of investments in shares and securities which are saleable at any given point of time. A dedicated team of market experts are monitoring the markets on a continuous basis, which advises the management for timely purchase or sale of securities. The Company is currently having a mix of both short-term and long-term investments.

The following table shows the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts reported are on gross and undiscounted basis.

Particulars	Less than 1 year	Between 1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	₹ lakhs
				Total
As at 31st March, 2025				
Other financial liabilities	44.34	-	-	44.34
	44.34	-	-	44.34
As at 31st March, 2024				
Other financial liabilities	14.63	-	-	14.63
	14.63	-	-	14.63

For disclosures pursuant to master direction - RBI (NBFC scale based regulation) Direction 2023, Annex VI dated 19th October 2023 that enables the market participants to make an informed judgment about the soundness of its liquidity risk management framework and liquidity position, refer note no 37.

33 Capital management

For the purpose of Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity share capital, other equity reserves and borrowed capital less cash and cash equivalents. The primary objective of capital management is to maintain an efficient capital structure to reduce the cost of capital, support corporate expansion strategies and to maximize shareholder's value.

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

The entity manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the entity may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The entity monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The entity's policy is to keep an optimum gearing ratio. The entity includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

Following table summarizes the capital structure of the Company.

Particulars	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Borrowings	-	-
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (including other bank balances)	172.20	243.53
Adjusted net debt	(172.20)	(243.53)
Total equity (*)	4,28,518.50	3,89,891.12
Net debt to equity ratio	(0.00)	(0.00)

(*) Equity includes capital and all reserves of the Company that are managed as capital.

Regulatory Capital

Particulars	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Tier I Capital	18,967.78	14,756.30
Tier II Capital	-	-
	18,967.78	14,756.30
Risk Weighted Assets (RWA)	19,227.02	14,374.17
Tier I CRAR	98.65%	102.66%
Tier II CRAR	-	-
	98.65%	102.66%

- 34 Disclosures as required by the Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company - Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023 issued by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") vide their Notification No. RBI/DoR/2023-24/106 DoR.FIN.REC.No.45/03.10.119/2023-24 dated October 19, 2023 (the "Notification"), as updated from time to time.

	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
1 Capital		
Capital to Risk/Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) (%)	98.65%	102.66%
CRAR-Tier I Capital (%)	98.65%	102.66%
CRAR-Tier II Capital (%)	-	-
Amount of subordinated debt raised as Tier II capital	-	-
Amount raised by issue of Perpetual Debt instruments	-	-
		₹ lakhs
2 Investments	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
A. Value of investments		
Gross value of investments:		
a) In India	4,89,355.83	4,33,045.96
b) Outside India	-	-
Provisions for depreciation:		
a) In India	-	-
b) Outside India	-	-
Net value of investments		
a) In India	4,89,355.83	4,33,045.96
b) Outside India	-	-

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
B. Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments		
Opening balance	-	-
Add: Provisions made during the year	-	-
Less: Write-off/Write-back of excess provisions during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	-	-
3 Derivatives		
The Company does not have any derivatives exposure in the current and previous years.		
4 Asset liability management		
Disclosures relating to maturity pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities are given in note 37.		
5 Exposures		
A) Exposure to real estate sector		
Category		
a) Direct exposure		
i) Residential mortgages-	-	-
Lending fully secured by mortgages on residential property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented		
ii) Commercial real estate	-	-
Lending secured by mortgages on commercial real estates (office buildings, retail space, multi-purpose commercial premises, multi-family residential buildings, multi-tenanted commercial premises, industrial or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition, development and construction, etc.). Exposure would also include non-fund based limits.		
iii) Investments in Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) and other securitized exposures -		
a) Residential	-	-
b) Commercial real estate	-	-
b) Indirect exposure		
Fund based and non-fund-based exposures on National Housing Bank and Housing Finance Companies.	-	-
Total exposure to real estate sector	-	-
B) Exposure to capital market		
i) direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity-oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debt;	4,36,575.50	3,85,505.79
ii) advances against shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs / ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity-oriented mutual funds;	-	-
iii) advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security;	-	-

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
iv) advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares / convertible bonds / convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds does not fully cover the advances;	-	-
v) secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers;	-	-
vi) loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources;	-	-
vii) bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows / issues;	-	-
viii) underwriting commitments taken up by the NBFCs in respect of primary issue of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds	-	-
ix) financing to stockbrokers for margin trading	-	-
x) all exposures to Alternative Investment Funds		
- Category I	-	-
- Category II	410.77	570.52
- Category III	2,188.53	1,389.44
Total exposure to capital market	4,39,174.79	3,87,465.75

C) Details of financing of parent Company products

No disclosures required.

D) Details of Single Borrower Limit (SBL)/Group Borrower Limit (GBL) exceeded by the NBFC

There are no instances of exceeding the single and group borrowing limit by the Company during the current and previous year.

E) Unsecured Advances

The Company does not have any unsecured advances for which intangible securities such as charge over rights, license, authority, etc. has been taken.

6 Miscellaneous

A) Registration obtained from other financial sector regulators

The Company does not have any registrations obtained from other financial sector regulators.

B) Disclosure of Penalties imposed by RBI and other regulators

There have been no penalties imposed on the Company by RBI or other financial sector regulators during the current and previous year.

C) Related Party Transaction

Refer note 27

D) Ratings assigned by credit rating agencies and migration of ratings during the year

The Company has not obtained credit ratings from any agencies during the year.

E) Remuneration of Directors

Details relating to remuneration of directors are disclosed in note 27.

F) Management

Details relating to management discussion and analysis forms part of the annual report.

G) Net Profit or Loss for the period, prior period items and changes in accounting policies

There are no prior period items and changes in accounting policies during the year.

H) Revenue Recognition

There are no circumstances in which revenue recognition has been postponed.

I) Consolidated Financial Statements (CFS)

There are no subsidiaries which are not consolidated.

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

₹ lakhs

	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
7 Additional Disclosures		
A) Provisions and Contingencies		
Break up of 'Provisions and Contingencies' shown under the head Expenditure in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Provisions for depreciation on Investment	-	-
Provision towards NPA	-	-
Provision made towards Income tax	761.00	787.00
Other provision and contingencies	23.94	4.80
Provision for standard assets	-	-
B) Draw Down from Reserves		
There have been no instances of draw down from reserves by the Company during the current and previous year.		
	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
C) Concentration of Deposits, Advances, Exposures and NPAs		
a) Concentration of Deposits		
Total Deposit to twenty largest borrowers	-	-
Percentage of deposit to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances	0.00%	0.00%
b) Concentration of Advances		
Total Advances to twenty largest borrowers	-	-
Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances	0.00%	0.00%
c) Concentration of Exposures		
Total exposure to twenty largest borrowers/customers		
Percentage of exposures to twenty largest borrowers / customers to Total Exposure of the NBFC on borrowers/customers	-	-
d) Concentration of NPAs		
Total exposure to top four NPA accounts	-	-
e) Sector-wise NPAs	Percentage of NPAs to Total Advances in that sector	
Agriculture & allied activities	-	-
MSME	-	-
Corporate borrowers	-	-
Services	-	-
Unsecured personal loans	-	-
Auto loans	-	-
Other personal loans	-	-
f) Movement of NPAs	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
i) Net NPAs to Net Advances (%)	0.00%	0.00%
ii) Movement of NPAs (Gross)		
a) Opening Balance	-	-
b) Additions during the year	-	-
c) Reductions during the year	-	-
d) Closing balance	-	-

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

iii) Movement of Net NPAs		
a) Opening Balance	-	-
b) Additions during the year	-	-
c) Reductions during the year	-	-
d) Closing balance	-	-
iv) Movement of provisions for NPAs (excluding provisions on standard assets)		
a) Opening Balance	-	-
b) Provisions made during the year	-	-
c) Write-off/write-back of excess provisions	-	-
d) Closing balance	-	-

g) Overseas Assets (for those with Joint Ventures and Subsidiaries abroad)

The Company did not have any overseas assets during the current and previous year.

h) Off-balance sheet SPVs sponsored (which are required to be consolidated as per accounting norms)

The Company did not sponsor any SPVs during the current and previous year.

8 Disclosure of customer complaints

a) No. of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	-
b) No. of complaints received during the year	-
c) No. of complaints redressed during the year	-
d) No. of complaints pending at the end of the year	-

Note:

(a) Amounts for the current year and comparative years included above are based on the restated financial statements prepared under Ind AS.

9 Corporate Governance (refer Corporate Governance section in the annual report)

10 Breach of covenant

During the year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 there is no breach of covenant.

11 Divergence in asset classification and provisioning

During the year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 no divergence in asset classification and provisioning has been reported.

12 Schedule to the Balance Sheet of a NBFC:

		₹ lakhs	
Particulars		As at 31st March, 2025	
	Liabilities side		
i	Loans and advances availed by the non-banking financial Company inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid:	Amount outstanding	Amount overdue
(a)	Debentures : Secured	-	-
	: Unsecured	-	-
	(other than falling within the meaning of public deposits*)	-	-
(b)	Deferred Credits	-	-
(c)	Term Loans	-	-
(d)	Inter-corporate loans and borrowing	-	-
(e)	Commercial Paper	-	-
(f)	Public Deposits	-	-
(g)	Other Loans	-	-
ii	Break-up of (1)(f) above (Outstanding public deposits inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid):	-	-
(a)	In the form of Unsecured debentures	-	-
(b)	In the form of partly secured debentures i.e. debentures where there is a shortfall in the value of security	-	-
(c)	Other public deposits	-	-

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

	Assets side:	Amount outstanding
iii	Break-up of Loans and Advances including bills receivables [other than those included in (4) below]:	
	(a) Secured	-
	(b) Unsecured	-
iv	Break-up of Leased Assets and stock on hire and Other assets counting towards AFC activities:	
	(i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors:	
	(a) Financial lease	-
	(b) Operating lease	-
	(ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:	
	(a) Assets on hire	-
	(b) Repossessed Assets	-
	(iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities	
	(a) Loans where assets have been repossessed	-
	(b) Loans other than (a) above	-
v	Break-up of Investments:	
	Current Investments:	
	1 Quoted:	
	(i) Share: (a) Equity	-
	(b) Preference	-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	-
	(iv) Government Securities	-
	(v) Others (please specify)	-
	2 Unquoted:	
	(ii) Share: (a) Equity	-
	(b) Preference	-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	-
	(iv) Government Securities	-
	(v) Others	-
	Long Term Investments:	
	1 Quoted:	
	(i) Share: (a) Equity	4,29,425.78
	(b) Preference	-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	600.59
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	8,923.88
	(iv) Government Securities	1,045.36
	(v) Others	117.69
	2 Unquoted :	
	(i) Share: (a) Equity	46,643.23
	(b) Preference	-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	-
	(iv) Government Securities	-
	(v) Others	2,599.29

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

vi	Borrower group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3) and (4) above:			
	Category	Amount net of provisions		
		Secured	Unsecured	Total
	1 Related Parties**	-	-	-
	(a) Subsidiaries & Step Down Subsidiaries	-	-	-
	(b) Companies in the same group	-	-	-
	(c) Other related parties	-	-	-
	2 Other than related parties	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	
vii	Investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and long term) in shares and securities (both quoted and unquoted):			
	Category	Market Value/ Break-up or fair value or NAV	Book Value (Net of Provisions)	
	1 Related Parties			
	(a) Subsidiaries #	40,269.24	40,269.24	
	(b) Companies in the same group	4,35,799.34	13,322.05	
	(c) Other related parties	-	-	
	2 Other than related parties	13,287.27	11,281.18	
	Total	4,89,355.84	64,872.46	
	# Consider at Cost			
	**As per Accounting Standard of ICAI			
viii	Particulars		Amount	
	(i) Gross Non-Performing Assets			
	(a) Related parties		-	-
	(b) Other than related parties		-	-
	(ii) Net Non-Performing Assets			
	(a) Related parties		-	-
	(b) Other than related parties		-	-
	(iii) Assets acquired in satisfaction of debt		-	

13 Restructured accounts for the year ended March 31, 2025: **Not applicable**

14 Provision under prudential norms of income recognition, asset classification and provisioning (IRACP) as at March 31, 2025: **Not applicable**

15 **Liquidity Risk Management:** Refer Note no. 32(c). Liquidity Risk

35: Disclosures given pursuant to Annexure VII of the Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company - Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023

(i) Sectoral exposure: Nil

(ii) Intra-group exposures: Nil

(iii) Unhedged foreign currency exposure : The Company do not have any Unhedged foreign currency exposure in Current year & previous year.

(iv) Related Party Disclosures : Details of all related party disclosures are given in note 27.

(v) Disclosure of Complaints:

a) No Complaints has been received during the Current year & previous year.

b) Top five grounds of complaints received by the NBFCs from customers- Not Applicable

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(vi) Miscellaneous - Additional disclosures pursuant to the RBI circular RBI/2021-22/112 DOR.CRE.REC.No.60/03.10.001/2021-22 dated October 22, 2021

- a) Disclosures relating to Corporate Governance Report containing composition and category of directors, shareholding of non-executive directors, etc: - Details relating to Corporate Governance Report containing composition and category of directors, shareholding of non-executive directors etc are covered under Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of the Annual Report.
- b) Disclosure on modified opinion, if any, expressed by auditors, its impact on various financial items and views of management on audit qualifications: - The Auditors has not expressed any modified opinion during the current financial year ended 31 March 2025.
- c) Disclosures relating to items of income and expenditure of exceptional nature - During the financial year 2024–2025, the company sold its entire 100% stake step down subsidiary to another company. This transaction is classified as exceptional in nature due to its one-time and significant impact on the financial results.
- d) Disclosures relating to breaches in terms of covenants in respect of loans availed by the Company or debt securities issued by the Company including incidence/s of default -There are no such instance during the Financial Year 2024-2025.
- e) Disclosures relating to Divergence in asset classification and provisioning above a certain threshold to be decided by the Reserve Bank: -There are no such instance during the Financial Year 2024-2025.
- f) Related Party Disclosure - Refer Point No. 27.

36 Disclosures pursuant to Annexure VI of the RBI Master Direction (NBFC Scale Based Regulation) 2023, dated 19th October 2023:

- (i) Funding Concentration based on significant counterparty on borrowings : **Not applicable**
- (ii) Top 20 large deposits (amount in ₹ lakhs and % of total deposits) - **Not applicable**
- (iii) Top 10 borrowings - **Not applicable**

(iv) Funding Concentration based on significant instrument / product

Name of the instrument/product	As on 31 st March 2025		As on 31 st March 2024	
	Amount	% of total liabilities	Amount	% of total liabilities
Debt securities	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Other Financial Liabilities	44.34	0.07%	14.63	0.03%

Note:

Other Financial liabilities has been computed as total assets less equity share capital less reserve & surplus and computed basis extant regulatory ALM guidelines.

(V) Stock ratios in percentage

	As on 31 st March, 2025	As on 31 st March, 2024
1. Commercial papers as a % of total liabilities	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
2. Commercial papers as a % of total assets	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
3. Commercial papers as a % of public fund	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
4. Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of total liabilities	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
5. Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of total assets	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
6. Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of public fund	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
7. Other short-term liabilities as a % of total liabilities	0.07%	0.03%
8. Other short-term liabilities as a % of total assets	0.01%	0.00%
9. Other short-term liabilities as a % of public fund	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(vi) Liquidity Coverage Ratio

Nil

Nil

(vii) Institutional set-up for Liquidity Risk Management

The Board of Directors holds overall responsibility for overseeing the management of all risks, including liquidity risk, arising from the Company's business operations. It formulates and approves the relevant policies and strategies, and regularly reviews their implementation either directly or through designated committees. To support this, the Board has constituted a Risk Management Committee (RMC) comprising select members of the Board and Senior Management, as detailed in the Terms of Reference outlined in the Corporate Governance section of the Annual Report. Additionally, an Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO), consisting of members from the Senior Management, has been established in accordance with its Terms of Reference. This Committee, in coordination with the RMC, specifically oversees the implementation of the Company's Liquidity Risk Management Framework.

- 36 (i) Disclosures pursuant to Reserve Bank of India notification no. DOR (NBFC).CC.PD. No.109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated 13 March 2020 on implementation of IndAS by Non-Banking Financial Companies: Nil**

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024

37 Additional disclosures pursuant to the RBI guidelines and notifications: (continued)

Asset liability management

Maturity pattern of assets and liability as on 31st March, 2025

Particulars	1 to 7 days	8 to 14 days	15 to 30/31 days	1 - 2 months	2 - 3 months	3 - 6 months	6 - 12 months	1 - 3 years	3 - 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,524.75	3,644.65	4,76,186.43	4,89,355.83
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Maturity pattern of assets and liability as on 31st March, 2024

Particulars	1 to 7 days	8 to 14 days	15 to 30/31 days	1 - 2 months	2 - 3 months	3 - 6 months	6 - 12 months	1 - 3 years	3 - 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,683.12	2,078.98	4,22,283.87	4,33,045.96
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Notes:

1. The above information has been considered as per the Asset Liability Management (ALM) Report compiled by the management and reviewed by the ALM Committee.

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

38 Additional Regulatory Information (to the extent applicable and reportable):

- (i) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of Section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

(ii) Analytical Ratios:

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Period	Previous Period	% Variance	Reason for Variance
Capital to risk-weighted assets ratio (CRAR)	18,967.78	19,227.02	98.65%	102.66%	-3.90%	NA
Tier I CRAR	18,967.78	19,227.02	98.65%	102.66%	-3.90%	NA
Tier II CRAR	-	-	-	-	-	NA
Liquidity Coverage Ratio ((Stock of High Quality Liquid Assets/Total Net Cash outflows over Next 30 calendar days))	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

- 39 On 23rd April, 2024, the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Instant Holdings Limited (IHL) has entered into a MOU to sell its entire shareholding in its subsidiary, Sudarshan Electronics and TV Limited (SETVL), inter alia to conclusion of a Share Purchase Agreement (SPA). The SPA has since been entered into, on 07th May, 2024. Post the aforesaid SPA, SETVL ceased to be a subsidiary of IHL and the Company.

- 40 Based on the information available with the Company and confirmations received from suppliers regarding their registration under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act, 2006, the Company has identified certain vendors as registered under the said Act. However, as at 31st March, 2025, there are no amounts due and outstanding to such suppliers for a period exceeding 45 days. Accordingly, no interest is payable or has been paid under the terms of the MSMED Act, 2006 during the year.

- 41 No significant adjusting event occurred between balance sheet date and the date of the approval of these standalone financial statements by the Board of Directors requiring adjustments on disclosures.

42 Segment reporting

As per the requirement of Ind AS 108, Operating Segments, based on evaluation of financial information for allocation of resources and assessing performance, the Group identified as single segments, i.e., holding and investing with focus on earning income through dividends, interest and gains from investments and operates in India. Accordingly, there are no separate reportable segments as per the Standard.

43 Enhancing Accountability and Transparency: Implementation of Audit Trail

The company had implemented an audit trail system within our company's software which has impact on books of accounts with effect from 1st April 2023. This implementation underscores our commitment to transparency, accountability, and data integrity. Audit trail has been implemented for all transactions recorded in the software throughout the year. By capturing and documenting critical events and activities within our systems, we ensure a comprehensive record that enhances security, facilitates compliance, and supports effective decision-making. In addition, audit trail data is preserved in the system as per statutory requirement for record retention. The company's dedication to maintain a robust audit trail reflects ongoing efforts to uphold the highest standards of governance and security across all aspects of business operations.

44 Backup Schedule and Data Preservation

The company follows a well-defined backup schedule and data preservation protocol to ensure the integrity and availability of critical information assets. Regular and systematic backups are conducted to protect against potential data loss or corruption. This proactive approach ensures that vital data remains secure and accessible in the event of unforeseen incidents.

45 Other Regulatory Information:

- (i) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- (ii) The Company does not have any transactions with struck off Companies.

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

- (iii) The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- (iv) The Company has not advanced or given loan or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
- (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (v) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall:
- (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (vi) The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- (vii) The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- (viii) There are no charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

45 Amount shown as ₹ 0.00 represents amount below ₹ 500 (Rupees Five Hundred).

46 Figures of the previous year have been regrouped wherever necessary.

Signatures to Notes 1 to 46

D M K H & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 116886W

by the hand of

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Summit Securities Limited

Parin Shah

Partner

Membership No. 606667

H N Singh Rajpoot

Director

DIN: 00080836

A.V. Nerurkar

Director

DIN: 00045309

Place: Mumbai

Date: 05th May, 2025

Arvind Dhumal

Manager

Anand Rathi

Chief Financial Officer

Jiya Gangwani

Company Secretary

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of
Summit Securities Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated financial statements of Summit Securities Limited (the "Holding Company"), and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as the "Group"), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income), Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended, and a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "Consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, its consolidated profit and consolidated total comprehensive income (including consolidated other comprehensive income), the consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash

flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
Valuation of Investments As per the provisions of Indian Accounting Standards, the Group's investments are measured at fair value at each reporting date. This policy of measuring investments at fair value has a significant impact on the Group's financial results. The valuation is performed by the Group using a fair value hierarchy, as applicable below: - Level 1: Valuations based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets. - Level 2: Valuations based on inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable either directly or indirectly. - Level 3: Valuations based on unobservable inputs for the asset.	We understood and tested the key controls around the valuation processes, including the independent price verification and valuation governance controls. We found these key controls were designed, implemented, and operated effectively, and therefore determined that we could place reliance on these key controls for the purposes of our audit. Further, we assessed the valuation of all individual investments to determine whether the valuations performed by the Group were within a predefined tolerable differences threshold. As part of these audit procedures, we assessed the accuracy of key inputs used in the valuation, including observable and non-observable inputs. We also evaluated the Company's assessment of whether objective evidence of impairment exists for individual investments.

Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
The valuation of investments is inherently subjective - most predominantly for Level 2 and Level 3 investments - since these are valued using inputs other than quoted prices in an active market. Key inputs used in the valuation of individual Level 2 investments include market price of quoted investments, illiquidity discount, etc. In addition, the Group determines whether objective evidence of impairment exists for individual investments.	Based on these procedures, we have not noted any material differences outside the predefined tolerable differences threshold.

Information other than the Consolidated financial statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Corporate Governance Report, Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the Consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Consolidated financial statements our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated financial statements, or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed and based on the work done/ audit report of other auditors, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and those charged with Governance for the Consolidated financial statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including consolidated other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other

irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the respective Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the Consolidated financial statements the respective Board of Directors of the Companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors of the Companies included in the Group either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the Companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We have also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated financial statements whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material

misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated financial statements including the disclosures, and whether the Consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we identify matter that were of such significance in the audit of the Consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, that they would be considered key audit matters. Accordingly, such matters have been described in our auditor's report. Furthermore, there were no circumstances where disclosure was precluded by law or regulation, or where adverse consequences were expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matter

We did not audit the financial statements of the subsidiary whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs. 6,87,135.84 lakhs as at March 31, 2025, total revenues of Rs. 7,283.19 lakhs, total profit after tax of Rs. 3,789.44 lakhs, and net cash outflows of Rs. 54.45 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2025, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiary, is based solely on the reports of the other auditor.

We did not audit the financial statements of the step-down subsidiary (upto 7th May, 2024) whose financial statements reflect total revenues of Rs. 0.31 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2025, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiary, is based solely on the reports of the other auditor.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on the separate financial statements of the subsidiaries referred to in the Other Matters section above we report, to the extent applicable that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept by the Group so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.
- c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in 'Annexure A'. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under Section 197(16) of the Act: In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, no remuneration has been paid by the Company to its directors during the year. However, remuneration has been paid to the manager. The remuneration paid is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Group has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Consolidated financial statements. Refer note no. 24 to the Consolidated financial statements.
 - ii) The Group did not have any long-term contracts, including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii) There has been no amount which is to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund during the financial year.
- iv) (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Group to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Group from any person or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Group shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security, or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v) The Group has not declared or paid dividend during the year.
- vi) Based on our examination of the books of account, other relevant records and based on the other Auditors' Reports of its subsidiary companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, of the Group, and according to the information and explanations given to us and mentioned in note

no. 41 and 42 of notes to accounts of financial statements, we report that the Group has used accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software systems.

Further, during the course of audit, we and respective other auditors of above referred subsidiary, whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management of the Holding Company, have not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.

Further, in accordance with the requirements of the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, applicable with effect from April 1, 2023, the audit trail feature has been operated throughout the financial year ended March 31, 2025, for all transactions recorded in the software, and the audit trail has not been tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the Company and its subsidiary as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

- 2) With respect to the matters specified in the Paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('CARO') issued by the Central

Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's Report, and according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by the auditors of the respective companies included in the consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, to which reporting under CARO is applicable, as provided to us by the Management of the Holding Company and based on the identification of matters of qualifications or adverse remarks in their CARO reports by the respective component auditors and provided to us, we report that the auditors of such companies have not reported any qualifications or adverse remarks in their CARO report.

For D M K H & Co.

Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 116886W

Parin Shah

Partner

Membership No.: 606667
UDIN: 25606667BMJIWN5518

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 05, 2025

Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the members of Summit Securities Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act").**Opinion**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Summit Securities Limited** (the "Holding Company") and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, to the best of our information and explanations given to us, the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies which are companies incorporated in India has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial control over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal financial control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

Managements and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Holding Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Holding Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance

Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated financial statements whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to Consolidated financial statements.

Meaning of internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- a. Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- b. Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of the management and directors of the company; and
- c. Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Consolidated financial statements.

Inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For D M K H & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 116886W

Parin Shah

Partner

Membership No.: 606667

UDIN: 25606667BMJIWN5518

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 05, 2025

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025

		₹ lakhs	
	Note No	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
ASSETS			
Financial Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	259.91	331.63
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	4	43.43	206.43
Investments	5	11,35,997.68	10,07,097.94
Other financial assets	6	1,282.58	43.75
		11,37,583.60	10,07,679.75
Non-financial Assets			
Current tax assets (net)	23	28.70	8.39
Property, plant and equipment	7	1.47	22.52
Other non-financial assets	8	39.52	39.47
		69.69	70.38
Total Assets		11,37,653.29	10,07,750.13
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
Financial Liabilities			
Other financial liabilities	9	678.20	222.58
		678.20	222.58
Non-financial Liabilities			
Provisions	10	45.84	25.31
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	11	1,50,041.44	1,04,637.84
Other non-financial liabilities	12	275.84	255.18
		1,50,363.12	1,04,918.33
Equity			
Equity share capital	13	1,090.18	1,090.18
Other equity	14	9,85,521.79	9,01,519.04
Total Equity (attributable to the Owners)		9,86,611.97	9,02,609.22
Total Liabilities and Equity		11,37,653.29	10,07,750.13
Notes to Consolidated financial statements	1 to 44		

As per our report attached

D M K H & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 116886W

by the hand of

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Summit Securities Limited**Parin Shah**

Partner

Membership No. 606667

H N Singh Rajpoot

Director

DIN: 00080836

A.V. Nerurkar

Director

DIN: 00045309

Place: Mumbai

Date: 05th May, 2025

Arvind Dhumal

Manager

Anand Rathi

Chief Financial Officer

Jiya Gangwani

Company Secretary

Statement of Consolidated Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2025

		₹ lakhs	
	Note No	Year ended 31st March, 2025	Year ended 31st March, 2024
Revenue from operations			
Interest income	15	316.90	255.42
Dividend income	16	9,900.45	5,512.20
Net gain on fair value changes	17	1,685.21	4,455.22
Total Revenue from operations		11,902.56	10,222.84
Other income	18	0.38	1.08
Total Income		11,902.94	10,223.92
Expenses			
Employee benefits expenses	19	169.23	161.59
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	20	2.09	2.28
Other expenses	21	302.29	223.43
Total Expenses		473.61	387.30
Profit before tax and exceptional item		11,429.33	9,836.62
Exceptional Item		(1,382.83)	-
Profit before tax		10,046.50	9,836.62
Tax expense:	22		
Current tax		1,759.00	1,762.64
Deferred tax charge/(credit)		1,451.02	501.39
Tax adjustments in respect of earlier years		(23.09)	(0.43)
Total tax expense		3,186.93	2,263.60
Profit for the year		6,859.57	7,573.02
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)			
-Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
- Remeasurement of defined benefit plans		(1.18)	(1.35)
- Fair valuation of equity instruments through OCI		1,19,535.56	4,35,718.53
- Income tax relating to above items		(43,952.60)	(51,263.21)
Total Other Comprehensive Income		75,581.78	3,84,453.97
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		82,441.35	3,92,026.99
Profit for the year attributable to:			
-Owners of the Company		6,859.57	7,573.02
-Non Controlling Interest		-	-
		6,859.57	7,573.02
Other Comprehensive Income for the year attributable to:			
-Owners of the Company		75,581.78	3,84,453.97
-Non Controlling Interest		-	-
		75,581.78	3,84,453.97
Total Comprehensive Income for the year attributable to:			
-Owners of the Company		82,441.35	3,92,026.99
-Non Controlling Interest		-	-
		82,441.35	3,92,026.99
Earnings per equity share (Face Value ₹ 10 each)	24		
Basic (₹)		62.92	69.47
Diluted (₹)		62.92	69.47
Notes to Consolidated financial statements	1 to 44		

As per our report attached

D M K H & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 116886W

by the hand of

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Summit Securities Limited**Parin Shah**

Partner

Membership No. 606667

H N Singh Rajpoot

Director

DIN: 00080836

A.V. Nerurkar

Director

DIN: 00045309

Place: Mumbai

Date: 05th May, 2025

Arvind Dhumal

Manager

Anand Rathi

Chief Financial Officer

Jiya Gangwani

Company Secretary

Statement of Consolidated Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2025

A. Equity Share Capital

	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	1,090.18	1,090.18
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	1,090.18	1,090.18
Changes in equity share capital during the current year	-	-
Balance at the end of the current reporting period	1,090.18	1,090.18

B. Other Equity

₹ lakhs							
Particulars	Reserves and Surplus					Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	Total
	General Reserve	Statutory Reserves	Capital Re-emption Reserve	Capital Reserve	Retained Earnings	Equity Instruments and Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	
Balance as at 31 st March, 2023	36,710.33	10,945.28	1.00	1,809.07	36,068.52	4,23,957.83	5,09,492.05
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period 01 st April, 2023	36,710.33	10,945.28	1.00	1,809.07	36,068.52	4,23,957.83	5,09,492.05
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	7,573.02	-	7,573.02
Other Comprehensive Income for the year net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	3,84,453.97	3,84,453.97
Total comprehensive income for the year	36,710.33	10,945.28	1.00	1,809.07	43,641.55	8,08,411.80	9,01,519.04
Realised gain/(loss) on Equity Shares (FVTOCI) transferred from Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	0.06	(0.06)	-
Transferred to statutory reserves	-	1,514.52	-	-	(1,514.52)	-	-
Balance as at 31 st March, 2024	36,710.33	12,459.80	1.00	1,809.07	42,127.08	8,08,411.74	9,01,519.04
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period 01 st April, 2024	36,710.33	12,459.80	1.00	1,809.07	42,127.08	8,08,411.74	9,01,519.04
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	6,859.57	-	6,859.57
Other Comprehensive Income for the year net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	75,581.78	75,581.78
Total comprehensive income for the year	36,710.33	12,459.80	1.00	1,809.07	48,986.65	8,83,993.52	9,83,960.38
Realised gain/(loss) on Equity Shares (FVTOCI) transferred from Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	(0.00)	0.00	-
Transferred to statutory reserves	-	1,371.92	-	-	(1,371.92)	-	-
De-recognition of Subsidiary	-	-	-	-	1,561.41	-	1,561.41
Balance as at 31 st March, 2025	36,710.33	13,831.72	1.00	1,809.07	49,176.14	8,83,993.52	9,85,521.79
(Refer note 14 Nature and purpose of each reserves)							

(Refer note 14 Nature and purpose of each reserves)

As per our report attached

D M K H & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 116886W

by the hand of

Parin Shah

Partner

Membership No. 606667

Place: Mumbai

Date: 05th May, 2025

Arvind Dhumal

Manager

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Summit Securities Limited

H N Singh Rajpoot

Director

DIN: 00080836

Anand Rathi

Chief Financial Officer

A.V. Nerurkar

Director

DIN: 00045309

Jiya Gangwani

Company Secretary

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31st March, 2025

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31st March, 2025	Year ended 31st March, 2024
A. Cash flows from Operating Activities		
Profit before tax and exceptional items	11,429.33	9,836.62
Adjustment for :		
Net (gain)/loss on fair value changes	(1,685.21)	(4,455.22)
Depreciation	2.09	2.28
Operating profit before working capital changes	9,746.21	5,383.69
Adjustments for changes in working capital		
(Increase)/decrease in Other financial assets	(1,238.83)	20.84
(Increase)/decrease in Other non-financial assets	(0.05)	0.09
Increase / (decrease) in Other financial liabilities	645.62	(9.92)
Increase / (decrease) in Provisions	19.34	(11.53)
Increase / (decrease) in Other non financial liabilities	20.66	0.18
Cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	9,192.95	5,383.35
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	(1,758.12)	(1,765.27)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities (A)	7,434.84	3,618.08
B. Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of Property, plant and equipment	-	(6.41)
Sale of Property, plant and equipment	-	0.07
Purchase of Investments	(13,363.30)	(8,528.10)
Sale of Subsidiary	227.21	-
Sale of Investments	5,466.55	2,809.49
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities (B)	(7,669.54)	(5,724.95)
C. Cash flows from financing activities		
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities (C)	-	-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(234.70)	(2,106.87)
Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the year	538.06	2,644.93
Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year	303.34	538.06
(* includes other bank balance)		

Notes:

(i) The above consolidated statement of cash flows has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7, *Statement of Cash Flows*.

(ii) Cash and cash equivalents comprises of:

Cash on hand	0.73	0.40
Balances with banks		
- In current accounts	29.18	256.23
- Term deposit with original maturity of less than 3 months	230.00	75.00
	259.91	331.63
Add: Other bank balances		
- Balances with banks in current account	43.43	6.43
- Term deposit with maturity of more than 3 months but less than 12 months	-	200.00
	303.34	538.06

As per our report attached

D M K H & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 116886W

by the hand of

Parin Shah

Partner

Membership No. 606667

Place: Mumbai

Date: 05th May, 2025

Arvind Dhumal

Manager

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Summit Securities Limited

H N Singh Rajpoot

Director

DIN: 00080836

Anand Rathi

Chief Financial Officer

A.V. Nerurkar

Director

DIN: 00045309

Jiya Gangwani

Company Secretary

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025
1. Group Information

Summit Securities Limited (the 'Holding Company' / the 'Parent Company' / the 'Company') and its subsidiaries (referred collectively as the "Group"), is a public limited company domiciled in India and registered under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 and its registered address is 213, Bezzola Complex, B Wing, 71, Sion-Trombay Road, Chembur Mumbai Maharashtra 400071. The Parent Company is listed on BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited. The Company is a Non-Banking Financial Company, Non deposit taking, categorised as Middle Layer (NBFC-ND-ML) pursuant to Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company - Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023 and is registered with the Reserve Bank of India.

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 05th May, 2025.

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of following subsidiaries (including a step-down subsidiary)

Name of the entity	Principal activities	Country of incorporation	Percentage of interest	
			31 st March, 2025	31 st March, 2024
Subsidiaries				
Instant Holdings Limited	Investment activities	India	100.00%	100.00%
Sudarshan Electronics & TV Limited (till 07th May, 2024)	Trading & Investment activities	India	-	100.00%

2(A). Material Accounting Policies
(1) Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements has been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 (the 'Act'), read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time ('Ind AS') along with other relevant provisions of the Act, the Master Direction-Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company-Scale Based Regulation) Directions,2023 ('the NBFC Master Directions') issued by RBI and the regulatory guidance on implementation of Ind AS notified by the RBI vide notification dated 13th March, 2020.

The Guidance Note on Division III of Schedule III to the Act, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') has been followed insofar as they are not inconsistent with any of these Direction.

The Balance sheet and the Statement of profit and loss are prepared and presented in the format prescribed in the Division III of Schedule III to the Act applicable for Non-Banking Finance Companies ('NBFC'). The Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7, Statement of Cash Flows.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, on the accrual basis of accounting except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as stated in the accounting policies set out below. The accounting policies have been applied consistently over all the periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

All amounts disclosed in the consolidated financial statements and notes are presented in Rs. lakhs and have been rounded off to two decimals as per the requirement of Division III of Schedule III to the Act, unless otherwise stated.

(2) Basis of consolidation
Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company has:

- Power over the investee
- Is exposed or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- Has the ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control. To support this presumption and when the Company has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- Right arising from other contractual arrangements;
- The Company's voting rights and potential voting rights

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

- The size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of the holdings of the other voting right holders.

The Parent Company re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Parent Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Parent Company loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Parent Company gains control until the date the Parent Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the Group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that Group member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the Group's accounting policies.

The financial statements of all entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the Parent Company, i.e., year ended on 31st March 2025 (except Sudarshan Electronics & TV Limited which is ceased to be subsidiary w.e.f 07th May, 2024). When the end of the reporting period of the Parent is different from that of a subsidiary, the subsidiary prepares, for consolidation purposes, additional financial information as of the same date as the financial statements of the Parent to enable the Parent to consolidate the financial information of the subsidiary, unless it is impracticable to do so.

Consolidation procedure

The consolidated financial statements of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries have been combined on a line-by-line basis by adding together the book values of like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, after eliminating intra-group balances, intra-group transactions and the unrealised profits/losses, unless cost/revenue cannot be recovered.

Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the Parent's investment in each subsidiary and the Parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary.

Eliminate in full intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the group (profits or losses resulting from intragroup transactions that are recognised in assets, such as inventory and

property, plant and equipment's, are eliminated in full). Intragroup losses may indicate an impairment that requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements. Ind AS 12 Income Taxes applies to temporary differences that arise from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intra-group transactions.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the Company and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

(3) Presentation of consolidated financial statements

The Group presents its balance sheet in order of liquidity.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. They are only offset and reported net when, in addition to having an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event, the parties also intend to settle on a net basis in all of the following circumstances:

- The normal course of business.
- The event of default.
- The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company and/or its counterparties.

(4) Use of accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, as well as the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods. The Company continually evaluates these estimates and assumptions based on the most recently available information. The management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable.

Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the Solely Payments of Principal and Interest (SPPI) and the business

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

model test. The Group determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Group monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Group's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

Provisions and other contingent liabilities

The Group operates in a regulatory and legal environment that, by nature, has a heightened element of litigation risk inherent to its operations. As a result, it is involved in various litigation, arbitration and regulatory investigations and proceedings in the ordinary course of the Group's business. When the Group can reliably measure the outflow of economic benefits in relation to a specific case and considers such outflows to be probable, the Group records a provision against the case. Where the probability of outflow is considered to be remote, or probable, but a reliable estimate cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed. Given the subjectivity and uncertainty of determining the probability and amount of losses, the Group takes into account a number

of factors including legal advice, the stage of the matter and historical evidence from similar incidents. Significant judgement is required to conclude on these estimates.

Commitments

Commitments are future liabilities for contractual expenditure, classified and disclosed as follows:

- a) Estimated amounts of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for;
- b) Uncalled liability on shares and other investments partly paid;
- c) Funding related commitment to other companies, if any; and
- d) Other non-cancellable commitments, if any, to the extent they are considered material and relevant in the opinion of management.

2(B). Other Accounting Policies**(1) Revenue recognition**

Revenue (other than for those items to which Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments are applicable) is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Ind AS 115, Revenue from contracts with customers outlines a single comprehensive model of accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes current revenue recognition guidance found within Ind AS.

The Group recognises revenue from contracts with customers based on a five-step model as set out in Ind AS 115:

Step 1: Identify contract(s) with a customer: A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for every contract that must be met.

Step 2: Identify performance obligations in the contract: A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.

Step 3: Determine the transaction price: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract: For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Group allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the Group

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.

Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the Group satisfies a performance obligation.

Interest income (Effective Interest Rate method)

Under Ind AS 109 interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, debt instrument measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) and debt instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. The EIR (and therefore, the amortised cost of the asset) is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The Group recognises interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the loan. Hence, it recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates charged at various stages, and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments, penalty interest and charges). If expectations regarding the cash flows on the financial asset are revised for reasons other than credit risk. The adjustment is booked as a positive or negative adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset in the balance sheet with an increase or reduction in interest income. The adjustment is subsequently amortised through interest income in the statement of profit and loss.

The Group calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of financial assets other than credit-impaired assets. When a financial asset becomes credit-impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'Stage 3', the Group calculates interest income by applying the effective interest rate to the net amortised cost of the financial asset. If the financial assets cures and is no longer credit-impaired, the Group reverts to calculating interest income on a gross basis. For purchased or originated credit-impaired (POCI) financial assets, the Group calculates interest income by calculating the credit-adjusted EIR and applying that rate to the amortised cost of the asset. The credit-adjusted EIR is the interest rate that, at original recognition, discounts the estimated future cash flows (including credit losses) to the amortised cost of the POCI assets. Interest income on all trading assets and financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at FVTPL is recognised using the contractual interest rate in net gain on fair value changes.

Dividend income

Dividend income (including from FVTOCI investments) is recognised when the group's right to receive the payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably. This is generally when the shareholders approve the dividend.

Assets held for sale

Trading income includes all gains and losses from changes in fair value and the related interest income or expense and dividends, for financial assets and financial liabilities held for trading.

(2) Financial instruments

Point of recognition

Financial assets and liabilities, with the exception of loans, debt securities, deposits and borrowings are initially recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades: purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place. Loans are recognised when funds are transferred to the customers' account. The group recognises debt securities, deposits and borrowings when funds reach the group.

Initial recognition

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on their contractual terms and the business model for managing the instruments, as per the principles of the Ind AS. Financial instruments are initially measured at their fair value, except in the case of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs are added to, or subtracted from, this amount. Trade receivables are measured at the transaction price. When the fair value of financial instruments at initial recognition differs from the transaction price, the group accounts for the same, as mentioned below:

When the transaction price of the instrument differs from the fair value at origination and the fair value is based on a valuation technique using only inputs observable in market transactions, the group recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value in net gain on fair value changes. In those cases where fair value is based on models for which some of the inputs are not observable, the difference between the transaction price and the fair value is deferred and is only recognised in profit or loss when the inputs become observable, or when the instrument is derecognised.

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025
Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

All financial liabilities of the group are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Under the effective interest method, the future cash payments are exactly discounted to the initial recognition value using the effective interest rate. The cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of the difference between the initial recognition amount and the maturity amount is added to the initial recognition value (net of principal repayments, if any) of the financial liability over the relevant period of the financial liability to arrive at the amortized cost at each reporting date. The corresponding effect of the amortization under effective interest method is recognized as interest expense over the relevant period of the financial liability. The same is included under finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Subsequent measurement of financial assets

For subsequent measurement, the group classifies a financial asset in accordance with the below *criteria*:

- i. The group's business model for managing the financial asset; and
- ii. The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Based on the above criteria, the group classifies its financial assets into the following categories:

- (a) Financial assets measured at amortized cost
- (b) Financial assets measured at FVTOCI
- (c) Financial assets measured at FVTPL

(a) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A Financial asset is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

- (i) The group's business model objective for managing the financial asset is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- (ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

This category applies to cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances, trade receivables, loans and other financial assets of the group. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Under the effective interest method, the future cash receipts are exactly discounted to the initial recognition value using the effective interest rate. The cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of the difference between the initial recognition amount and the maturity amount is added to the initial

recognition value (net of principal repayments, if any) of the financial asset over the relevant period of the financial asset to arrive at the amortized cost at each reporting date. The corresponding effect of the amortization under effective interest method is recognized as interest income over the relevant period of the financial asset. The same is included under other income in the statement of profit and loss. The amortized cost of a financial asset is also adjusted for loss allowance, if any.

(b) Financial assets measured at FVTOCI

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- (i) The group's business model objective for managing the financial asset is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- (ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

This category applies to certain investments in debt and equity instruments. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value changes are recognized in the statement of profit and loss under 'Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)'. However, the group recognizes interest income and impairment losses and its reversals in the Statement of profit and loss. On de-recognition of such financial assets, cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to the statement of profit and loss, except for instruments which the Group has irrevocably elected to be classified as equity through OCI at initial recognition, when such instruments meet the definition of definition of equity under Ind AS 32, financial instruments: Presentation and they are not held for trading. The group has made such election on an instrument by instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these equity instruments are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised in the statement of profit or loss as dividend income when the right of the payment has been established, except when the group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the instrument, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments at FVTOCI are not subject to an impairment assessment.

(c) Financial assets measured at FVTPL

A financial asset is measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortized cost or at FVTOCI as explained above. This is a residual category applied to all other investments of the group excluding investments in subsidiary companies. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

at each reporting date. Fair value changes are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial assets held for trading

The group classifies financial assets as held for trading when they have been purchased or issued primarily for short-term profit making through trading activities or form part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together, for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit taking. Held-for-trading assets and liabilities are recorded and measured in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised in net gain on fair value changes.

Interest and dividend income or expense is recorded in net gain on fair value changes according to the terms of the contract, or when the right to payment has been established. Included in this classification are debt securities, equities, and customer loans that have been acquired principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term.

De-recognition

(a) Financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized (i.e. removed from the group's balance sheet) when any of the following occurs:

- (i). The contractual rights to cash flows from the financial asset expires;
- (ii). The group transfers its contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset and has substantially transferred all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets has been derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting.
- (iii). The group retains the contractual rights to receive cash flows but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows without material delay to one or more recipients under a 'pass-through' arrangement (thereby substantially transferring all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset);
- (iv). The group neither transfers nor retains substantially all risk and rewards of ownership and does not retain control over the financial asset.

In cases where group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the financial asset, but retains control of the financial asset, the group continues to recognize such financial asset to the extent of its continuing involvement in the financial asset. In that case, the group also recognizes an associated liability. The financial asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the group has retained.

On de-recognition of a financial asset, (except as mentioned in ii above for financial assets measured at FVTOCI), the difference between the carrying amount and the consideration received is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

(b) Financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Group applies expected credit loss ('ECL') model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

ECL is the weighted-average of difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate, with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. When estimating the cash flows, the Group is required to consider:

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

Trade receivables

In respect of trade receivables, the group applies the simplified approach of Ind AS 109, which requires measurement of loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

Other financial assets

In respect of its other financial assets, the group assesses if the credit risk on those financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

When making this assessment, the group uses the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial asset. To make that assessment, the group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition. The group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the balance sheet date.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(3) Fair value measurement

The group measures its financial instruments at fair value in accordance with the accounting policies mentioned above. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy that categorizes into three levels, described as follows, the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

- Level 1 (unadjusted) - Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted quoted prices from active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the group has access to at the measurement date. The group considers markets as active only if there are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of the identical assets or liabilities and when there are binding and exercisable price quotes available on the balance sheet date.

- Level 2 - Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life. Such inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical instruments in inactive markets and observable inputs other than quoted prices such as interest rates and yield curves, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. In addition, adjustments may be required for the condition or location of the asset or the extent to which it relates to items that are comparable to the valued instrument. However, if such adjustments are based on unobservable inputs which are significant to the entire measurement, the group will classify the instruments as Level 3.
- Level 3 - Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period and discloses the same.

(4) Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 3 & 4)

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flow statement comprise cash and cheques in hand, bank balances, demand deposits with banks where the original maturity is three months or less and other short term highly liquid investments.

(5) Property, plant & equipment (PPE) (refer note 7)

Measurement at recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment that qualifies as an asset is measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, items of property, plant and equipment are carried at its cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises of its purchase price including import duties and other non-refundable purchase taxes or levies, directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use and the initial estimate of decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities, if any. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Cost includes cost of replacing a part of a plant and equipment if the recognition criteria are met. Items such as spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment that meet the definition of property, plant and equipment are capitalized at cost and depreciated over their useful life. Costs in nature of repairs and maintenance are recognized in the statement of profit and loss as and when incurred.

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate**

Capital work-in-progress and capital advances

Cost of assets not ready for intended use, as on the balance sheet date, is shown as capital work-in-progress. Advances given towards acquisition of fixed assets outstanding at each balance sheet date are disclosed as other non-financial assets.

Depreciation

Depreciation on each part of an item of property, plant and equipment is provided using the written down value method (except in case of two subsidiaries where it is provided on straight line method) based on the useful life of the asset as prescribed in Schedule II to the Act. Depreciation is calculated on a pro-rata basis from the date of installation till date the assets are sold or disposed. Leasehold improvements are amortised over the underlying lease term on a straight line basis.

De-recognition

The carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The gain or loss arising from the de-recognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the item is derecognized.

(6) Income Taxes (refer note 11)

Tax expense is the aggregate amount included in the determination of profit or loss for the period in respect of current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable in respect of taxable profit for a period. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible under the Income tax Act, 1961. Current tax is measured using tax rates that have been enacted by the end of reporting period for the amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions

taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit under Income tax Act, 1961.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. However, in case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction (other than business combination) that affect neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized. Also, for temporary differences if any that may arise from initial recognition of goodwill, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized.

Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary difference can be utilized. In case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction (other than business combination) that affect neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit, deferred tax assets are not recognized. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the benefits of part or all of such deferred tax assets to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

The group has not recognised a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except to the extent that both of the following conditions are satisfied:

- The parent, investor, joint venture or joint operator is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference; and
- It is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, to the extent it would be available for set off against future current income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax asset in the Balance Sheet when the asset can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realised.

Presentation of current and deferred tax

Current and deferred tax are recognized as income or an expense in the statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive Income, in which case, the current and deferred tax income/expense are recognized in other comprehensive Income. The group offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. In case of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities, the same are offset if the group has a legally enforceable right to set off corresponding current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the group.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the group will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a convincing evidence to the effect that the group will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Further, the MAT credit is not set-off against the deferred tax liabilities, since the group does not have a legally enforceable right to set-off.

(7) Provisions and contingencies (refer note 10)

The group recognizes provisions when a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event exists and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle such obligation and the amount of such obligation can be reliably estimated. If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or the amount of such obligation cannot be measured reliably. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which likelihood of

outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

(8) Employee Benefits (refer notes 19 & 26)**Short-term employee benefits**

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits and they are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Group recognizes the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability (accrued expense) after deducting any amount already paid.

Post-employment benefits**(i) Defined contribution plans**

Defined contribution plans are employee state insurance scheme and government administered pension fund scheme for all applicable employees.

Recognition and measurement of defined contribution plans:

The group recognizes contribution payable to a defined contribution plan as an expense in the statement of profit and loss when the employees render services to the group during the reporting period. If the contributions payable for services received from employees before the reporting date exceeds the contributions already paid, the deficit payable is recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the reporting date, the excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

(ii) Defined benefits plans**Gratuity scheme**

Gratuity is a post employment benefit and is a defined benefit plan. The cost of providing defined benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method with actuarial valuations being carried out at each reporting date. The defined benefit obligations recognized in the balance sheet represent the present value of the defined benefit obligations as reduced by the fair value of plan assets, if any. Any defined benefit asset (negative defined benefit obligations resulting from this calculation) is recognized representing the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the plan.

Recognition and measurement of defined benefit plans

All expenses represented by current service cost, past service cost, if any, and net interest on the

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

defined benefit liability / (asset) are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability / (asset) comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on the plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset), are recognized in other comprehensive income. Such remeasurements are not reclassified to the statement of profit and loss in the subsequent periods.

The group does not presents the above liability/ (asset) as current and non-current in the balance sheet as per the principles of division III financial statements as per the MCA notification dated 11 October 2018.

(9) Lease accounting

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases. In respect of assets taken on operating lease, lease rentals are recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on straight line basis over the lease term unless:

- (1) another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which the benefit is derived from the leased asset; or
- (2) the payments to the lessor are structured to increase in the time with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases.

(10) Borrowing Cost

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Borrowing costs, if any, directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized, if any. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

(11) Events after reporting date

Where events occurring after the balance sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the balance sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed.

(12) Impairment of non-financial assets

The group assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired.

If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the group estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

(13) Earnings per share (refer note 24)

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted-average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted-average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events including a bonus issue.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025**(14) Accounting and reporting of information for 2(C). Recent Pronouncements****Operating Segments**

Operating segments are those components of the business whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision making body in the company to make decisions for performance assessment and resource allocation. The reporting of segment information is the same as provided to the management for the purpose of the performance assessment and resource allocation to the segments. Segment accounting policies are in line with the accounting policies of the company.

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under companies (Indian Accounting Standards) rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2025, MCA has notified Ind AS - 117 insurance contracts and amendments to Ind AS 116 - Leases, relating to sale and leaseback transactions, applicable to the Company w.e.f. April 1, 2024. The company has reviewed the new pronouncements and based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any significant impact in its financial statements.

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

3 Cash and cash equivalents

	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Cash on hand	0.73	0.40
Balances with banks :		
- in current accounts	29.18	256.23
- in Term deposit with original maturity of less than 3 months	230.00	75.00
	259.91	331.63

4 Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents

	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Balances with banks in current account*	43.43	6.43
Term deposit with maturity of more than 3 months but less than 12 months	-	200.00
	43.43	206.43

(*represents balances in bank accounts maintained by portfolio managers)

5 Investments

	₹ lakhs				
	As at 31 st March, 2025				
	Others (At Cost)	Through other comprehensive income	Through profit or loss	Sub - Total	Total
Mutual funds (unquoted)	-	-	25,155.75	25,155.75	25,155.75
Equity instruments					
- Others (quoted)	-	10,88,376.06	-	10,88,376.06	10,88,376.06
- Others (unquoted)	-	14,418.35	-	14,418.35	14,418.35
Preference instruments:					
- Others (unquoted)	-	-	4.96	4.96	4.96
REIT (quoted)	-	-	238.88	238.88	238.88
Venture Capital Fund (unquoted)	-	-	3,336.48	3,336.48	3,336.48
Bonds (quoted)	3,569.69	-	-	-	3,569.69
Investments through Portfolio Management Services ('PMS'):					
- Equity instruments (quoted)	-	-	897.51	897.51	897.51
Total Gross (A)	3,569.69	11,02,794.41	29,633.58	11,32,427.99	11,35,997.68
Investment outside India	-	-	-	-	-
Investment in India	3,569.69	11,02,794.41	29,633.58	11,32,427.99	11,35,997.68
Total Gross (B)	3,569.69	11,02,794.41	29,633.58	11,32,427.99	11,35,997.68
Less : Impairment loss allowance (C)	-	-	-	-	-
Total Net (D) = (A)-(C)	3,569.69	11,02,794.41	29,633.58	11,32,427.99	11,35,997.68

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

₹ lakhs

	As at 31 st March, 2024				
	At fair value				Total
	Others (At Cost)	Through other comprehensive income	Through profit or loss	Sub - Total	
Mutual funds (unquoted)	-	-	19,042.77	19,042.77	19,042.77
Equity instruments					
- Others (quoted)	-	9,74,904.74	-	9,74,904.74	9,74,904.74
- Others (unquoted)	-	8,354.11	-	8,354.11	8,354.11
Preference instruments:					
- Others (unquoted)	-	-	4.96	4.96	4.96
REIT (quoted)	-	-	233.21	233.21	233.21
Venture Capital Fund (unquoted)	-	-	2,612.62	2,612.62	2,612.62
Bonds (quoted)	1,005.55	-	-	-	1,005.55
Investments through Portfolio Management Services ('PMS'):					
- Equity instruments (quoted)	-	-	939.99	939.99	939.99
Total Gross (A)	1,005.55	9,83,258.85	22,833.55	10,06,092.40	10,07,097.94
Investment outside India	-	-	-	-	-
Investment in India	1,005.55	9,83,258.85	22,833.55	10,06,092.40	10,07,097.94
Total Gross (B)	1,005.55	9,83,258.85	22,833.55	10,06,092.40	10,07,097.94
Less : Impairment loss allowance (C)	-	-	-	-	-
Total Net (D) = (A)-(C)	1,005.55	9,83,258.85	22,833.55	10,06,092.40	10,07,097.94

5 Investments (continued)

₹ lakhs

	Face value	As at 31 st March, 2025		As at 31 st March, 2024	
		Number	Amount	Number	Amount
(a) Investment in mutual funds					
(Measured at FVTPL)					
Aditya Birla Sunlife Corporate Bond Fund Growth		2,36,552	266.00	2,36,552	244.22
Aditya Birla Sun Life Nifty SDL Apr 2027 Index Fund Growth		68,67,478	834.52	68,67,478	770.72
Aditya Birla Sun Life Nifty SDL Plus PSU Bond Sep 2026 60:40 Index Fund		17,31,467	210.29	17,31,467	194.75
Axis Bluechip Fund Growth		3,20,410	210.38	3,20,410	199.33
Axis Banking & PSU Debt Fund Growth		10,853	288.44	10,853	266.32
Axis Dynamic Bond Fund Growth		18,21,738	580.71	18,21,738	532.27
Axis Liquid Fund Growth		10,682	308.02	10,682	286.67
Bandhan Nifty100 Low Volatility 30 Index Fund Growth		74,42,936	1,090.99	28,65,220	403.40
Bank of India Business Cycle Fund - Regular Plan - Growth		4,99,975	42.05	-	-
Bandhan Banking & PSU Debt Fund Growth		11,80,735	292.69	11,80,735	270.45
Bandhan Corporate Bond Fund Growth		4,71,120	91.17	4,71,120	83.96
Canara Robeco Blue Chip Equity Fund Growth		1,30,759	88.74	1,30,759	80.49
Canara Robeco Flexi Cap Fund Growth		3,46,415	1,199.22	2,25,234	721.54
HDFC Focused 30 Fund Growth		9,18,003	2,220.01	1,47,521	305.28
HDFC Long Duration Debt Fund Direct Growth		42,03,272	516.44	-	-
ICICI Prudential Value Discovery Fund Growth		1,01,799	488.05	70,578	303.92
ICICI Prudential Banking & PSU Fund Growth		5,77,894	192.87	5,77,894	177.87
ICICI Prudential Bluechip Fund Growth		-	-	5,17,418	542.25
ICICI Prudential Liquid Fund Growth		74,623	286.48	74,623	266.71
ICICI Prudential Multi Assets Fund Growth		3,577	28.26	3,577	24.76
ICICI Prudential Nifty 100 Low Volatility 30 ETF FOF Growth		23,12,985	397.17	23,12,985	381.17
ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund Nifty 100 Low Volatility 30 ETF		30,10,000	618.25	30,10,000	592.37

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

	₹ lakhs				
	Face value	As at 31 st March, 2025		As at 31 st March, 2024	
		Number	Amount	Number	Amount
ICICI Prudential Nifty PSU Bond Plus SDL Sep 2027 40:60 Index Fund Growth		48,56,739	590.73	48,56,739	545.16
ICICI Prudential Equity Saving Fund Growth		51,87,452	1,213.34	17,05,568	368.57
ICICI Prudential Value Discovery Fund Growth		99,451	476.79	6,069	26.13
Invesco India Opp. Fund Growth		1,55,231	159.36	7,00,636	619.85
Kotak Banking and PSU Debt Fund Growth		5,11,178	340.41	5,11,178	313.65
Kotak Emerging Equity Fund Growth		3,48,555	475.25	8,09,858	947.68
Kotak Equity Opportunities Fund Growth		76,009	270.50	76,009	246.46
Kotak NASDAQ 100 FOF Growth		16,72,877	277.07	16,72,877	258.62
Kotak Money Market Fund Direct Plan		14,897	662.20	-	-
Kotak Nifty SDL APR 2027 top 12 Equal Weight Index Fund Growth		29,93,623	360.47	29,93,623	332.44
HSBC Banking and PSU Debt Fund Growth		19,23,784	479.90	19,23,784	444.37
Mirae Asset S and P 500 Top 50 ETF Fund of Fund Growth		68,58,125	1,211.97	68,58,125	988.12
Mirae Assets Large Cap Fund Growth		-	-	6,01,059	645.17
Mirae Asset Midcap Fund Growth		28,99,906	979.67	28,99,906	926.31
Motilal Oswal Nasdaq 100 Fund of Fund Growth		15,80,512	607.20	15,80,512	503.81
Motilal Oswal S and P 500 Index Fund Growth		19,49,869	430.18	19,49,870	392.34
Nippon India Short Term Fund Growth		2,33,843	130.86	2,33,843	120.20
Nippon India ETF Nifty Sdl-2026 Maturity		1,83,800	236.81	1,83,800	219.95
Parag Parikh Flexi Cap Fund Growth		4,85,620	416.66	4,85,620	363.58
SBI Banking & Financial Services Fund Growth		54,36,127	2,338.66	4,60,838	166.99
Tata Large & Mid Cap Fund Growth		78,102	436.75	78,102	406.63
UTI Flexi Cap Fund Growth		69,742	224.59	69,742	200.81
UTI Nifty Index Fund Growth		-	-	7,59,142	1,162.51
UTI Nifty200 Momentum 30 Index Fund Growth		1,08,08,071	2,107.54	61,23,148	1,292.65
UTI Nifty Next 50 Index Fund Growth		20,60,921	478.09	40,60,621	902.32
			25,155.75		19,042.77

(b) Investment in equity instruments

Others, unquoted

(Non-trade, measured at FVTOCI)

Bombay Mercantile Co-op Bank Limited	30	1,666	0.45	1,666	-
CFL Capital Financial Services Limited (under liquidation)	10	2,46,00,921	-	2,46,00,921	-
Rado Tyres Limited	10	27,45,310	-	27,45,310	-
Gammon India Limited	2	1	0.00	-	-
Spencer & Co. Limited (paid up value Rs 9 per share)	10	44,64,576	14,417.90	44,64,576	8,354.11
			14,418.35		8,354.11

Quoted

(Measured at FVTOCI)

CEAT Limited	10	1,29,81,508	3,73,802.52	1,29,81,508	3,48,215.96
FGP Limited	10	17,13,898	154.08	17,13,898	112.09
Gammon India Limited	2	-	-	1	0.00
Harrisons Malayalam Limited	10	360	0.74	360	0.59
Hindustan Oil Exploration Company Limited	10	200	0.34	200	0.36
Jyoti Structures Limited	2	5	0.00	5	0.00
KEC International Limited	2	5,04,70,708	3,95,059.46	5,04,70,708	3,50,392.89
RPG Life Sciences Limited	8	996	22.72	996	15.22
State Bank of India	1	-	-	1	0.01
STEL Holdings Limited	10	24,83,701	9,520.02	24,83,701	7,949.08
Zensar Technologies Limited	2	4,42,05,778	3,09,816.18	4,42,05,778	2,68,218.54
			10,88,376.06		9,74,904.74

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

	₹ lakhs				
	Face value	As at 31 st March, 2025		As at 31 st March, 2024	
		Number	Amount	Number	Amount
(c) Investment in preference shares					
Quoted					
(Measured at FVTPL)					
16.46 % Non Convertible Preference Shares	7,500	660	4.96	660	4.96
Infrastructure Leasing & Financial Services Limited					
			4.96		4.96
(d) Investments in REIT					
Quoted					
(Measured at FVTPL)					
Embassy Office Parks REIT	100	32,200	117.69	32,200	119.01
India Grid Trust REIT	100	86,000	121.19	86,000	114.19
			238.88		233.21
(e) Investments through portfolio managers:					
(Measured at FVTPL)					
Equity instruments, quoted					
Amber Enterprises India Limited	10	618	44.56	-	-
Aditya Birla Real Estate Limited	10	1,488	29.16	-	-
Angel One Limited	10	1,009	23.34	1,009	30.72
Au Small Finance Bank Ltd	10	3,261	17.43	-	-
APL Apollo Tubes Limited	2	2,167	33.05	1,393	20.84
Bajaj Finance Ltd.	2	482	43.12	-	-
Bharti Airtel Ltd.	5	2,423	42.00	-	-
Bharat Dynamics Limited	2	2,275	29.15	-	-
Bharat Electronics Limited	1	-	-	17,754	35.77
Bharat Heavy Electricals Limited	2	16,547	35.81	19,451	48.10
Birla Soft Limited	2	-	-	4,211	31.25
BSE Limited	2	-	-	2,074	52.18
Blue Star Ltd	2	1,694	36.19	-	-
CG Power and Industrial Solutions Limited	2	7,362	47.01	5,266	28.48
Coforge Limikted	10	350	28.38	-	-
Deepak Nitrite Limited	2	-	-	1,499	31.86
Dixon Tcehnologies India Limited	2	134	17.66	-	-
Eternal Limited (former Zomato Limited)	1	18,659	37.64	35,579	64.79
Global Health Limited	2	-	-	3,298	43.57
Gujarat Flurochemicals Limited	1	673	27.07	-	-
Hero Motorcorp Limited	2	-	-	682	32.21
Honasa Consumer Limited	10	-	-	3,929	15.81
Hitachi Energy India Limited	2	295	37.33	-	-
IDFC First Bank Limited	10	-	-	41,105	30.99
Indian Hotels Company Limited	1	-	-	5,668	33.51
Indusind Bank Limited	10	-	-	2,504	38.89
Inox Wind Limited	10	18,818	30.68	6,174	32.20
Interglobe Aviation Limited	10	725	37.09	-	-
JSW Energy Limited	10	5,863	31.54	9,657	51.08
Kalyan Jewellers India Limited	10	7,114	33.24	7,074	30.26
L&T Technology Services Limited	2	-	-	563	30.87
Larsen & Toubro Limited.	2	-	-	978	36.81
Mahindra & Mahindra Financial Services Limited	2	-	-	8,059	22.47
Multicommodity Exchange of India	10	676	35.91	-	-
One 97 Communications Limited	1	-	-	8,767	35.30
Piramal Enterprises Limited	2	5,697	56.28	4,539	38.55
Premier Energies Limited	10	3,400	31.89	-	-
Prestige Estates Projects Limited	10	2,137	25.31	2,636	30.84
Polycab India Limited	10	472	24.30	-	-

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

₹ lakhs					
	Face value	As at 31 st March, 2025		As at 31 st March, 2024	
		Number	Amount	Number	Amount
R Shares Liquid Bess	1,000	1	0.01	1	0.01
Religare Enterprises Limited	10	-	-	8,397	17.57
Suzlon Energy Limited	2	74,642	42.28	48,330	19.56
State Bank Of India	1	-	-	4,005	30.14
Tech Mahindra Limited	1	-	-	2,032	25.36
Varun Beverages Limited	2	3,722	20.08	-	-
			897.51		939.99
(f) Investments in Bonds					
(Measured at Amortised Cost)					
Bajaj Finance Limited SR 286 TR 12 8 LOA Date 27FB26 FVRS10Lakh	10,00,000	50	501.51	50	501.51
Less : Premium Amortisation			(0.92)		
Tata Capital Financial Services Limited Sr P STRPP I 8.30 NCD 13MR26 FVRS1Lakh	1,00,000	500	504.04	500	504.04
Less : Premium Amortisation			(2.44)		-
8.75% Piramal Capital and Housing Finance Limited 25 May 2026	1,00,000	400	396.18		
Add : Amortisation of bond discount			0.92		
7.30 GOI 2053	100	15,00,000	1,570.20	-	-
Less : Premium Amortisation			(0.39)		
8.9267% Shriram Finance Ltd 20-Jul-2027	1,00,000	200	200.00	-	-
Shriram Finance Limited SR PPD XXI OP2 TR3	1,00,000	400	400.86	-	-
9.20 NCD 22MY26 FV Rs I Lac					
Less : Premium Amortisation			(0.27)		-
			3,569.69		1,005.55
(g) Investments through Venture Capital Fund					
(Measured at FVTPL)					
Alteria Capital Fund	100	3,54,587	327.56	4,79,306	478.44
3P India Equity Fund	100	14,88,368	2,188.52	10,42,454	1,389.44
Emerging India Credit Opportunities Fund	1,00,000	80	83.20	90	92.08
Avaana Sustainability Fund	1,000	8,236	81.10	4,444	32.42
Edelweiss Alternate Equity Scheme : Class A	100	5,63,919	183.76	6,04,079	191.15
Trifecta Venture Debt Fund	100	1,49,821	272.34	2,60,234	429.09
Peak Venture Advisors LLP	100	2,00,000	200.00		
			3,336.48		2,612.62
			11,35,997.68		10,07,097.94

6 Other financial assets

₹ lakhs		
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Interest accrued/receivable on FD, Bond and AIF	101.86	8.68
Dividend Receivable	0.19	-
Security deposit	0.10	0.10
Receivables from PMS/AIF/ Others	10.63	34.96
Receivable agaisnt Sale of Investments	1,169.13	-
Other Receivable	0.67	-
Advances	-	0.01
	1,282.58	43.75

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

7 Property, plant and equipment

	Computer	Office Equipment	Leasehold land	₹ lakhs Total
Gross block				
Balance as at 31 st March, 2023	6.76	3.51	16.55	26.81
Additions	3.00	1.00	2.41	6.40
Disposals	(6.62)	(1.33)	-	(7.95)
Balance as at 31 st March, 2024	3.13	3.18	18.95	25.26
Additions	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-18.95	(18.95)
Balance as at 31 st March, 2025	3.13	3.18	-	6.31
Accumulated depreciation				
Balance as at 31 st March, 2023	5.68	2.67	-	8.35
Depreciation charge for the year	1.26	1.02	-	2.28
Disposals	(6.55)	(1.33)	-	(7.88)
Balance as at 31 st March, 2024	0.39	2.36	-	2.75
Depreciation charge for the year	1.73	0.36	-	2.09
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 st March, 2025	2.11	2.72	-	4.84
Net block				
As at 31 st March, 2024	2.75	0.82	18.95	22.52
As at 31 st March, 2025	1.02	0.46	-	1.47

8 Other non-financial assets

	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024	₹ lakhs
Prepaid expenses	0.36	0.31	
Balances with government authorities	39.16	39.16	
	39.52	39.47	

9 Other financial liabilities

	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024	₹ lakhs
Advances against sale of leasehold land	-	190.00	
Advances against sale of securities	575.00	-	
Expenses payable	103.20	32.58	
	678.20	222.58	

10 Provisions

	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024	₹ lakhs
Provision for expenses	14.83	-	
for Employee Benefits			
Provision for gratuity	22.28	17.99	
Provision for compensated absences	8.73	7.32	
	45.84	25.31	

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

11 Deferred taxes

	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Deferred tax liability:		
Fair valuation on investments carried at FVTOCI	1,49,378.14	1,05,425.54
Fair valuation on investments carried at FVTPL	1,006.72	910.96
Deferred tax on bond interest difference	9.48	-
Total deferred tax liabilities	1,50,394.34	1,06,336.50
Deferred tax assets:		
Difference between written down value of Property, Plant and Equipment as per books of account and Income Tax Act, 1961	0.56	0.41
Provision for employee benefits	9.03	7.37
MAT credit entitlement	343.31	1,690.88
Total deferred tax assets	352.90	1,698.66
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	1,50,041.44	1,04,637.84

Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31st March, 2024:

	₹ lakhs			
	As at 1 st April, 2023	Statement of Profit or Loss	Other comprehensive Income	As at 31 st March, 2024
Deferred tax liabilities for taxable temporary differences on:				
Fair valuation on investments carried at FVTOCI	54,162.33	-	51,263.21	1,05,425.54
Fair valuation on investments carried at FVTPL	411.01	499.95	-	910.96
Total	54,573.34	499.95	51,263.21	1,06,336.50
Deferred tax assets for deductible temporary differences on:				
Difference between written down value of Property, Plant and Equipment as per books of account and Income Tax Act, 1961	(0.16)	0.57	-	0.41
Provision for employee benefits	10.33	(2.96)	-	7.37
MAT credit entitlement	1,689.93	0.95	-	1,690.88
Total	1,700.10	(1.44)	-	1,698.66
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	52,873.24	501.40	51,263.21	1,04,637.84

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025
Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31st March 2025

	As at 1 st April, 2024	Statement of Profit or Loss	Other comprehensive Income	As at 31 st March, 2025
Deferred tax liabilities for taxable temporary differences on:				
Fair valuation on investments carried at FVTOCI	1,05,425.54	-	43,952.60	1,49,378.14
Fair valuation on investments carried at FVTPL	910.96	95.76	-	1,006.72
Deferred tax on bond interest difference	-	9.48	-	9.48
Total	1,06,336.50	105.24	43,952.60	1,50,394.34
Deferred tax assets for deductible temporary differences on:				
Difference between written down value of Property, Plant and Equipment as per books of account and Income Tax Act, 1961	0.41	0.15	-	0.56
Provision for employee benefits	7.37	1.66	-	9.03
MAT credit entitlement	1,690.88	(1,347.57)	-	343.31
Total	1,698.66	(1,345.76)	-	352.90
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	1,04,637.84	1,451.00	43,952.60	1,50,041.44

12 Other non-financial liabilities

	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Statutory dues	3.29	1.72
Other Payable	19.09	-
Sales tax payable	253.46	253.46
	275.84	255.18

13 Share capital

Note 1 : Disclosure pursuant to Note no. S (a, b, c & d) of Division III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

(Share Capital authorised, issued, subscribed and paid up)

	₹ lakhs					
Particulars of Share Capital	Equity Share Capital (Face Value ₹ 10 each)		Preference Share Capital (Face Value ₹ 100 each)		Preference Share Capital (Face Value ₹ 10 each)	
Authorised Share Capital						
At 01 st April, 2023	14,20,00,000	14,200.00	25,00,000	2,500.00	1,50,00,000	1,500.00
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 st March, 2024	14,20,00,000	14,200.00	25,00,000	2,500.00	1,50,00,000	1,500.00
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 st March, 2025	14,20,00,000	14,200.00	25,00,000	2,500.00	1,50,00,000	1,500.00
Issued Share Capital						
At 01 st April, 2023	1,09,01,987	1,090.20	-	-	-	-
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 st March, 2024	1,09,01,987	1,090.20	-	-	-	-
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 st March, 2025	1,09,01,987	1,090.20	-	-	-	-

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

₹ lakhs

Particulars of Share Capital	Equity Share Capital (Face Value ₹ 10 each)		Preference Share Capital (Face Value ₹ 100 each)		Preference Share Capital (Face Value ₹ 10 each)	
Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital						
At 01st April, 2023	1,09,01,781	1,090.18	-	-	-	-
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31st March, 2024	1,09,01,781	1,090.18	-	-	-	-
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31st March, 2025	1,09,01,781	1,090.18	-	-	-	-

Note 2: Disclosure pursuant to Note no. S(e) of Divison III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

Terms and rights attached to equity shares

Equity Shares: The Company has issued one class of equity shares having face value of Rs. 10/- per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held.

The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors, if any, is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of Interim Dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

The shareholders have all other rights as available to the Equity Shareholders as per the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 read together with the Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association of the Company, as applicable.

Note 3 : Disclosure pursuant to Note no. S(f) of Divison III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

(i) Swallow Associates LLP is directly holding more than 50% of total paid up share capital of the Company.

Note 4 : Disclosure pursuant to Note no. S(g) of Divison III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

(shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company)

Name of the Shareholder	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Number of Shares	% of Holding	Number of Shares	% of Holding
Swallow Associates LLP	76,93,928	70.57%	76,93,928	70.57%

Note 5 : Disclosures pursuant to Note no. S(h), (i), (j), (k) and (l) of Divison III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company and hence not given.

Note 6 : Disclosures pursuant to Note no. S(m) of Divison III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

Capital Management

The objective of the Group's Capital Management is to ensure that the investment's made are to enhance share holder value and results in healthy capital ratio, growth and continuity of business. No changes have been made to the objectives, policies and processes from the previous years.

Note 7 : Disclosures pursuant to Note no. S(n) of Divison III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 as on 31st March 2025

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(Shareholding of Promoters)

Sr. No.	Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
I Promoter				
1	Harsh Vardhan Goenka	18,311	0.17%	-
II Promoter Group				
1	Swallow Associates LLP	76,93,928	70.57%	-
2	Carniwal Investments Ltd	3,54,159	3.25%	-
3	STEL Holdings Ltd	69,815	0.64%	-
4	Sofreal Mercantrade Pvt Ltd	10	0.00%	-
5	Atlantus Dwellings & Infrastructure LLP	10	0.00%	-
6	Chattarpati Apartments LLP	10	0.00%	-
7	Ektara Enterprises LLP	10	0.00%	-
8	Malabar Coastal Holdings LLP	10	0.00%	-
9	Vayu Associates LLP (formerly Vayu Udaan Aircraft LLP)	10	0.00%	-
10	Anant Vardhan Goenka	1,318	0.01%	-
11	Late Rama Prasad Goenka	211	0.00%	-
12	Mala Goenka	10	0.00%	-
13	Radha Anant Goenka	10	0.00%	-
14	Harsh Vardhan Goenka, Trustee of Nucleus Life Trust	1	0.00%	-
15	Harsh Vardhan Goenka, Trustee of Secura India Trust	2	0.00%	-
16	Harsh Vardhan Goenka, Trustee of Prism Estates Trust	1	0.00%	-
17	Anant Vardhan Goenka, Trustee of AVG Family Trust	10	0.00%	-
18	Anant Vardhan Goenka, Trustee of RG Family Trust	10	0.00%	-
19	Harsh Vardhan Goenka, Trustee of Navya Goenka Trust	10	0.00%	-
20	Harsh Vardhan Goenka, Trustee of Ishaan Goenka Trust	10	0.00%	-
Total		81,37,866	74.65%	-

14 Other equity

		₹ lakhs	
		As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
(i)	General reserve		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	36,710.33	36,710.33
	Addition during the year	-	-
	Balance at the end of the year	36,710.33	36,710.33
(ii)	Statutory reserves (in terms of Section 45-IC(1) of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934)		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	12,459.80	10,945.28
	Addition during the year	1,371.92	1,514.52
	Balance at the end of the year	13,831.72	12,459.80
(iii)	Capital redemption reserve		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	1.00	1.00
	Addition during the year	-	-
	Balance at the end of the year	1.00	1.00

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
(iv) Capital reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,809.07	1,809.07
Addition during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	1,809.07	1,809.07
(v) Retained earnings		
Balance at the beginning of the year	42,127.08	36,068.53
Add: Profit for the year	6,859.57	7,573.02
<u>Item of other comprehensive income recognised directly in retained earnings</u>		
On realised profit transfer to Retained earnings	-	0.06
De-recognition of Subsidiary	1,561.41	-
Appropriations:		
Transfer to Reserve fund in terms of Section 45-IC(1) of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	(1,371.92)	(1,514.52)
Balance at the end of the year	49,176.14	42,127.08
Other comprehensive income		
Balance at the beginning of the year	8,08,411.74	4,23,957.83
Addition during the year	75,581.78	3,84,453.97
Less : Items recognised directly in Retained earnings	0.00	(0.06)
Balance at the end of the year	8,83,993.52	8,08,411.74
	9,85,521.79	9,01,519.04
Non Controlling Interest	-	-
	-	-
	9,85,521.79	9,01,519.04

Nature and purpose of each reserve:**General reserve**

General reserve is created from time to time by way of transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes. General reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income.

Securities premium

The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in Securities Premium.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings are the profits that the Group has earned till date, less any transfer to general reserves.

Statutory reserves

The Group is required to create a reserve in accordance with the provisions of Section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly 20% of the profits after tax for the year is transferred to this reserve at the end of every reporting period.

Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)

This represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on the revaluation of financial instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, under an irrevocable option, net of amounts reclassified to Retained earnings when such assets are disposed off, if any.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

15 Interest income

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
(on financial assets measured at amortised cost)	60.02	85.64
Interest on deposit with banks	171.92	47.08
Interest on Bonds	(3.11)	-
Less : Premium Amortisation		
(on financial assets measured at FVTPL)	76.31	116.86
Interest income on AIF	11.76	5.83
Interest Income on REIT		
	316.90	255.42

16 Dividend income

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Dividend income on investments	9,900.45	5,512.20
	9,900.45	5,512.20
On Investment measured at FVTPL	8.49	8.86
On Investment measured at FVTOCI	9,891.96	5,503.34
	9,900.45	5,512.20

17 Net gain on fair value changes

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Net gain on financial instruments at FVTPL		
- mutual funds, preference shares, MLD, REIT & AIF Fund	1,656.94	4,157.62
- equity shares through PMS	28.27	297.60
	1,685.21	4,455.22
Fair value changes:		
- Realised mutual fund, preference share, mld, reit & venture capital fund	2,359.71	941.66
- Unrealised mutual fund, preference share, mld, reit & venture capital fund	(702.77)	3,215.96
- Realised equity shares through PMS	178.88	233.63
- Unrealised equity shares through PMS	(150.61)	63.97
	1,685.21	4,455.22

18 Other income

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Miscellaneous income	0.38	1.08
	0.38	1.08

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

19 Employee benefits expenses

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Salaries	163.66	155.78
Staff welfare expense	5.57	5.80
	169.23	161.59

20 Depreciation

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Depreciation on Property, plant and equipment (refer note 7)	2.09	2.28
	2.09	2.28

21 Other Expenses

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Rent, taxes and energy cost	7.14	8.23
Repairs and maintenance - Others	4.94	6.29
Communication costs	5.91	6.26
Printing and stationery	1.25	1.24
Advertisement and publicity	1.33	2.85
Directors fees	2.19	2.49
Auditor fees and expenses	9.38	9.22
Legal and professional expenses	88.59	64.10
Insurance	0.80	0.83
Investment expenses	148.76	100.45
Listing and custodian fees	11.19	11.35
Corporate social responsibility (CSR) expenses	0.29	0.18
Miscellaneous expenses	20.53	9.94
	302.29	223.43
Auditor fees and expenses:		
- Statutory audit	4.07	3.89
- Other services	3.42	3.49
- Certification Fees	1.24	0.94
- Reimbursement of Expenses	0.65	0.89
	9.38	9.22

Undisclosed Income

There are no transactions which are not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessment under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual currency during the year.

22 Tax expense

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Current tax	1,759.00	1,762.64
Deferred tax	103.44	502.34
MAT credit entitlement/utilised	1,347.58	(0.95)
Tax adjustments in respect of earlier years	(23.09)	(0.43)
	3,186.93	2,263.59

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expense based on the domestic tax rate of 29.12% and 29.12% for financial year ended 31st March, 2025 and 31st March, 2024 respectively and the reported tax expense in Statement of profit and loss are as follows:

(a) Reconciliation of Current tax expenses:

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Profit before tax	10,046.50	9,836.62
Enacted tax rates in India (%)	29.12%	29.12%
Computed tax expense	2,925.54	2,864.43
Effect of prior period taxes	(23.09)	(0.43)
Others	284.48	(600.40)
Total income tax expense as per the Statement of profit and loss	3,186.93	2,263.61
Effective Tax Rate	31.72%	23.01%

23 Current tax assets:

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Opening balance	6.50	5.33
Add: During the year	22.20	3.06
	28.70	8.39

24 Earnings per share (EPS)

	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders		
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders (in ₹ lakhs) (A)	6,859.57	7,573.02
Face value of equity share (₹)	10.00	10.00
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding (B)	1,09,01,781	1,09,01,781
Basic earnings per share (₹) (A/B)	62.92	69.47
Diluted earnings per share (₹) (A/B)	62.92	69.47

25 Contingent liabilities and commitments

	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
(a) Contingent liabilities (not provided for)		
Civil suits	125.31	140.14
(b) Capital commitments		
Capital commitments towards investments	537.38	310.21

26 Employee benefits expenses

(a) Defined benefits plans - Gratuity (unfunded)

Gratuity plan is a defined benefit plan that provides for lump sum gratuity payment to employees made at the time of their exit by the way of retirement (on superannuation or otherwise), death or disability. The benefits are defined on the basis of their final salary and period of service and such benefits paid under the plan is not subject to the ceiling limit specified in the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Liability as on the Balance Sheet date is provided based on actuarial valuation done by a certified actuary using projected unit credit method.

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Aforesaid defined benefit plans typically expose the Company to actuarial risks such as pay as you go risk, salary risk, investment risk and longevity risk.

Pay as you go risk	For unfunded schemes, financial planning could be difficult as the benefits payable will directly affect the revenue and this could be widely fluctuating from year to year. Moreover there may be an opportunity cost of better investment returns affecting adversely the cost of the scheme.
Salary risk	The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.
Investment risk	The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds.
Longevity risk	The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality plan of the participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

The following tables summarise the components of defined benefit expense recognised in the Statement of profit or loss/OCI and amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet for the respective plan:

	₹ lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
(i) Change in projected benefit obligation		
Projected benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	17.99	28.33
Current service costs	1.81	1.63
Interest costs	1.29	2.12
Benefit paid	-	(15.44)
Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from change in financial assumption	0.55	0.43
Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from experience adjustments	0.63	0.92
Projected benefit obligation at the end of the year	22.27	17.99
(ii) Expenses charged to the Statement of profit and loss		
- Current service costs	6.33	1.63
- Interest costs	15.57	2.12
	21.90	3.76
(iii) Components of net cost charged taken to Other comprehensive income		
Actuarial (gain)/loss arising on liability	1.18	1.34
(iv) Key actuarial assumptions		
Discount rate	6.90%	7.25%
Salary growth rate	8.00%	8.00%
Retirement age	58 years	58 years
	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
Mortality rate:		
Less than 30 years	2%	2%
31-44 years	2%	2%
45 years and above	2%	2%

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(vi) Sensitivity analysis

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is as shown below:

Particulars	Year ended 31 st March, 2025	Year ended 31 st March, 2024
DBO with discount rate + 1%	(1.72)	(1.37)
DBO with discount rate - 1%	1.99	1.62
DBO with + 1% salary escalation	1.94	1.59
DBO with - 1% salary escalation	(1.71)	(1.37)
DBO with + 1% withdrawal rate	(0.15)	(0.11)
DBO with - 1% withdrawal rate	0.17	0.12

Methods and assumptions used in preparing sensitivity analysis and their limitations:

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability recognised in the Balance Sheet.

(vii) Expected Group Contribution in next year	1.81	1.65
--	------	------

(viii) Maturity analysis of the benefit payments:

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Year 1	6.10	5.42
Year 2	0.20	0.15
Year 3	0.21	0.17
Year 4	0.24	0.18
Year 5	0.26	0.20
Year 6 to 10	10.05	1.35

(b) Compensated Absences

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Present value of unfunded obligation	8.73	7.32
Expenses recognised in Statement of profit and loss	1.33	1.81
Discount rate (p.a)	6.90%	7.25%
Salary escalation rate (p.a)	8%	8%

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

27 Related party disclosures

Information on related party transactions as required by Ind AS 24, Related Party Disclosures, for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Relationship

- (i) **Holding**
Swallow Associates LLP
- (ii) **Subsidiaries of Company (Control exist)**
Instant Holdings Limited
Sudarshan Electronics & T.V. Limited (till 07th May 2024)
- (iii) **Non-Executive Directors**

Key person	Designation
Ramesh D Chandak	Director
Hari Narain Singh Rajpoot	Director
Hemendra Chimanlal Dalal	Director (till 27th September 2024)
Prem Kapil	Director (till 27th September 2024)
Abhay Vasant Nerurakar	Director
Shweta Ratnakar Musale	Director
Manish Jain	Director
Rohin Feroze Bomanji	Director (w.e.f. 01st August 2024)
Sunil Kumar Tamhane	Director (w.e.f. 16th September 2024)

(iv) **Key Managerial Personnel ('KMP')**

Key person	Designation
Paras Mal Rakhecha	Chief Financial Officer (till 29th February, 2024)
Anand Rath	Chief Financial Officer (w.e.f 01st March, 2024)
Jiya Gangwani	Company Secretary
Arvind Dhumal	Manager

₹ lakhs

Name of the Party/Nature of Transaction	Year Ended 31 st March, 2025	Year Ended 31 st March, 2024
Key Managerial Personnel		
Remuneration (includes post employee benefits)*	122.48	122.17
Sitting fees (exclusive of GST)	1.86	2.11

All transaction with these related parties are priced on an arm's length basis.

*excluding reimbursement done on actual basis

28 Disclosure as per clause 34(3), clause 53 (f) and Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended:

(a) **Loans to Subsidiaries : Nil**

(b) **Investments (numbers of shares) in the Company and its subsidiary:**

Name of the Company	Investments by	No. of shares held as on	
		As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Instant Holdings Limited	Summit Securities Limited	47,13,895	47,13,895

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

29 Fair value measurement

(a) Category wise classification of financial instruments

Particulars	Note	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
A. Financial assets:			
Carried at cost			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	259.91	331.63
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	4	43.43	206.43
Investments	5	3,569.69	1,005.55
Other financial assets	6	1,282.58	43.75
		5,155.61	1,587.36
Carried at FVTPL			
Investments	5	29,633.58	22,833.54
		29,633.58	22,833.54
Carried at FVTOCI			
Investments in equity instruments	5	11,02,794.41	9,83,258.85
		11,02,794.41	9,83,258.85
		11,37,583.60	10,07,679.76
Disclosure with respects to Sale of Investment in Equity Instrument measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income during the reporting period:			
(i) Reason for disposal of Investment		Diversified	Diversified
(ii) Fair Value of Investment at the date of derecognition		0.02	0.10
(iii) Cumulative gain/loss on disposal		0.00	0.06
B. Financial liabilities			
Measured at cost			
Other financial liabilities	9	678.20	222.58
		678.20	222.58

(b) Fair value hierarchy

The Group determines fair values of its financial instruments according to the following hierarchy:

Level 1: Valuation based on quoted market price: Financial instruments with quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets that the Group can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Valuation based on using observable inputs: Financial instruments with quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in inactive markets and financial instruments valued using models where all significant inputs are observable.

Level 3: Valuation technique with significant unobservable inputs: – financial instruments valued using valuation techniques where one or more significant inputs are unobservable.

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Level 1 (Quoted prices in active market)		
Financial assets measured at FVTOCI		
Investments in quoted equity instruments	10,88,376.06	9,74,904.74
Financial assets measured at FVTPL		
Investments in mutual funds	25,155.75	19,042.77
Investments in quoted equity instruments	897.51	939.99
Investments in REIT	238.88	233.21

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Level 3 (Significant observable inputs)		
Financial assets measured at FVTOCI		
Investments in unquoted equity instruments	14,418.35	8,354.11
Financial assets measured at FVTPL		
Investments in Preference Shares	4.96	4.96
Investments in Venture capital funds	3,336.48	2,612.62
	11,32,427.99	10,06,092.39

Reconciliation of fair value of measurement categorised within level 3 of the value hierarchy

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
	₹ lakhs	
Opening Fair value	10,971.68	5,498.29
Purchase/Sales of Financial Instruments	636.53	796.34
Change in Fair value during the year - PL	87.33	1,086.50
Change in Fair value during the year - OCI	6,064.24	3,590.55
Closing Fair value	17,759.79	10,971.68

Financial Instruments measured at Fair value - Level III

Type	Valuation Technique	Significant Observable Input	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Investment in unquoted equity shares	Adjusted NAV (Net Asset Value) method. Adjusted NAV method involves determination of fair values of asset/ liability/ business based on its book value with appropriate relevant adjustments.	Not applicable	Not applicable
Investment in Venture Capital Fund	Investments in venture capital funds are valued by use of statement of accounts received from the investee parties.	Not applicable	Not applicable

(c) Fair value of assets and liabilities measured at cost/amortised cost

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are a reasonable approximation of their fair values since the Group does not anticipate that the carrying amount would be significantly different from the values that would be eventually received or settled. Management assessed that fair values of cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, loans, other financial assets and other financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts of these instruments.

30 Financial risk management

The Company is a Non-Deposit taking Non-Banking Financial Company registered with the Reserve Bank of India (the 'RBI') (classified as Middle Layer). On account of its business activities it is exposed to various financial risks associated with financials products such as credit or default risk, market risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and inflationary risk. However, the Group has a robust financial risk management system in place to identify, evaluate, manage and mitigate various risks associated with its financial products to ensure that desired financial objectives are met. The Group senior management is responsible for establishing and monitoring the risk management framework within its overall risk management objectives and strategies. Such risk management

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

strategies and objectives are established to identify and analyse potential risks faced by the Company, set and monitor appropriate risk limits and controls, periodically review the changes in market conditions and assess risk management performance.

(a) Credit risk

This risk is common to all investors who invest in bonds and debt instruments and it refers to a situation where a particular bond issuer is unable to make the expected principal payments, interest rate payments, or both. Similarly, a lender bears the risk that the borrower may default in the payment of contractual interest or principal on its debt obligations, or both. The entity continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

Financial instruments

Risk concentration is minimized by investing in highly rated, investment in debt instruments. These investments are reviewed by the Board of Directors on a regular basis.

The Group has categorised all its financial assets at low credit risks on account of no past trends of defaults by any parties. Therefore, the provision for expected credit loss has been made as per the Reserve Bank of India's prudential norms at 0.4% of the loan assets (which are not credit impaired).

Nature	Assets covered	Basis of expected credit loss
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances, Loans, Investments, Other financial assets	Life time expected credit loss or 12 months expected credit loss
Moderate credit risk	-	-
High credit risk	-	-

Financial assets that are exposed to credit risk*

Particulars	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Low credit risk		
Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances	303.34	538.06
Investments	3,569.69	1,005.55
Other financial assets	1,282.58	43.75
Moderate credit risk	-	-
High credit risk	5,155.61	1,587.36

(*at gross carrying values)

Expected credit losses for financial assets:

As at 31st March, 2025:

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	₹ lakhs	
			Carrying amount net of impairment provision	
Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances	303.34	-	303.34	
Investments	3,569.69	-	3,569.69	
Other financial assets	1,282.58	-	1,282.58	

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025As at 31st March, 2024:

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	₹ lakhs
			Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances	538.06	-	538.06
Investments	1,005.55	-	1,005.55
Other financial assets	43.75	-	43.75

(b) Market risk:

Market risk is a form of systematic risk associated with the day-to-day fluctuation in the market prices of shares and securities and such market risk affects all securities and investors in the same manner. These daily price fluctuations follows its own broad trends and cycles and are more news and transaction driven rather than fundamentals and many a times, it may affect the returns from an investment. Market risks majorly comprises of two types - interest rate risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risks include borrowings and investments.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is a type of systematic risk that particularly affects fixed rate debt instruments like bonds and debentures. The value of the fixed-rate debt instruments generally decline due to rise in interest rates and vice versa. The rationale is that a bond is a promise of a future stream of payments; an investor will offer less for a bond that pays-out at a rate lower than the rates offered in the current market. A rising interest rate scenario also affects the Group's interest expenditure on borrowed funds.

a. Borrowings

Particulars	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Borrowings at variable interest rate	-	-
Borrowings at fixed interest rate	-	-
Total Borrowings	-	-

Percentage of borrowings at variable interest rate	0.00%	0.00%
---	--------------	--------------

Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market traded price. It arises from financial assets such as investments in equity instruments, bonds, mutual funds etc. The Group is exposed to price risk arising mainly from investments carried at fair value through FVTPL or FVTOCI which are valued using quoted prices in active markets (level 1 investments). A sensitivity analysis demonstrating the impact of change in market prices of these instruments from the prices existing as at the reporting date is given below:

Particulars	₹ lakhs	
	Carrying value as at	
	31 st March, 2025	31 st March, 2024
Investments carried at FVTPL or FVTOCI valued using quoted prices in active market	11,14,668.20	9,95,120.70

Particulars	Sensitivity analysis on total comprehensive income upon fluctuation of market prices	
	Increase by 10%	Decrease by 10%
Impact on total comprehensive income for year ended 31 st March, 2025	1,11,466.82	(1,11,466.82)
Impact on total comprehensive income for year ended 31 st March, 2024	99,512.07	(99,512.07)

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(c) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity refers to the readiness of the Group to sell and realise its financial assets. Liquidity risk is one of the most critical risk factors for companies which is into the business of investments in shares and securities. It is the risk of not being able to realise the true price of a financial asset, or is not being able to sell the financial asset at all because of non-availability of buyers.

The Group maintains a well-diversified portfolio of investments in shares and securities which are saleable at any given point of time. A dedicated team of market experts are monitoring the markets on a continuous basis, which advises the management for timely purchase or sale of securities. The Group is currently having a mix of both short-term and long-term investments.

The following table shows the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts reported are on gross and undiscounted basis.

Particulars	₹ lakhs			
	Less than 1 year	Between 1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
As at 31st March, 2025				
Other financial liabilities	678.20	-	-	678.20
	678.20	-	-	678.20
As at 31st March, 2024				
Other financial liabilities	222.58	-	-	222.58
	222.58	-	-	222.58

(d) Inflationary risk:

Inflationary or purchasing power risk refers to the variation in investor returns caused by inflation. It is the risk that results in increase of the prices of goods and services which results in decrease of purchasing power of money, and likely negatively impact the value of investments. The two important sources of inflation are rising costs of production and excess demand for goods and services in relation to their supply. Inflation and interest rate risks are closely related as interest rates generally go up with inflation.

The Group closely monitors the inflation data and analyses the reasons for wide fluctuations thereof and its effect on various sectors and businesses. The main objective is to avoid inflationary risk and accordingly invest in securities and debt instruments that provides higher returns as compared to the inflation in long-term.

31 Capital management

For the purpose of Group's capital management, capital includes issued equity share capital, other equity reserves and borrowed capital less cash and cash equivalents. The primary objective of capital management is to maintain an efficient capital structure to reduce the cost of capital, support corporate expansion strategies and to maximize shareholder's value.

The entity manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the entity may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The entity monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Group's policy is to keep an optimum gearing ratio. The entity includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

Following table summarizes the capital structure of the Group.

Particulars	₹ lakhs	
	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024
Borrowings	-	-
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (including other bank balances)	303.34	538.06
Adjusted net debt	(303.34)	(538.06)
Total Equity (*)	9,86,611.97	9,02,609.22
Net debt to equity ratio	(0.00)	(0.01)
(*includes capital and all reserves that are managed as capital)		

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

32 Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

₹ lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2025			As at 31 st March, 2024		
	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
ASSETS						
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	259.91	-	259.91	331.63	-	331.63
Other bank balances	43.43	-	43.43	206.43	-	206.43
Investments	553.44	11,35,444.24	11,35,997.68	4.96	10,07,092.98	10,07,097.94
Other financial assets	1,282.58	-	1,282.58	43.75	-	43.75
	2,139.36	11,35,444.24	11,37,583.60	586.77	10,07,092.98	10,07,679.75
Non-financial Assets						
Current tax assets (net)	-	28.70	28.70	-	8.39	8.39
Property, plant and equipment	-	1.47	1.47	-	22.52	22.52
Other non-financial assets	0.36	39.16	39.52	0.31	39.16	39.47
	0.36	69.33	69.69	0.31	70.07	70.38
Total Assets	2,139.72	11,35,513.57	11,37,653.29	587.08	10,07,163.05	10,07,750.13
LIABILITIES						
Financial Liabilities						
Other financial liabilities	678.20	-	678.20	32.58	190.00	222.58
	678.20	-	678.20	32.58	190.00	222.58
Non-Financial Liabilities						
Provisions	-	45.84	45.84	-	25.31	25.31
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	-	1,50,041.44	1,50,041.44	-	1,04,637.84	1,04,637.84
Other non-financial liabilities	22.38	253.46	275.84	1.72	253.46	255.18
	22.38	1,50,340.74	1,50,363.12	1.72	1,04,916.61	1,04,918.33
Total liabilities	700.58	1,50,340.74	1,51,041.32	34.30	1,05,106.61	1,05,140.91
Net Equity (Balancing Figure)	1,439.14	9,85,172.83	9,86,611.97	552.78	9,02,056.44	9,02,609.22
Total liabilities and equity	2,139.72	11,35,513.57	11,37,653.29	587.08	10,07,163.05	10,07,750.13

33 Disclosure pursuant to Ind-AS 7, Statement of Cash Flows - Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities - Nil

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

34 Disclosure of additional information pertaining to the Parent Company, and its subsidiaries as per Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

Name of the entity in the Group	As at 31 st March, 2025						₹ lakhs	
	Net Assets i.e., total assets minus total liabilities		Share in profit or loss		Share in other comprehensive income		Year ended 31 st March, 2025	
	As % of Consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of Consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	Share in total comprehensive income	Amount
Parent Company: Summit Securities Limited	41.73%	4,28,518.50	44.76%	3,070.13	47.04%	35,557.25	46.85%	38,627.38
Subsidiary Companies: Instant Holdings Limited	58.27%	5,98,362.71	55.24%	3,789.44	52.96%	40,024.53	53.15%	43,813.97
Sudarshan Electronics and T.V. Limited (till 07th May 2024)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Name of the entity in the Group	Year ended 31 st March, 2024						₹ lakhs	
	Net Assets i.e., total assets minus total liabilities		Share in profit or loss		Share in other comprehensive income		Year ended 31 st March, 2024	
	As % of Consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of Consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	Share in total comprehensive income	Amount
Parent Company: Summit Securities Limited	41.28%	3,89,891.12	46.38%	3,512.11	38.23%	1,46,961.62	38.38%	1,50,473.73
Subsidiary Companies: Instant Holdings Limited	58.71%	5,54,548.74	53.62%	4,060.48	61.77%	2,37,491.16	61.62%	2,41,551.64
Sudarshan Electronics and T.V. Limited	0.01%	48.63	0.01%	0.43	0.00%	1.20	0.00%	1.64

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

35 The Company does not exercise any control and does not have significant influence over CEAT Limited, and Spencer & Co Limited. Hence these entities are not considered as associates of the Company as per Ind AS 28, Investments in Associates. The Investments have been accounted for as per Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments.

36 On 23rd April, 2024, the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Instant Holdings Limited (IHL) has entered into a MOU to sell its entire shareholding in its step-down subsidiary, Sudarshan Electronics and TV Limited (SETVL), inter alia to conclusion of a Share Purchase Agreement (SPA). The SPA has since been entered into, on 07th May, 2024. Post the aforesaid SPA, SETVL ceased to be a subsidiary of IHL and the Company.

37 Segment reporting

As per the requirement of Ind AS 108, Operating Segments, based on evaluation of financial information for allocation of resources and assessing performance, the Group identified as single segments, i.e., holding and investing with focus on earning income through dividends, interest and gains from investments. Accordingly, there are no separate reportable segments as per the Standard.

38 Other Regulatory Information:

- (i) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- (ii) The Company does not have any transactions with struck off Companies.
- (iii) The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- (iv) The Company has not advanced or given loan or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (v) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall:
 - (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (vi) The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
 - (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (vii) The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- (viii) There are no charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

39 Based on the information available with the Company and has been relied upon by the auditors, none of the suppliers have confirmed to be registered under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development ('MSMED') Act, 2006". Accordingly, no disclosure relating to principal amounts unpaid together with interest paid/payable are required to be furnished.

40 No significant adjusting event occurred between balance sheet date and the date of the approval of these standalone financial statements by the Board of Directors requiring adjustments on disclosures.

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

41 Enhancing Accountability and Transparency: Implementation of Audit Trail

The group had implemented an audit trail system within our software which has impact on books of accounts with effect from 1st April 2023. This implementation underscores our commitment to transparency, accountability, and data integrity. Audit trail has been implemented for all transactions recorded in the software throughout the year. By capturing and documenting critical events and activities within our systems, we ensure a comprehensive record that enhances security, facilitates compliance, and supports effective decision-making. In addition, audit trail data is preserved in the system as per statutory requirement for record retention. The group dedication to maintain a robust audit trail reflects ongoing efforts to uphold the highest standards of governance and security across all aspects of business operations.

42 Backup Schedule and Data Preservation

The group follows a well-defined backup schedule and data preservation protocol to ensure the integrity and availability of critical information assets. Regular and systematic backups are conducted to protect against potential data loss or corruption. This proactive approach ensures that vital data remains secure and accessible in the event of unforeseen incidents.

43 Amount shown as ₹ 0.00 represents amount below ₹ 500 (Rupees Five Hundred).

44 Figures of the previous year have been regrouped wherever necessary.

Signatures to Notes 1 to 44

D M K H & Co
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 116886W
by the hand of

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Summit Securities Limited

Parin Shah
Partner
Membership No. 606667

H N Singh Rajpoot
Director
DIN: 00080836

A.V. Nerurkar
Director
DIN: 00045309

Place: Mumbai
Date: 05th May, 2025

Arvind Dhumal
Manager

Anand Rathi
Chief Financial Officer

Jiya Gangwani
Company Secretary

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

PART-"A"-Subsidiaries

Form AOC-1 (Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of Section 129 read with Rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rule, 2014
Statement containing salient features of the financial statements of subsidiaries or associate companies or joint ventures as per Companies Act, 2013

₹ lakhs															
Sr. No	Name of Subsidiary Companies	Reporting Currency	Share Capital	Reserve & Surplus	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Investments	Turnover/ Total Income	Profit Before Taxation	Tax Expenses	Profit After Taxation	Other Comprehensive Income	Total Comprehensive Income	Proposed Dividend	% of Shareholding
1	Instant Holdings Limited	INR	471.39	5,98,362.71	6,87,135.84	88,773.13	6,86,911.10	7,283.19	5,706.04	1,916.61	3,789.44	40,024.53	43,813.97	-	100%
2	Sudarshan Electronics and T.V. Limited (till 07th May 2024)	INR	-	-	-	-	-	0.31	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%

Note : There are no subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations or liquidated. On April 23, 2024, the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Instant Holdings Limited (IHL) had entered into an MOU to sell its entire shareholding in its subsidiary, Sudarshan Electronics and TV Limited (SETVL), inter alia to conclusion of a Share Purchase Agreement (SPA). The SPA had been entered into, on May 07, 2024. Post the aforesaid SPA, SETVL ceased to be a subsidiary of IHL and the Company.

PART-"B"- Associates and Joint Ventures
Statement pursuant to Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 Related to Associate Company and Joint Ventures

Sr. No.	Name of Associate Companies	Shares of Associates held by Company on year end				Networth Attributable to shareholding as per latest Audited Balance Sheet	Profit/Loss for the year			Reason why the associates is not consolidated
		Latest Audited Balance Sheet Date	Nos.	Amount of Investment in Associates*	Extent of Holding (%)		Considered in Consolidation	Not Considered in Consolidation	Description of how there is significant influence	
1	CEAT Limited	31.03.2025	1,29,81,508	3,73,802.52	32.09%	-	-	15,127.51	Not Applicable	Refer Note 3
2	Spencer & Co Limited	31.03.2024	44,64,576	14,417.90	40.83%	-	-	6,240.91	Not Applicable	Refer Note 3

(*Market value/Fair Value of Associates are mentioned)

Note:

- There are no associates which are yet to commence operations or liquidated or sold during the year.
- The Company along with its subsidiary Instant Holdings Limited holds more than 20% of the total share capital of CEAT Limited and Spencer and Company Limited.
- The Company does not exercise any control and does not have significant influence over CEAT Limited, and Spencer and Company Limited. Hence these entities are not considered as associates of the Company as per Ind AS 28, Investments in Associates. The Investments have been accounted for as per Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Summit Securities Limited

A.V. Nerurkar
Director
DIN: 00045309
Jiya Gangwani
Company Secretary

H N Singh Rajpoot
Director
DIN: 00080836
Anand Rath
Chief Financial Officer

Arvind Dhumal
Manager

Place: Mumbai
Date: 05th May, 2025

